2 (10.00 am)3 LADY SMITH: Good morning and welcome back to our oral 4 hearings in relation to foster care and boarding out. 5 We start this morning with an oral witness, who I'm told 6 is ready to give evidence. 7 Ms Innes. 8 MS INNES: Yes, my Lady. I am going to refer to a document 9 in a moment before the witness comes in. This witness has chosen to remain anonymous and has chosen the 10 pseudonym 'John'. 'John' was in the care of Lothian 11 12 Regional Council in the East Lothian area. He resided with a Mr and Mrs JCX/SPO in Musselburgh from 13 14 1987 to 1989. He was in a couple of foster care placements before 15 that, again in East Lothian and East Lothian Council is 16 17 the relevant successor. On 16 June 2005 Michael Lowry was convicted of 18 19 sexual offences against three complainers, one of whom 20 was 'John'. The offences against 'John' were committed 1988 and 1989, so over the 21 between 22 period that he was in foster care, although going 23 slightly beyond that. If I can refer to a copy of the conviction, which is 24

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at JUS-00000018, we can see a copy of the indictment on

1 the screen. I just want to highlight that the first 2 charge is in respect of sexual offences committed 3 between 1 August 1985 and 18 January 1987, and as we 4 will hear in 'John's' evidence that was in respect of 5 another child who was in foster care with the same foster carers that I've referred to prior to 'John' 6 7 going to those carers. 8 The second charge -- if we scroll down a little, yes, there -- that we can see that's not crossed out is 9 10 in respect of a family member, as we can see. 11 Then (3), the third charge is in respect of 'John'. 12 One of the addresses specified -- which is in fact redacted on the screen -- is Butlins holiday centre, and 13 14 we're going to hear evidence from 'John' in respect of 15 that locus, so I just wanted to highlight those issues --16 17 LADY SMITH: Thank you. MS INNES: -- by reference to the charges before --18 LADY SMITH: So 'John's' ages at the time of the offences in 19 20 charge (3) would have been about 14 to just before he 21 was 16, would that be right? 22 MS INNES: Yes, that's right. LADY SMITH: Thank you. 23 24 'John' (sworn) 25 LADY SMITH: 'John', if you can stay in a good position for

1 the microphone, that will help you and it will also help 2 us --3 A. Okay. 4 LADY SMITH: -- because we need to hear you through the 5 sound system. 6 A. Okay, is that okay? 7 LADY SMITH: Yeah, that's great, if you can stay somewhere 8 around there. 9 You see there's a red folder on the desk. That has 10 a typed copy of your statement in it, the statement you 11 signed, and we'll take you to that in a moment but we'll 12 also bring your statement up on the screen at the 13 various points in it that we'd like to discuss with you. 14 You might also find that helpful. 15 A. Okay. LADY SMITH: It's there for you to use if you want to use 16 17 it. 18 A. Okay. LADY SMITH: Separately from that, 'John', can I say at the 19 20 outset I do know that what you've agreed to do is not 21 easy. You've come into a public place with strangers, 22 you don't know any of us, and we're about to ask you to 23 talk about things that happened when you were very 24 young, in your childhood, and things that are very 25 personal to you, and I fully understand may be upsetting

1 and distressing as we ask you to talk about them. 2 Sometimes, however organised and prepared we think 3 we are, our emotions can take us quite by surprise. A. Okay. 4 5 LADY SMITH: I know that, and I want to do anything we can 6 do to help you give the best evidence that you can, so 7 if, for example, you'd like a break or a pause or 8 there's anything else that would help, you must let me know. Would you do that. 9 10 A. Yes. 11 LADY SMITH: Thank you. If you're ready, I'll hand over to 12 Ms Innes and she'll take it from there. A. Okay, I'm ready, yes. 13 14 LADY SMITH: Good, let's go. Thank you. 15 Ms Innes. MS INNES: Thank you, my Lady. 16 17 Ouestions from Ms Innes MS INNES: 'John', we understand you were born in 1973. 18 A. That's correct. 19 20 Q. If I can refer, please, to your witness statement, it's 21 WIT.001.001.6175, and if we can go to the last page of 22 that, please, we see at paragraph 142: 23 "I have no objection to my witness statement being 24 published as part of the evidence to the Inquiry. 25 I believe the facts stated in this witness statement are 1 true."

