Response by Kibble Education and Care Centre ("Kibble") to the request made in terms of Section 21 of the Inquiries Act 2005 by the Scottish Child Abuse Inquiry

1. Response to paragraph 1 of the Section 21 Request.

A Report addressing the following in relation to Kibble Education and Care ("the Organisation") policies and procedures in respect of migration of children whose care originated in Scotland for the period 1 January 1900 and 17 December 2014:

- a) What policies and/or procedures did the organisation and its establishment(s) have in place in relation to child migration?
 - Following on from the extensive document search conducted by Kibble across its entire archive of records Kibble can report that no document codifying policy or procedure relating to the migration of children has been discovered.
 - ii. Kibble can also report that we believe that at the time that child migration took place from Kibble there was no such document codifying policy and procedure in relation to the migration of children. Finally Kibble can report that there is no policy or procedural document currently in place which relates to or addresses child migration.
 - iii. It should be said that at a meeting of the Kibble Education Committee upon 13
 December 1927 (minute record 23) the following was recorded: "A number of these were desirous of proceeding to the Colonies, and it was agreed to delay consideration of these cases until the Committee had had opportunity of considering the whole policy of emigration. The absence of Col. Craig Barr who has taken much interest in this made the Committee defer this subject until a special meeting could be held at an early date."
 - iv. This is the only occasion that the word "policy" has been used in any of the records examined by Kibble. Its use is not taken to be a reference to a codifying document, rather it is taken to refer only to the fact that at that time Kibble pursued an approach, or course of action, that involved considering migrating pupils abroad. For the avoidance of doubt no document has been discovered which articulates and/or specifies what that approach or course of action amounted to in practice nor, as shall be seen is it easily divined from records. It is submitted that it is reasonable to infer that had such a document codifying policy or procedure relating to the migration of children existed it would have been referred to in the records examined more often than this single occasion.
 - v. In terms of the absence of policies and procedures relating to child migration at Kibble it is suggested that this may reflect that during the time periods that child migration took place from Kibble there was, in general, less use of core

documentation by organisations. As shall be seen migration from Kibble has not taken place in the last 60 years, and there have been only 6 migrations since 1930.

b) Was there a particular policy and/or procedural aim/intention?

- i. As stated above no policy or procedural document has been located relative to the migration of pupils from Kibble. As such it follows that no stated aim or intention has been located.
- ii. However from examination of the individual migration records of pupils that have been included in Appendix 2, it would be reasonable to infer that the principal aim of migration from Kibble was to find employment for the pupils who were migrated. This being part of what appears to be an overall duty Kibble considered it had to discharge its pupils from Kibble to suitable places.
- iii. Evidence of Kibble considering it had such a duty of care can be found in extracts from records at Kibble which evidence the school refusing to place pupils upon discharge to certain home circumstances. These sample extracts from records found in the Kibble archive are included as Appendix 11 to the Response.
- iv. Similarly there is evidence that migration offered the prospect for the pupil of developing a career away from a local environment where he might be disadvantaged by being known for having resided at Kibble.
- v. The migration records for (119) carry that message: "The lad has no desire to return home as he is still pointed out as been a Reformatory boy. He wishes to emigrate. His mother is thinking of doing the same."
- vi. Some evidence of that is also provided by minute record 13 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Trustee meeting of 13th July 1910: "It has been arranged to send two of the inmates and one old boy out to Canada. And it was agreed to incur the extra expense of sending these boys to British Columbia as it is believed they would have a better chance of success there. Mr Love was instructed to endeavour to arrange that the boys' employers should retain a certain amount out of the boys' wages to recoup the Institution for the extra expense." The later minute of 12th October 1910 (minute record 14) records: "From a letter received by Mr Balderston Whyte from Canada it appears that the three boys recently sent out to British Columbia have secured good situations there."
- vii. The migration records illustrate that Kibble endeavoured to make some inquiry as to the progress of migrated pupils. They recorded the outcomes of the same. These post-migration records are often, relative to what is provided elsewhere, detailed in nature. This record keeping no doubt reflects the fact that pupils were often discharged whilst still subject to a licence period for the sentence originally imposed. However on occasion at least the recording appears to go beyond that and is indicative of an ongoing interest in the progress of the pupils.
- viii. Indeed of the 120 pupils migrated from Kibble our analysis of the migration records shows that what might be referred to as post migration records were made for 100 pupils.

c) Were such policies and/or procedures recorded?

As no policy or procedural document relating to the migration of children from Kibble has been located, it follows that no recording of policy or procedure has been located either.

- d) What did the policies and/or procedures set out in terms of the following:
 - Identification of and checking the suitability of places where the children were sent.
 - As stated above no policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. As such it follows that no document has been located which sets out policy or procedure for the identification and checking of suitability of places to which pupils were to be migrated.
 - An entry was located (minute record 1) within the minute of a meeting of the Trustees of Kibble which may be of relevance to the Inquiry in this regard. It dates however from marginally before the commencement of the time period which is examined by the Inquiry. This meeting of Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Institution Trustees on September 13th 1899 has a minute which includes the following information (emphasis applied): "The Secretary explained that he had been in communication with Mr Macharg, Clerk to the Juvenile Delinquency Board, and also the Canadian government agent in Glasgow as to the emigration of boys from the Institution to Canada. The Canadian agent was willing to provide places now for three boys at St John's New Brunswick and arrange for situations (if the boys first sent out prove successful) for 3 or 4 boys annually. The full passage money (about £6 each) was to be paid by the Institution. After consulting with the Chairman, the Secretary wrote to Mr Macharg asking if the Delinquency Board could not see its way to help us defraying the expense of passage and outfit which would otherwise be a heavy drag on the Institutions funds and an answer was received from Mr Macharg stating that his Commissioners agreed to give for this year a grant of £10 for every Glasgow boy – not exceeding 5 – emigrating to New Brunswick to assist in paying his passage and outfit. The correspondence was read. On receipt of the last letter from Mr Macharg and after again consulting with the Chairman, and as the three boys were wanted as soon as possible Mr Love was instructed to take the necessary measures for obtaining the sanction of the Home Office for the despatch of the boys and this has been done, and it is expected the sanction will be obtained immediately. The boys selected are No aged 17 3/12. No 16 2/3 and they are to 17 1/12 and No sail on inst. Mr Love asked that some of the Directors should visit the Institution and examine the proposed outfits for the boys and it was agreed that the Chairman and Mr Lang should attend the Institution on Thursday 21st Inst for this purpose and to meet the Canadian Government agent who was then also to be present". This minute is indicative that in that instance enquiry was made of the agent arranging the migration for the Canadian government as to the nature of the institution to which the pupils