2		I understand that you signed the statement on
3		26 October 2017; is that right?
4	Α.	Yes, that's right.
5	Q.	Okay. If we can go back to the beginning of your
6		statement, please, you tell us at paragraph 4 that you
7		were in care from a young age?
8	Α.	Yes.
9	Q.	And you describe that your mother had mental health
10		issues
11	Α.	Mm-hmm.
12	Q.	and as a result she wasn't able to look after you; is
13		that right?
14	Α.	Well, when she was went to hospital, I would be put into
15		care. And when she got out of hospital I would be put
16		back in my mum's care and this kind of started from as
17		far back as five-year-old, I think.
18	Q.	Okay, so you were going back and forth into the care of
19		your mum?
20	Α.	Yeah.
21	Q.	I think you tell us in this paragraph that you moved.
22		You lived in Irvine to begin with and then you moved
23		across to Musselburgh?
24	Α.	Yeah, that's correct.
25	Q.	You talk about issues that you had with the police from

1	quite	а	young	age	at	paragraph	5.

2	A.	Yeah. That was because my mum was so mentally ill, she
3		couldn't function, really, how to look after herself,
4		never mind me, and we were in poverty quite a bit,
5		without food, so I started committing crimes and if
6		I got say £60, I would give my mum £30 and tell her, "Go
7		get food and cigarettes for yourself", and this started
8		at such a young age that it didn't stop until I became
9		an adult, really, and grew out of it.
10	Q.	You're saying, I think, that your mum was struggling for
11		food, even
12	A.	Yeah.
13	Q.	and you began stealing
14	A.	Yeah.
15	Q.	to
16	Α.	Support her.
17	Q.	get money to put food on the table?
18	A.	Mm-hmm.
19	Q.	You tell us a bit about that over the page at
20		paragraph 6 and you say about some of the things that
21		you were doing from quite a young age.
22		There came a time that you went into foster care and
23		we know that you were in a couple of places before you
24		went to live with JCX/SPO, which is the one that we

1 A. Yeah.

2	Q.	Did you have any view about whether you should be in
3		foster care or not?
4	Α.	No yeah. I didn't think I should have been put into
5		a family setting because I had a free hand at such
6		a young age that I was never disciplined and I done
7		whatever I wanted, which wasn't always the right thing
8		to do but at a young age I didn't know, and I feel that
9		I shouldn't have been put into a family setting.
10		I should have been put into a young person's unit to be
11		educated that, look, this is not the right path you're
12		on sort of thing. And I think I was young enough for my
13		nature to go along with that, really, if I was properly
14		corrected, rather than sent to children's panels back
15		and forward where none of it even mattered, to be quite
16		honest.
17	Q.	Okay. Can you remember if you ever spoke to your social
18		worker about, you know, whether you should be in
19		a residential setting or in a foster care
20	Α.	I can't recall. I don't think I did actually.
21	Q.	So that's maybe you're reflecting back on your time?
22	Α.	Yeah.
23	Q.	You've come to the view that you might have been better
24		cared for in a residential setting
25	Α.	Yes.

- 1 Q. -- than in a family setting?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- Q. Okay. You tell us at page 2 of your statement that you
  spent a little time, I think, with a family in Gifford?
  A. Yeah.
- 6 Q. You talk about that at paragraph 8.
- 7 A. A Mr and Mrs , I think it was.
- 8 Q. Okay. And what were they like?
- A. They were okay. It was only a short term I was there 9 for. And I was really upset at the time because that 10 11 was the final time that I would be separated from my mum 12 on a longer-term basis and it did affect me quite a bit. 13 And I read in the social inquiry reports that -- that 14 that's left a head -- or I can't recall what it meant, sorry, a hereditary thing, I don't know, that it's 15 affected my mum and me being separated, or separated it 16 17 says in the social records, and Mr and Mrs was
- 18 just a short term where I never really got to understand 19 them, really, to be honest.
- Q. Okay. You say at paragraph 11, you talk about your mum there and you say that you never saw your mum for about five years after you went into care in East Lothian?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. Is that what you're talking about?
- 25 A. Yeah.

1	Q.	That you were then separated from your mum and you
2		weren't able to see her
3	Α.	Left a legacy, a "legacy" was the word, sorry. A legacy
4		on me and it's left a legacy on my mum, getting
5		separated.
6	Q.	Okay. You say that you're not sure whether it was
7		because she was ill or not at the time?
8	Α.	I believed it was my fault because of all the trouble
9		I had gotten into and at an older age I read my records
10		again and there was a letter from my mum to the social
11		work department pleading with them to like do something.
12		Now I don't blame my mum because I was so out of control
13		that I think my mum was being pressured by people in the
14		town to get me under control. I was hanging about with
15		older people, committing crimes all the time and I think
16		it was just too much for my mum, plus her own mental
17		health, really.
18	Q.	You tell us at paragraph 12 of your statement at the
19		bottom of page 2 that you went into foster care with the
20	J	CX/SPO
21	Α.	Yeah.
22	Q.	From your records we know that you were there for just
23		round about two years, so we have the dates from your
24		records so it was 1987 to 1989,
25		so when you were between the ages of about 14 and 16 you

1 were there.

2 A. Mm.

What were JCX/SPO 3 like? Q. It was a fully functioned house. Mr was 4 Α. an architect and Mrs JCX was a housewife and they had 5 6 something like four children. They had two daughters, 7 and , I think it was, who stayed in the 8 family home, and she had two sons who had left the family home. And it was a fully functioned house, it 9 seemed okay to start with, but it was more -- I did read 10 11 in the records that they thought they would give me the 12 short sharp shock treatment sort of thing, which didn't work. But I do believe that they should have looked 13 14 further or explained what it was like with my mother to 15 get an understanding rather than just take me on board when they had first seen me, because they didn't -- they 16 17 didn't understand why I was behaving the way I was behaving and I wouldn't -- I was too young to give them 18 any indication of that. 19 Mrs JCX 20 was kind of strict, which I rebelled against. I couldn't deal with that because I'd never 21 22 been disciplined before, so it was kind of -- it 23 affected the relationship there. 24 LADY SMITH: 'John', you'd have been about 13, would you,

25 when you moved there?

1 A. Roughly about that, yes.

2	MS	INNES: If we go over the page, please, to page 3, and at
3		paragraph 15 you talk there about them being quite
4		strict.
5	A.	Yeah.
6	Q.	I think that's what you mentioned a moment ago in your
7		evidence, that your understanding, looking back at your
8		records, is that the plan was to give you a short, sharp
9		shock?
10	A.	Yeah. I think I think she had been headhunted for
11		it, really. I don't know. I think the trouble I was
12		getting into, that would have helped, probably well,
13		they thought, anyway.
14	Q.	They thought it would help, okay. I think what you said
15		a moment ago is that it didn't help?
16	Α.	No.
17	Q.	You talked about them not having an understanding of
18		your background.
19	Α.	Mm-hmm.
20	Q.	And the time that you spent with your mum. Do you mean
21		that JCX/SPO didn't understand that or do you mean
22		that the social work department didn't really understand
23		that?
24	Α.	Looking back and looking at the records I think both of
25		them didn't understand that, because noticing in my