were to be migrated by Kibble.

• Later an entry (minute record 12) from the meeting of Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Trustees on 14th April 1909 indicates that some inspection of the circumstances of the boys who had left Kibble was to be undertaken, albeit on a seemingly ad hoc basis: "The Governor proposes to take a trip to Canada and the United States in the course of a month or so visiting en route as many as possible of the boys who have emigrated to Canada from the institution".

ii. Selection of children to migrate including age, gender and background

 No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. Neither has any dedicated document been found that records the criteria employed relative to the selection of pupils to be migrated.

Gender

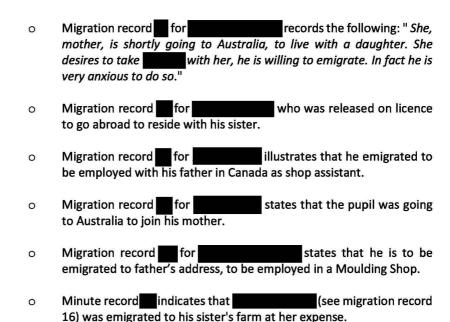
 However as during the time period in which migration took place Kibble was a single gender (male) establishment, necessarily all pupils who were migrated were male.

Age

The age of the children to be migrated would have been constrained by the
age profile of the intake of Kibble. The school was mainly comprised of youth
offenders who were aged between 14 and 18 at the time of being sentenced.
The maximum period of residence at a Reformatory School which a court
could prescribe being 5 years.

Background

- In the absence of any policy or procedural document some inferences can be drawn from information contained within the migration minute records as to the approach to selection of those pupils who were migrated abroad.
- It is clear from the examination of the migration records in Appendices 2,3 and 4 and particularly Appendix 2 that the consistent reference to medical examinations allows a reasonable inference that medical approval was a criteria prior to a pupil being migrated.
- Examination of the migration records in Appendix 2, and the minute records in Appendix 6 illustrates that a handful of pupils were discharged upon licence from the school to join family members who had already migrated:
 - o Migration record for records that the pupil emigrated to Canada with his mother to join his father at address Alberta, Canada.



- In addition to those pupils seemingly migrated to join family abroad there is also the single case of migration record who uniquely was migrated to New York, and became a clerk. However these instances apart it appears from the migration records that the overwhelming majority of the pupils in Appendix 2 were migrated to obtain employment upon farms and railways in the then Dominions of Australia and Canada. These opportunities arose as a consequence of recruitment drives on the part of the Dominion country, on occasions with the additional promotion of the subsidised costs of travel or allowances being provided.
- By way of example the 11 pupils migrated in 1914 appear to have done so as part of the Opportunity for Boys to Become Farmers scheme in South Australia. This scheme offered not only apprenticeship contracts but also a passage to Australia at a cost of £10.00.
- It would consequently be reasonable to infer that for the part of the
 Dominion country some attention was paid to the perceived suitability of
 the pupil to conduct the work involved in the scheme. As Kibble was a
 Reformatory School which placed an accent upon farm work that may have
 been to the advantage of Kibble pupils seeking to be placed on such
 schemes.
- There may also however have been a decision on the part of Kibble in selecting pupils to be offered places upon these schemes to only do so in relation to the better behaved and higher achieving pupils. This may in turn have stemmed from the prejudices of those operating the schemes in the Dominion country.
- In the particular instance of the South Australian Opportunities for Boys to become Farmers scheme, pages 27 and 28 of a 2007 thesis by Elspeth Grant upon the scheme (included as Appendix 8 to this Response) makes reference

to the inclination on the part of the South Australian authorities that former reformatory boys not be accepted. Indeed it would appear that an initial tranche of migrants were accepted in spite of originating from Kibble because of their additional reference of involvement in the scouting movement.

- Evidence that this prejudice may have continued in later years is supported by minute record 20 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Trustee meeting of 14th July 1926 in which it is recorded "Col. Craig reported that the Canadian and Australian authorities were adverse to taking Kibble boys and with regards to New Zealand the question was being referred to the New Zealand Government".
- The migration and minute records certainly contain information indicative of a selection approach by Kibble that examined both ability to carry out work and behavioural credentials (emphasis applied):
 - Minute Record 1, Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Institution Trustees, meeting of and February 14th 1900: "The Governor was authorised to send other four suitable boys out to Canada during the current year".
 - O Minute Record 6, Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Education Committee meeting of 22nd December 1911: "The Committee saw the new boys individually, and gave them suitable council. Again had occasion to remark the temptation of Picture Shows and Ice Cream shops to the boys. Afterwards saw four boys for Licence. Two of them, fine strapping fellows, members of the School Council, one going to Australia"
 - Minute Record 7, Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Education Committee meeting of 3rd April 1912: "The Committee interviewed the six boys who are proposed for Licence, three of whom are proceeding to Australia and were very much pleased with the excellent record of their conduct in school and their appearance"
 - o Migration record for states "states" is well fitted for this (emigration) as he has worked on our farm all the time he has been in the school. He has been a splendid boy since coming to the school and has never given the slightest worry or care to any of our staff."
 - o Migration record for states; "who is a big strong lad is very keen on going to Australia."
 - o Migration record for states "As is a strong fellow and has worked on the farm where he has been a great help to his master ever since he has been in school, emigration seems the most suitable thing for this lad. Agreed to his emigration".
 - o Migration record for states "The boy is desirous of emigrating to British Columbia, and is well fitted for colonial life."