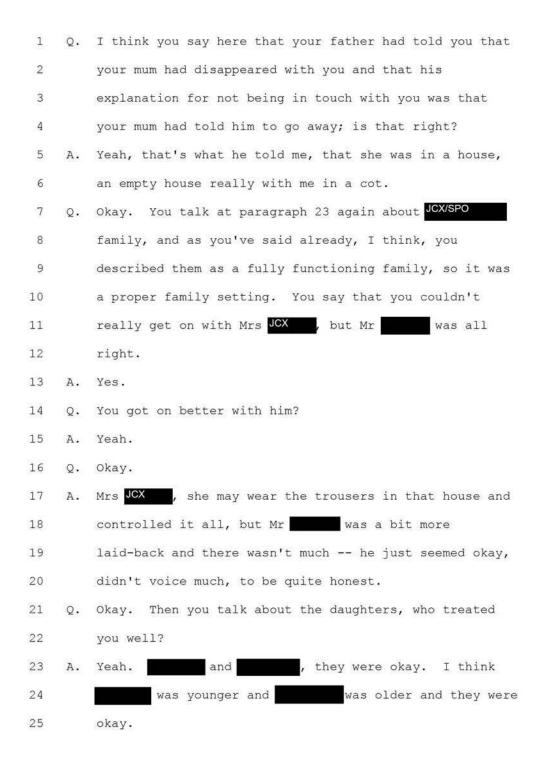
1		records it states that before Haddington I had good
2		relationships with adults, no communication problems,
3		good strong friendships with my friends and no
4		behavioural problems, then further on how that all
5		disappeared, where I couldn't communicate with adults
6		and the trouble escalated, that they should have they
7		should have maybe picked up on that really, I'm not
8		sure.
9	Q.	At paragraph 16 you describe there what you mean by what
10		you've said in your statement, which is that Mrs $\frac{JCX}{JCX}$
11		was heavy handed.
12	A.	Yes.
13	Q.	So what sort of things did she do, can you remember?
14	Α.	Well, for one instance she shook me and then slapped me
15		across the head, and that was her way of saying
16		trying to shape me to say get some sense into your head
17		kind of thing or stop this behaviour, along those lines:
18		this is very unacceptable behaviour. Then she found
19		a lighter in my bedroom and dragged me by the scruff of
20		the neck, "What's this?" So I just I'd never been
21		treated like that by my mother or anything like that, so
22		I don't know if I'd ran away at that point, because
23		I ran away a few occasions.
24	Q.	Mm-hmm.
25	Α.	But I just didn't I wasn't treated it felt like

1 I wasn't treated fairly, to be quite honest. I wasn't 2 sat down and spoken to and made to realise that, look, 3 this is the wrong path. 4 Nobody really bothered about that, to be quite 5 honest. 6 Q. Okay. So you talk about that she hit you, as you've 7 described, and you described her also pushing you 8 backwards? A. Yeah. 9 Q. Was that another occasion? 10 11 A. That was still the same: this is unacceptable behaviour. 12 Q. Okay. Then you say that one of her daughters stepped in 13 and stopped her? 14 A. Yeah, I think her name was 15 O. What did she do? A. I think she seen the shock in my face and then 16 17 had came in and stopped her mother from going any further. That was in the kitchen. 18 Q. Okay. Then at paragraph 17 you say there that you 19 20 remember running away from the house and you think you 21 did that at least four times? 22 A. Yes. I done that -- the longest was for nine days in 23 Edinburgh. 24 Q. Okay. 25 A. There was points where I got caught on the motorway by

1 the police trying to walk home to Musselburgh from 2 Haddington, things like that. When the abuse started, 3 I started running away because of that as well. And it 4 does state in the records that at one point I ran away 5 where they were shocked because everything seemed to be 6 going well in the family home. 7 Q. Okay. 8 A. But with the abuse happening, they didn't know that, so 9 I didn't know -- I blocked it out myself, I think -- but I wasn't asked why I ran away once, so I feel as if 10 11 I was tolerated rather than guided, to be quite honest. 12 Q. Okay. We'll come back in a moment to the time that you 13 ran away for longer. 14 You say at paragraph 18 a little about contact from 15 your mum and you say that you don't remember getting any letters from your mum, although you've seen in the 16 17 records that it says that you were getting them. A. Yeah, I can't recall any of these letters, I can't 18 19 recall writing to my mum either. 20 Q. Okay. Then at paragraph 19 you talk about running away 21 once to try and see her? 22 A. Yeah. 23 Q. Is that when you were going from Haddington to 24 Musselburgh, was to try to see your mum? 25 A. Yeah. Walking.

1 LADY SMITH: Did you know where she was living?

2 A. Yeah, it was in Musselburgh. I don't know if she was 3 still in the house at that time or whether she had moved 4 on with her new husband Mr 5 whether I would find her or not to be quite honest, but 6 I just made the attempt to go and try. 7 LADY SMITH: I see. You knew that that was where she had 8 been? 9 A. Yes. 10 LADY SMITH: Thank you. 11 MS INNES: If we go on to the next page, you talk at 12 paragraph 22 about speaking to your father, so did you 13 have any contact with your father at all when you were 14 a child? 15 A. No, none at all. 16 Q. Okay. 17 A. I did track him down through the Salvation Army at 18 40-year-old and I was quite shocked when he says, "What 19 took you so long?" I didn't respond to that, but he --20 it was only one phone conversation we had for about 20 21 minutes. Then I said I would phone back then there was 22 no answer, so I got in touch with Salvation Army to see 23 if he was okay and they said he didn't want it, it was 24 too much for him and he didn't want to continue 25 anything. So I had to accept that to be guite honest.



1 Q. Were they still at school when you were there?

2 A. Yeah.

3 Q. Were they older than you or younger than you?

A. was older, I think she was a year older or two
years older and was about maybe two or three
years older herself. One of them was adopted, I can't
recall, I think it was who was adopted by the
JCX/SPO family.

9 Q. You talk at paragraph 24 about your criminal activity at10 the time and you say that:

11 "... there was things I knew they couldn't find out 12 about."

13 A. Yeah, that was -- I was never spoken to about that and 14 if I got anything I wouldn't -- they wouldn't know about 15 that if I'd committed crimes, until I'd charged. If 16 I got charged, that would be the only time they would 17 find out that I'd been up to no good, but if I didn't 18 get charged, then that was it, I got away with it, 19 simple as that, really.

Q. When you talked earlier in your evidence about going tochildren's panels, was that to do with offending?

22 A. Yes.

Q. Okay. Then you talk about being allowed to smoke at paragraph 25, but you say that Mrs JCX tried to structure things, which was fair enough?

1 A. Well, because I'd been smoking before then, I'd been 2 smoking in the house slyly and she smelled the smoke, so I think it was agreed with Mrs JCX and the social 3 4 worker to take control of that by allowing me to smoke 5 at the back door and keep the cigarettes on top of the 6 fridge, so it took a while for that to happen but it did 7 happen. 8 Q. Then you say at paragraph 26 what you've already mentioned in your evidence, that the main thing was that 9 10 you feel that you were more tolerated than guided, and 11 you think that was because of the fact that you'd been 12 criminally active. 13 A. Yes. I was never -- I was just -- there was never any 14 education otherwise than children's panels or 15 discipline. Nobody sat down and says, "You're doing the wrong thing here", because I started to look after my 16 17 mother and I was innocent enough at a young age for it 18 to stop if I got the right guidance but I didn't, 19 I didn't get the right guidance. 20 Q. Then you say it felt like it was that they couldn't wait 21 for you to turn 16 to get you out of the house. 22 A. Yeah, well, once I got charged at 16-year-old, at that 23 time your name and address would be declared on the papers and Mrs JCX says she didn't want her name in 24 25 the papers -- address, sorry, in the papers, so I had to

- leave, so I did.
- 2 Q. And you did leave when you were 16?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Where did you go initially when you were 16?