Siblings

 There is no record of any pupil having been migrated with a sibling or having a sibling at Kibble at the time of migration.

iii. Provision of information and records to children and his/her parents before migration

- No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. No dedicated document that records the provision of information and records to children and the parents of the pupil before migration has been located either.
- The migration records do however reveal that many of the pupils who were migrated were migrated to join apprenticeship schemes in Canada and Australia. It may be that there was published information available for such schemes. This was certainly the case for "Opportunities for Boys to become Farmers". One might expect that any such publications may have been passed to the pupils and their parents. There is however no notation of that taking place within the records.
- Additionally, as has been seen, several pupils were migrated to join parents overseas.

iv. Provision of information and records to children and his/her parents once child had been migrated

- No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. No dedicated document that records the provision of information and records to children and his/her parents after the child had been migrated has been located either.
- There was evidence within the migration records of information being provided upon request by the school in the instance of and

v. Obtaining consent of the child

 No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. No dedicated document that records the policy and/or procedure to be followed for obtaining consent of the child has been located either.

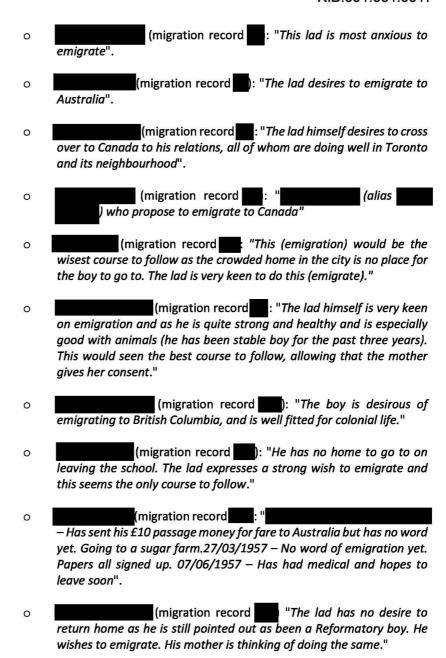
vi. General observation upon consent

 In general terms it is presumed that given the introduction of inspection of reformatory schools in 1908, shortly after Kibble commenced migrating pupils abroad, that the School adhered to obtaining the consents required by statute.

- The recording of consents from the child, parents or the Secretary of State, are recorded in the migration records contained in Appendix 2. This includes the exhibiting of certification from the Secretary of State. The obtaining of consent is also a feature of the migration records in Appendices 3 and 4.
- There are instances however in the migration records contained in Appendix 2 where the obtaining of consent is not recorded. There are also a few instances in Appendix 2, which are included in extracts that follow, of migration records seemingly recording opposition to migration or at least equivocation upon that issue.
- Equally in Appendix 3 there are instances e.g. and where the information might suggest that absence of consent from parents was a factor in migration not proceeding.
- It is suggested that where the obtaining of consent is not recorded this may simply reflect deficiencies in recording in those periods as opposed to the failure to obtain a necessary consent at least as required by statute.

vii. Migration records evidencing provision of consent from the pupil

- The following extracts have been taken from migration records relative to the issue of consents being provided by pupils. The Inquiry are of course invited to examine the whole of Appendix 2 in this regard. However the following may assist the Inquiry in their consideration of the issue:
 - o (migration record who is recorded as wishing to emigrate to Australia.
 - o **British Columbia and his parents are desirous that he should go**".
 - o (migration record records: "his parents are willing to take the boy back; however, he expressed a strong desire to migrate. They are willing and agreed on this".
 - o (migration record in): "Had a letter from this boy today, saying he had no work, and that he wished to go to Canada".
 - o (migration record :: "The lad is anxious to go".
 - o (migration record : "The Boy is desirous to go".
 - o (migration record):"Married sister does not want him to go, father is too selfish to mind, has no decided opinion".
 - (migration record : "Father wishes him to work with him however is not adverse to the boy following his inclination to emigrate to Canada".



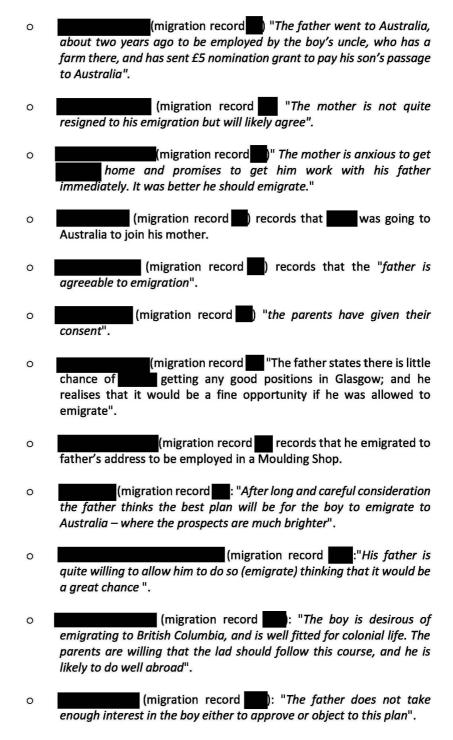
viii. Obtaining consent of the parents of the child

- No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. No dedicated document that records the policy and/or procedure to be followed for obtaining consent from the parents of the child has been located either.
- The following extracts have been taken from migration records relative to the issue of consents being provided by parents of pupils. Once more the Inquiry are of course invited to examine the whole of Appendix 2 in this