5 A. When I started to -- the perpetrator Mr Lowry had

6 already set all that up. He had two 7 and it was agreed that -- by the social flats 8 work that I'd move to some sort of location, I can't recall the name of it. It was a hostel, I think, and 9 10 Mr Lowry was pulling the other way so I thought, well, 11 the damage is done and if I move away that's another 12 time I'm going to lose all the friends that I've made, going to have to start from scratch, so innocently 13 14 enough I went along with Mr Lowry's way. I don't think the social work was too happy about that, but again it 15 was like what good have yous done anyway to be quite 16 17 honest, so good riddance.

Q. Okay. We'll come back to that again in a moment when we
start talking about Mr Lowry. But was the snooker club,
where was that, was it in Haddington?

21 A. That was in Haddington, yeah.

- Q. If we can move down to paragraph 28 where you talk about
  Mr Lowry and Mrs JCX allowing something to happen.
  Just to put that in context, you talk in this paragraph
- 25 about going away on holiday, so you say that JCX/SPO

1 went away to Germany on holiday but they never took you
2 with them?

3 A. Yeah, they went on holiday about three occasions and the 4 reason why I says I couldn't go is the police have got guns abroad, she said, and they didn't -- they didn't 5 6 think -- they didn't trust whether I'd start offending when I was abroad or not. I don't know if I would have 7 8 or wouldn't have, I don't know, but she just said the police have got guns abroad, you can't come, and I got 9 put into other foster care settings temporarily while 10 11 they were on holiday. 12 Q. Okay. Then you tell us at paragraph 29 that on one of 13 these occasions I think you were allowed to go away with

14 Mr Lowry and his two children to Butlins.

A. Yeah, Mr Lowry had approached Mrs JCX and personally 15 16 asked her if he could take me to Butlins and I didn't 17 understand why they were standing being so friendly when 18 I knew they were bitter towards each other, and I think -- I can only presume that Mrs JCX had 19 20 allowed that to happen to clear their own conscience for 21 not taking me to Germany three times when they went. 22 I don't know. Possibly. But she did agree that that could happen. Without any reference to social workers 23 24 or anything like that, whether it was allowed in their 25 policy.

1		But Mr told Detective Stevie Sutherland that
2		he wasn't happy about that one little bit, but it was
3		Mrs JCX who wore the trousers in that relationship
4		and so what she said goes really and it was allowed.
5	Q.	Okay, so I want to ask you some questions about that.
6		Mr Lowry was a person who Mrs JCX knew; is that
7		right?
8	Α.	I I'd never seen them speaking to each other, but
9		they were aware of each other, yeah.
10	Q.	Where did Mr Lowry live? Did he live locally?
11	Α.	He lived in the same town, Haddington.
12	Q.	What did he do?
13	Α.	He ran a snooker club for young boys. He collected
14		money for disabled children. He collected Christmas
15		hampers for everybody in the town. He had various
16		properties. He worked in the council as a road sweeper.
17		And that's about it, really, I think.
18	Q.	Okay. And how did you meet Mr Lowry?
19	Α.	befriended me, , who invited me to their
20		house.
21	Q.	Were you at school together?
22	Α.	Yeah.
23	Q.	Is that how you met ?
24	Α.	Yeah.
OF	0	

25 Q. Okay. So you were invited to the house and you got to

- 1 know Mr Lowry that way?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 Q. Okay. So on this occasion you understand -- do you have
- 4 a recollection of Mr Lowry speaking to Mrs JCX at the
- 5 house about this trip?
- 6 A. Yeah, he came to the front door.
- 7 Q. Right, okay. And your understanding was that they were
- 8 talking about you going to Butlins?
- 9 A. Mm-hmm.
- 10 Q. Okay. And who else was going on the trip?
- A. \_\_\_\_\_\_. I can't recall their name. One
   of them he did abuse and got convicted for that.
- iz of chem he are usube and got convicted for chat.
- 13 Q. Okay. So it was you, and him. Is that right?
- 14 A. Mm.
- 15 Q. Okay.
- 16
   A. He had
   was not one of them

   17
   that went to Butlins, it was his
   children.
- 18 Q. I see. So not that you had met initially but

?

20 A. Mm-hmm.

- 21 Q. Had you got to know them, were they friends of yours or 22 not?
- 23 A. No, they were too young.
- 24 Q. They were younger, okay.
- 25 A. Yeah.

1	Q.	Okay. So on this occasion Mrs JCX had agreed to you
2		going on this trip and I think you mentioned in your
3		evidence that this was without reference to the social
4		work department?
5	Α.	Yeah. It did it ended up in my records after the
6		invitation was given, so Mrs JCX allowed it without
7		asking for any guidance through social work or stuff
8		like that, whether it would be allowed or not.
9	Q.	Your understanding from reading your records is that she
10		hadn't asked in advance, because you've seen reference
11		to it after it had happened?
12	Α.	Mm.
13	Q.	Okay. You also mentioned in your evidence something
14		about a policy, if there was a policy about holidays?
15	Α.	Sorry, repeat that?
16	Q.	So you mentioned, I think if there was a policy that the
17		council had about holidays or you going away?
18	Α.	Well, I'm trying to take civil action and my solicitors
19		approached East Lothian Council on the aspect of Butlins
20		saying, "Is it in your policy [I can't remember the
21		words she's described it] practically for strangers to
22		take your foster children on holiday". So I've not
23		heard much since then really.
24	Q.	So your solicitors asked East Lothian Council whether
25		they had a policy about these sorts of things, you

1 think? 2 A. Yes. 3 Q. And you don't know what their answer has been? 4 A. No. Q. Okay. Or if there has an answer? 5 6 A. Sorry, there hasn't been an answer yet. She's had to 7 try twice now. 8 Q. I see, I see. Okay. 9 If we can move on in your statement a little, please. If we go over the page to page 5 and 10 paragraph 33, you talk there about food at JCX/SPO 11 12 and I think you say that that was all fine at the 13 JCX/SPO , you were well fed? 14 A. Yeah, three meals a day and sit at the dining table and sat with the family and everything. It's properly 15 16 structured. 17 Q. Okay. Then I think you tell us about school and if we go 18 19 on over the page you talk about having a job and then 20 things that you might do in your leisure time. 21 At page 6 on paragraph 43 you say that you were 22 allowed out at night and you would have to be allowed in 23 by set times? A. Yes. 9 o'clock I think it was. Or maybe 8 o'clock, I'm 24 25 not too sure.

1	Q.	You're not sure if you would stick to that, you said?
2	Α.	I think on and off I did, really, but sometimes not.
3	Q.	Okay. If we go on to the next page, at paragraph 48,
4		for example, you talk about having good memories of
5		being at <b>JCX/SPO</b> house when it was Christmas, you
6		have some good memories at that time?
7	A.	Yeah, they fully included me in that aspect and were
8		quite generous, to be quite honest.
9	Q.	Okay. Then at the bottom of this page, starting at
10		paragraph 50, you talk a bit more about running away.
11		Sometimes you say that you would have stayed with
12		friends in Haddington and I think you've already told us
13		that nobody would ask you why you were running away?
14	Α.	No. I'd run away to Musselburgh as well and for
15		instance I found an empty bottom flat where I'd broke
16		into, but there was nothing in it so I broke into
17		a house and stole a duvet cover and then slept there.
18		And there was another occasion where I slept in a coal
19		cellar and this was me trying to escape from the
20		abuse. And I'd always be arrested and then returned to
21		Haddington.
22	Q.	Then at paragraph 54 at the top of page 8 you talk about
23		a time that you ran away to your sister's bedsit in
24		Edinburgh.