(migration record records that his father is a lodger 0 in accommodation, whilst his mother is in an institution. It states that his father wishes him to migrate. (migration record records: "the lad wishes to 0 emigrate to British Columbia and his parents are desirous that he should go". (migration record records: "his parents are willing to 0 take the boy back; however, he expressed a strong desire to migrate. They are willing and agreed on this". 0 (migration record records that emigrated to Canada with his mother to join his father at address Alberta, Canada. (migration record) records "Parents are only too 0 willing to allow the boy to migrate". (migration record records ".. is a big strong lad, but 0 his mother things he is easily led and she would not like to see him come back to Glasgow. She is quite willing that he should emigrate". (migration record "Father wishes him to work with 0 him however is not adverse to the boy following his inclination to emigrate to Canada". (migration record "The mother is willing for him to 0 migrate". (migration record "She (mother) is shortly going 0 to Australia, to live with a daughter. She desires to take her, he is willing to emigrate. In fact he is very anxious to do so." (migration record "Emigrated to be employed with 0 his father in Canada as shop assistant". (migration record parents were very agreeable to 0 him emigrating". (migration record family think they 0 could find work in England but agree with the boy that he is getting a rare opportunity in being allowed to emigrate." (migration record "His brother has sent 0 provide extra clothing for him when he is leaving on the understanding that the lad goes to Australia. The parents are only too willing to allow the boy to emigrate".

regard. However the following extracts may assist in their consideration of

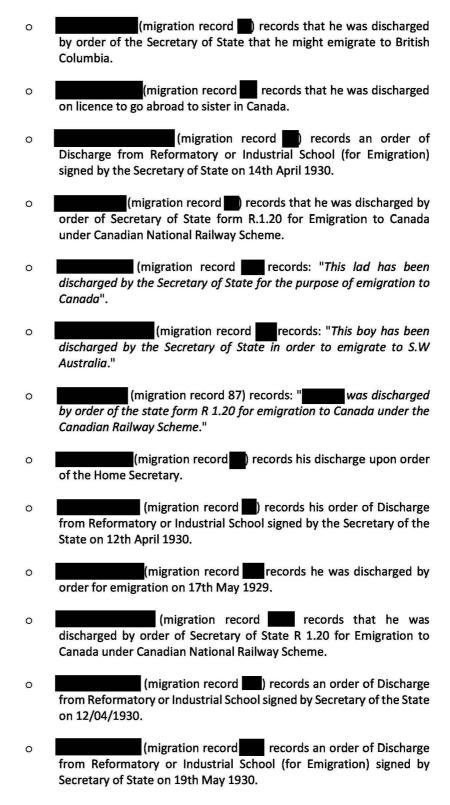
the issue:



ix. Obtaining consent of others e.g. Secretary of State

 No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. No dedicated document that records the policy and/or procedure to be followed for obtaining consent of any relevant other persons has been located.

The following extracts have been taken from migration records relative to the issue of consents being provided by others. The Inquiry are of course invited to examine the whole of Appendix 2 in this regard. However the following extracts may assist in their consideration of the issue:		
0	(migration record records that a discharge from Reformatory or Industrial School (for Emigration) was signed by the Secretary of State on 14th April 1930.	
0	(migration record records that his sister is "also anxious that he should do this".	
0	(migration record provided by the Home Secretary for emigration to Canada.	
0	(migration record records that an order of Discharge from Reformatory or Industrial School for emigration was signed by the Secretary of State.	
0	(migration record) is recorded as having been discharged by order of Secretary of State Form R 1.20 for Emigration under Canadian National Railway Scheme.	
0	(migration record records: "his sisters who live in England are most respectable girls and visit him regularly. They are urgent that their brother should be sent to Australia, where they hope to go soon themselves. He is anxious to go to Australia."	
0	(migration record records that he was discharged by order of Secretary of the State for emigration to Canada under the Canadian National Railway scheme.	
0	(migration record "This boy has been discharged by order of Secretary of State to emigrate to British Columbia".	
0	(migration record records: "This boy has been discharged by order of the Secretary of State in order to emigrate to British Columbia".	
0	(migration record) "Married sister does not want him to go, father is to selfish to mind, has no decided opinion".	
0	(migration record process) records that an order of Discharge from Reformatory or Industrial School (for Emigration) was signed by the Secretary of State on 11th February 1930.	



x. Responding to requests for information from former child migrants

- No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. No documents have been located that record the policy and/or procedures to be adopted in the event of requests for information from former child migrants, nor any policy regarding the provision of responses to the same.
- The records examined by the Kibble search team do not reveal any such requests having been made. As is detailed below, and as is evident from examination of migration records that form Appendix 2 to this Response, Kibble took steps to chart the subsequent progress of those pupils who had been discharged from the establishment by way of being migrated. In so far as can be seen these records do not contain requests for information made of Kibble from former child migrants. Separately no records of any such requests for information whether in the form of a minute of record or any letter were discovered. Neither is there currently anyone on the Board or working at Kibble who has any knowledge of any such request for information being received. It is worth recording by way of possible explanation of this that the migration from Kibble abroad in the last ninety years has amounted to the migration to 6 children.

xi. Other Issues

 No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble in any way.

e) Who compiled the policies and/or procedures?

- No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble.
- ii. It may be of assistance to the Inquiry that it appears that during the time periods in which children were migrated from Kibble the Trustees and the various committees of the Trust appear to have made the operational decisions around the functioning of Kibble.

f) When were the policies and/or procedures put in place?

- No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble.
- ii. Neither is there any current policy or procedural document which addresses migration of children from Kibble. As one would expect that is not required as the migration of children from Kibble is not a current practice. The last migration from Kibble appears to have occurred in 1959.

g) Were such policies and/or practices reviewed?

i. No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble, as such no policy or procedural review has been identified.

h) If so what was the reason for review?

i. No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble nor has any such review of such a document been identified. No reasons for a review have been identified.

i) What substantive changes, if any, were made to policies and/or procedures over time?

- No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble, no review of the same has been identified nor changes made upon review.
- ii. The Inquiry may however reasonably infer from the information contained in this Response and in the various Appendices to the Response that the principal aim over the period of migration was the obtaining of employment for pupils. As such it may also be reasonably inferred that the approach to migration was amended from time to time to reflect the requirements of any apprenticeship or employment opportunities or schemes that Kibble sought to obtain for the pupil. However with that observation made it also falls to be said that there is no articulation in the records of the Kibble archive of any such changes.
- iii. Similarly it may be reasonably inferred that the approach to migration of children from Kibble was amended from time to time to reflect the changing legislative framework governing both the care of pupils at Kibble and also child migration. Again however there is no articulation in the records of the Kibble archive of any such changes to approach being made consequent upon legislative change.

j) Why were changes made?

i. No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble, no review of the same has been identified nor changes made upon review. Consequently there has been no identification of any reasons underpinning any such changes.

k) Were changes documented?

 No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble, no review of the same has been identified, nor changes made upon review. No documentation of any changes has been identified.

I) Was there an audit trail?

i. No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble, no review of the same has been identified, nor changes made upon review, nor any audit trail relative to any review and changes.

2. Response to paragraph 2 of the Section 21 Request

A report addressing the following in relation to Kibble Education and Care Centre (" the organisation") policies and procedures in respect of the migration of children whose care originated in Scotland in the period 1 January 1900 to 17 December 2014

a) Did the organisation and its establishments adhere in practice to its policies and procedures in terms of child migration relating to the following:

i. Identification of the suitability of the places where the children were sent

 No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon the identification of the suitability of the places where pupils were sent.

ii. Selection of children to migrate including age, gender and background

 No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon selection of children to migrate including age, gender and background.

iii. Provision of information to the child and/or his parents before migration

 No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon provision of information to the child and/or his parents before migration.

iv. Provision of information to the child and/or his parents after the child has been migrated

 No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon provision of information to the pupil and/or his parents after the pupil was migrated.

v. Obtaining consent of the child

- No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon obtaining consent of the pupil.
- However as Kibble was subject to scrutiny by Government Inspectorate from 1908 there may be a reasonable inference available that Kibble adhered to statutory requirements in this regard. There are minutes that record inspections taking place. These are contained in Appendix 10.

vi. Obtaining consent of the parent of the child

- No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon obtaining consent of the parent of the pupil.
- The Inquiry may wish to take account of the observation made above concerning inspection.

vii. Obtaining the consent of others

- No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon obtaining consent of others.
- The Inquiry may wish to take account of the observation made above concerning inspection.

viii. Responding to requests for information from former child migrants

 No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon responding to requests for information from former child migrants.

ix. Other Issues

 No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble in any way. As such it is not possible to report upon adherence to stated policy and/or procedure upon any other issues.

b) How was adherence demonstrated?

No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located, as such it is not possible to demonstrate adherence to the same.

c) How can such adherence be demonstrated to the Inquiry?

No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located as such it is not possible to demonstrate adherence to the same to the Inquiry.

d) Were relevant records kept demonstrating adherence?

No policy or procedural document that relates to the migration of children from Kibble has been located as such there are also no records demonstrating adherence to the same.

e) Have such records been retained?

No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. There are also therefore no records demonstrating adherence to the same.

f) If policy / procedure was not adhered to in practice why not?

No policy or procedural document has been located that relates to the migration of children from Kibble. There are also no records demonstrating adherence to the same. There is consequently no failure to adhere to explain.

g) How many children were sent as child migrants from the organisation and its establishments and where were they sent?

As shall be detailed further below examination of records has disclosed that 120 pupils were migrated from Kibble. Of these 81 were migrated to Canada, 38 to Australia, and 1 pupil to New York.

h) What was their age and gender?

- i. The pupils who have been identified in Appendix 2 as having been migrated from Kibble range in age between approximately 13 years of age and 21 years of age.
- ii. Of those pupils known to have been migrated, i.e. those in Appendix 2, the breakdown of the age of the pupil at the time of migration is stated to be:

Recorded age at time of migration	Number of Pupils migrated at this age (see Appendix 2)
No information recorded	20
Approximately 13 years of age	1
Approximately 15 years of age	4
Approximately 16 years of age	4
16 years of age	3
Approximately 17 years of age	18
17 years of age	14
Approximately 18 years of age	17
18 years of age	30
Approximately 19 years of age	5
19 years of age	3
21 years of age	1

iii. All of the migrants were male.

i) Over what time period were the children migrated?

- We have provided information for pupils who were migrated from Kibble between 1899 and 1959.
- There were no migrations from Kibble after 1959.

- We have included migration records for which account migrations in September 1899, a period some three months outwith the terms of reference of the Inquiry. Kibble have done so to provide a fuller understanding of the entire process of migration from Kibble to the Inquiry. These migrations also feature in minute record 1 to which previous reference has been made in this report. That minute record anticipates the migration of a third pupil Although his migration is discussed in this minute record, his migration could not be confirmed evidentially from the records and his migration record is thus contained in Appendix 3.
- The 1899 migrations are the first migrations from Kibble which evidenced by records. There is reference in minutes not included in the Appendices to a possible migration in the 1860's, but no evidence to support a conclusion that a migration took place.
- As said previously there have been only 6 migrations recorded from Kibble since 1930. In that regard the Inquiry will note that two migration records for migrated pupils are absent of a date of discharge for migration; migration record and migration record for the migration records for these pupils however allow us to conclude that given the age of the pupils' migration could not have taken place after 1930 in either instance.
- More fully the spread of dates of migration are as follows:

Year Recorded for Discharge for Migration	Number of Pupils Migrated
No Information held (but before 1930)	2
1899	2
Circa 1900	1
1900	2
1901	5
1902	3
1903	3
1904	7
1905	5
1906	5
1907	4
1908	3
1909	6
Circa 1910	1
1910	5
Circa 1911	1
1911	4
1912	4
Circa 1913	2
1913	6
1914	11
1920	3
1921	1
1922	1
1923	1

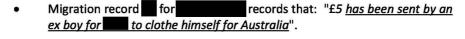
1925	1
Circa 1926	1
1926	4
1927	4
1929	8
1930	8
1948	1
1949	2
1955	1
1956	1
1959	1

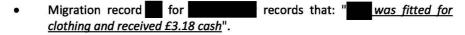
j) Who funded the child migration?

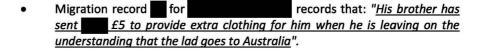
- i. There is no central record of financing of, or finances related to, migration. Information in that regard is spread across a number of record sources.
- ii. It appears clear that there was no single method by which funding of migration took place. The migration and minute records suggest a number of differing methods of financing being utilised. Funds appear to have been provided by Kibble and recorded as expenses, there is mention of sums being reclaimed from the Scottish Education Department, and of sums being repaid in the future from the wages of the pupil once work had commenced. Funds were also recorded as having been received from family members.
- iii. It appears too that on occasion Government or other bodies may have provided grants or allowances for migration of pupils.
- iv. As regards receipt of grants or allowances, examination of the financial records for Kibble during the periods where migration occurred has not led to any entries being identified which record payments in to either Kibble or a pupil, specified as relating to migration. The minutes do however contain the following which may be of relevance to the Inquiry in determining if funds were received to help finance migration:
 - Minute record 1 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Institution Trustees meeting of September 13th 1899 includes the following passage (emphasis applied): "The Secretary explained that he had been in communication with Mr Macharg, Clerk to the Juvenile Delinquency Board, and also the Canadian government agent in Glasgow as to the emigration of boys from the Institution to Canada. The Canadian agent was willing to provide places now for three boys at St John's New Brunswick and arrange for situations (if the boys first sent out prove successful) for 3 or 4 boys annually. The full passage money (about £6 each) was to be paid by the Institution. After consulting with the Chairman, the Secretary wrote to Mr Macharg asking if the Delinquency Board could not see its way to help us defraying the expense of passage and outfit which would otherwise be a heavy drag on the Institutions funds and an answer was received from Mr Machara stating that his Commissioners agreed to give for this year a grant of £10 for every Glasgow boy – not exceeding 5 – emigrating to New Brunswick to assist in paying his passage and outfit."

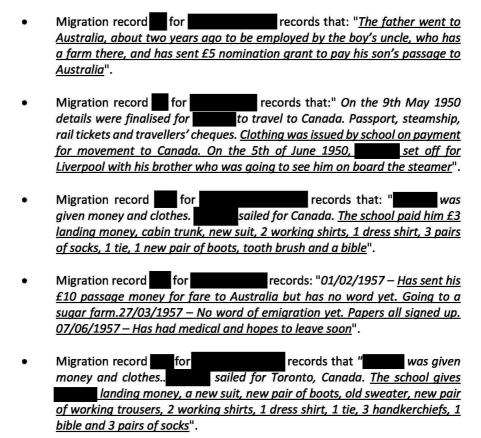
- In addition minute record 10 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Finance Committee meeting of 25th February 1914 makes the following reference (emphasis applied): "Mr Love was in attendance and having been called in, the above figures were mentioned to him when he stated he expected for the current year an additional allowance from Government for both maintenance and emigration which he expected to amount to about £400".
- Minute record 11 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Trustees meeting of 26th December 1906 (emphasis applied): "Dr Gentles explained some points referred to in the Education Committee Minutes as to the boys going out to Canada. Mr Peattie read letter he had received advising that some of the boys should be sent out to Australia. Mr Love reported that an application had been made to the authorities of Paisley for a grant to pay a boys expenses to Canada".
- Minute record 25 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Education Committee meeting of 3rd July 1929 (emphasis applied): "Letters from J.J. Barnes Esq Director of Migration, Australia House to Mr Love and Superintendent. Inquiry to be made if Mr Love got the letter re appointment for interviewing boys. Report to S.E.D. (Scottish Education Department) number of Emigrants to Canada and results of letters to Local Authorities for contributions. (Manuscript Illegible) To S.E.D. that these sums should be placed to the credit of an Emigration Fund to meet any contingency in case of default to complete contract by boy. Report result next meeting". No further explanation of the Emigration Fund is provided in this minute or elsewhere.
- v. The minute records also contain the following which may be of relevance to the Inquiry in general terms in relation to the issue of financing migration (emphasis applied):
 - Minute record 13 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Trustee meeting of 13th July 1910 Minute (emphasis applied): "It has been arranged to send two of the inmates and one old boy out to Canada. And it was agreed to incur the extra expense of sending these boys to British Columbia as it is believed they would have a better chance of success there. Mr Love was instructed to endeavour to arrange that the boys' employers should retain a certain amount out of the boys' wages to recoup the Institution for the extra expense."
 - Minute record 26 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Education Committee meeting of 15 April 1930: (emphasis applied): "Emigration of boys and As these lads cannot be emigrated under the Free Scheme authority given to book passage under ordinary £10 scheme. Money to be advanced (manuscript illegible) from Leaving Fund account and endeavour to reclaim from S.E.D. ". No further explanation of the Leaving Fund Account is provided in this minute or elsewhere.

- Minute record 24 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution Education Committee meeting of 23 January 1928 (emphasis applied):"The Education Committee met today for the discussion of the Emigration question. Attendees noted .After full discussion the following minute was unanimously agreed to:-The Education Committee regret the attitude which the Colonial Authorities had taken to Reformatory boys with regard to Emigration. The Committee was grateful to Col. Craig Barr for the work he has done with a view to securing better conditions, and they express the hope that some good result may yet be obtained. Meanwhile the Committee recommend the Governor to continue his endeavours to get suitable boys emigrated on the liners that are legitimately open. The Governor is authorised to retain the Savings Bank Balance (with consent of boy) and the usual cash allowances in the case of the boys going to Farm Work, for a period not exceeding 2 years after the date of completion of commitment".
- Minute record 22 accounting Miss Elizabeth Kibble's Reformatory Institution
 Trustee meeting of 21st December 1928 (emphasis applied): "It was
 reported that Mr Love had paid £30 as suggested in the last minute and had
 in addition sent £10 to assist in paying emigration expenses of ex Kibble
 boys."
- vi. In addition the minute records contain balance sheet entries for the 1920s for Kibble which state expenses paid by the School as follows:
 - Minute record 16 accounting the Balance Sheet of 31 March 1922 states an emigration expense of approximately £97.00.
 - Minute record 17 accounting the Balance Sheet of 31 March 1923 states an emigration expense of approximately £119.00.
 - Minute record 18 accounting the Balance Sheet of 31 March 1924 states an emigration expense of approximately £115.00.
 - Minute record 19 accounting the Balance Sheet of 31 March 1925 states an emigration expense of approximately £89.00.
 - Minute record 21 accounting the Balance Sheet of 31 March 1927 states an Emigration Expense of approximately £208.00.
- vii. The migration records contain entries which may be considered relevant to this issue by the Inquiry as follows (emphasis applied):









- viii. The only information that is available to Kibble in terms of apprenticeship schemes that pupils were migrated to work upon relates to the South Australian Opportunities for Boys to become Farmers scheme. In respect of that scheme a subsidised passage was offered rather than an allowance. A fee of £10 for passage still required to be met.
- ix. The terms of the Empire Settlement Act 1922 introduced the prospect of monetary contribution from government towards migration to Dominion countries upon apprenticeship schemes in respect of which boys were migrated. However there are no records of such payments being received by Kibble.

k) Who received the funding in relation to child migration?

i. There are no records which address this issue, however it is presumed that given the general responsibility over the pupils by the School, that payment towards the costs of migration would have been be made to the School.

I) In general terms how much was this funding?

 It is not possible to extrapolate the general level of funding available from the records.

m) How did the organisation respond to requests for information from former child migrants?

i. As is detailed in this Response, and as is evident from examination of the migration records that form Appendix 2 to this Response, Kibble took steps to chart the subsequent progress of those pupils who had been discharged from the establishment by way of being migrated. In so far as can be seen these records do not contain requests for information made of Kibble. Separately no records of any such requests for information whether in the form of a minute or record or any letter were discovered. Neither is there currently anyone on the Board or working at Kibble who has any knowledge of any such request for information being received.

3. Response to paragraph 3 of the Section 21 Request

All records, correspondence, policies, reports, file notes, minutes and other documents of a similar nature in whatever form in the possession or otherwise within the control of the Organisation, or anyone acting on their behalf, showing or tending to show any information relating to the migration abroad of children whose care originated in Scotland who had resided in any establishment operated by the Organisation, (i) generally and (ii) in respect of specific children, during the period 1 January 1900 to 17 December 2014.

The Request has been subdivided into specified requests enumerated as a to p inclusive, although b has been included twice.

The Inquiry will be aware from the introduction to the Response that Appendices 2,3,4 and 6 account all of the records documents and correspondence held within the Kibble archive that refer in any way to child migration. However to assist the Inquiry Kibble address here the specified document requests made within this paragraph. It is hoped that this will prove helpful in guiding the Inquiry to the appropriate source of information within the Response and its Appendices.

a) Information received about child migration programmes:

- There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4
 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relate to Kibble receiving information
 as to child migration programmes.
- ii. The Appendices also contain the "Opportunity for Boys to become Farmers" booklet at Appendix 8. This booklet is referenced within the thesis contained within Appendix 9 'Opportunity for Boys to become farmers' The South Australian Government Scheme for the emigration of British Lads 1913/14".

b) Invitations or requests received for children to be migrated and responses to any such invitations or requests:

 There is information within the minute records collated at Appendix 6 that relate to Kibble and which appear to indicate that Kibble were invited to present pupils for child migration programmes e.g. minute record 1

c) Requested or preferred requirements for children who were to be migrated including medical, age and gender preferences:

i. The only information in this regard is that which can be taken from the "Opportunity for Boys to become Farmers" booklet at Appendix 8. Some information may also be taken from the thesis contained within Appendix 9 'Opportunity for Boys to become farmers' The South Australian Government Scheme for the emigration of British Lads 1913/14"

d) The selection of children for migration:

- i. There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relates to Kibble's approach to selection of pupils for migration.
- ii. Information in this regard can also be taken from the "Opportunity for Boys to become Farmers" booklet at Appendix 8. Some information may also be taken from the thesis contained within Appendix 9 'Opportunity for Boys to become farmers'

 The South Australian Government Scheme for the emigration of British Lads 1913/14"

e) Medical or other examinations of proposed child migrants:

i. There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that makes reference to medicals. This is particularly so relative to Appendix 2.

f) Financial information relating to the migration of children:

i. There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relates to financial information relating to child migration.

g) Details relating to the obtaining or otherwise of children's consent to child migration:

- i. There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relates to consent by pupils to migration
- ii. Information in this regard can also be taken from the "Opportunity for Boys to become Farmers" booklet at Appendix 8.
- iii. Some information may also be taken from the thesis contained within Appendix 9
 'Opportunity for Boys to become farmers' The South Australian Government
 Scheme for the emigration of British Lads 1913/14"

h) Details relating to the obtaining or otherwise of parental consent to child migration:

 There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relates to parental consent to child migration

- ii. Information in this regard can also be taken from the "Opportunity for Boys to become Farmers" booklet at Appendix 8.
- iii. Some information may also be taken from the thesis contained within Appendix 9
 'Opportunity for Boys to become farmers' The South Australian Government
 Scheme for the emigration of British Lads 1913/14"
- i) Details relating to the obtaining or otherwise of consent from persons in authority within an establishment (such as the mother superior or superintendent or manager of an establishment) to child migration:
 - i. There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relates to persons in authority at Kibble agreeing to or consenting to child migration.
- j) Details relating to the obtaining or otherwise of consent of local and central government to child migration:
 - i. There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relates to consent given by local and central government to migration of children. In particular at Appendix 2.
- k) Details relating to the arrangements for care of child migrants once at their destinations including requests made and information received about the situation and environment to which children were to be migrated:
 - i. There is some information within both the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 that relates to the arrangements that were made for care of pupils once at their destinations including requests made and information received about the situation and environment to which children were to be migrated.
- Details relating to the establishments abroad to which children were to be migrated including correspondence policies procedures and information relating to inspection and reporting processes of the institutions receiving child migrants:
 - i. There is some information within both the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 relating to the establishments abroad to which children were to be migrated.
 - ii. There is no information that Kibble could identify within the archive that related to inspection and reporting processes of the establishments receiving child migrants. There only education or care establishment identified from the records as being one to which pupils were migrated was Mr Dick's Boys Home in Montreal.
 - There are no policy or procedural documents relating to child migration within the archive.

iv. All correspondence that is contained is within the archive that relates to child migration is within the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6.

m) Information given to child migrants prior to their migration:

- i. There may be a record of discreet pieces of information being provided to pupils prior to migration within the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6.
- ii. Kibble would also ask the Inquiry to examine the "Opportunity for Boys to become Farmers" booklet at Appendix 8 and the comments made in the Response to paragraph 1 of the Request, that the booklet may have been provided to children and their parents.

n) Travel arrangements for child migrants:

i. There is information within both the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 relating to travel arrangements for the migration of pupils. In particular the Inquiry may wish to examine Appendix 2.

o) Details of how contact was proposed to be maintained with child migrant's home country

- i. There was no policy or procedure that could be identified relating how contact was proposed to be maintained with the child migrant's home country. However information within both the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6 may assist the Inquiry as to what contact was maintained. The Inquiry may wish to examine in particular the post migration records maintained by Kibble within Appendix 2.
- p) Information prepared or received by the Organisation or its establishments relating to children who had been migrated, including post migration monitoring and information in relation to welfare, supervision, and aftercare of children migrated
 - i. Information will be found within both the migration records at Appendices 2, 3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6. The Inquiry may wish to examine in particular the post migration records maintained by Kibble within Appendix 2.
- q) Details of communications or correspondence with parents and other family members of children prior to or following the child's migration (such as parents requesting to have a child returned or enquiring about a child's welfare)
 - i. All correspondence and communications relating to child migration that are contained within the archive are contained within the migration records at Appendices 2,3, and 4 and the minute records at Appendix 6. The Inquiry may wish to examine in particular the post migration records maintained by Kibble within Appendix 2

4. Response to paragraph 4 of the Section 21 Request

Correspondence and other documents in the possession or otherwise within the control of the Organisation or its establishments in respect of the period 17 December 2014 to date hereof in relation to past migration abroad of children whose care originated in Scotland.

- i. There has been no correspondence received or sent by Kibble, nor any documents received or created by Kibble in respect of the period 17 December 2014 to date hereof in relation to past migration abroad of children whose care originated in Scotland
- 5. Response to paragraph 5 of the Section 21 Request.

An inventory of all documents falling within paragraph 3 and 4 of the Request:

- i. This Response has an Inventory detailing all of the Appendices and their contents.
- 6. Response to paragraph 6 of the Section 21 Request.

Any record or document indicating, showing or describing the whereabouts of any record or document falling within paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Section 21 Request where such record or document is outwith the possession and/or control of the Organisation:

- i. There are no records or documents falling within paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Section 21 Request known to exist and be outwith the possession and/or control of the Organisation.
- 7. Response to paragraph 7 of the Section 21 Request.

Failing principals, copies, electronic copies, digital or other medium copies drafts or duplicates of the above or any of them:

- i. The content of the Appendices to this Response provide such copy documents and
- 8. Response to paragraph 8 of the Section 21 Request.

A list of all of the children whose care originated in Scotland and who had resided in any establishment operated by the Organisation who were migrated abroad during the period 1 January 1900 to 17 December 2014 including their names, dates of birth, where they were from, their parental situation, the establishment that they resided in prior to migration, where they migrated to (including name of institution or other carer) and when, whether or not they had siblings in care and whether or not any such siblings were also migrated:

i. This list of all of the children whose care originated in Scotland and who had resided in any establishment operated by the Organisation who were migrated abroad during the period 1 January 1900 to 17 December 2014 including their names, dates of birth, where they were from, their parental situation, the establishment that they resided in prior to migration, where they migrated to (including name of institution or other carer) and when, whether or not they had siblings in care and whether or not any such siblings were also migrated is provided at Appendix 2. There is a master spreadsheet for the list at Appendix 5.

- ii. No siblings were migrated from Kibble.
- iii. The origins of the pupils who are referred to in this Response, are that they all came to Kibble having been sentenced by a Scottish Court.

Kibble Education and Care Centre 12 April 2019