25 A. Yeah. She was staying at the West End in Edinburgh and

1		I stayed there for quite a while and she was a bit
2		concerned. She says, "You'd better hand yourself in",
3		so I said to her, "Well, go to the police station and
4		tell them I'll hand myself in if they send me to
5		a children's home rather than go back to Haddington",
6		and the police said they'd do that, so I handed myself
7		in. They put me in a cell and about half an hour later
8		they come up and say, "You're going back to Haddington",
9		and I says, "And why is that?" And they said, "Because
10		the judge has signed a warrant for your arrest", and
11		then I was just returned and the abuse continued again.
12	Q.	Okay. Your sister, had you had any contact with her
13		other than this during the time that you were in foster
14		care?
15	Α.	No. Well, I think she came to Musselburgh no, not
16		while I was in foster care, no.
17	Q.	How did you know where she was living?
18	Α.	I can't recall that, to be quite honest.
19	Q.	Okay. At paragraph 55 you say that you have no
20		recollection of any panels for the running away.
21	Α.	No.
22	Q.	You don't recall meeting with social workers and talking
23		about it?
24	Α.	No. No. There was no I was just and that's where
25		it comes along to the aspect where I was tolerated

1 rather than guided and it was just like ... it was just 2 accepted that I ran away rather than discussed. 3 Q. If we can move down this page, please, and you talk about the abuse that you suffered when you were at the 4 JCX/SPO 5 6 At paragraph 58 you say that before you moved in with JCX/SPO 7 there was another boy who lived there 8 and he was also a victim to the same perpetrator as you. How did you find out that that had happened? 9 A. Well, I think Mr Lowry had kind of thought he had won me 10 11 over in this abuse and he dropped his -- he dropped his 12 guard and he says, "I done the same to as well". stayed in the foster home 13 before me. He was assaulted. He moved out. I moved in 14 and I was assaulted. And that's when he started 15 referring to Mrs JCX as "that fat cow JCX ", and 16 17 these were the indications that I knew that there was more going on than just me being the victim. 18 Q. Okay. So this boy was somebody who had lived with the 19 JCX/SPO 20 before you and he had moved out before you moved 21 in, is that right? 22 A. Yes. Q. Did you know him at all? Is he somebody that you knew? 23 24 A. No. He said in the court that he knew me, but I can't 25 recall bumping into him or talking to him. I just knew

1 his name and I'd seen a photograph of what he looked 2 like. 3 Q. Okay. So you found out about this person from Mr Lowry? Α. Mm-hmm. 4 5 Then at paragraph 59 you say and you mentioned something Q. 6 about the relationship between Mrs JCX and Mr Lowry 7 and you say here that you didn't know for sure, but 8 looking back they hated each other? A. Yeah. I don't know why this animosity started, but it 9 was obvious it was well underway before I'd moved in 10 11 there, and it was spoken about because somebody spray painted on the wall "Sex at JCX " and the police had 12 13 spoken to him about that and he tried to put it down to 14 me, me spraying that on a wall. So things like that and calling her "fat cow JCX ", and then he gave me a pound 15 and Mrs JCX found out about it, then there was a big 16 17 argument that started about that. So there was obvious indications that there was 18 19 something going on, they didn't like each other. For 20 what reason I don't know. Maybe because he had a reputation in the town. I don't know. Or -- they 21 22 definitely didn't like each other. 23 Q. You mention there had that there was something spray 24 painted on a wall.

25 A. Yeah.

1 Q. Was it "Sex at JCX "?

2 A. Mm.

- 3 Q. When did that happen?
- A. I don't know. It was just the police had referred that
  to Mr Lowry and while he was giving his statement -while he was being charged, I mean, and he blamed it on
  me. He says I wrote that on the wall, which I certainly
- 8 didn't.
- 9 Q. Was that something that came out during the criminal
- 10 proceedings against Mr Lowry or is that something you
- 11 knew about at the time?
- 12 A. I didn't know about that at the time. It was --
- 13 I think -- I don't -- I can't recall whether it was
- 14 spoken about in court or whether it was spoken to him
- 15 while he was being charged.
- 16 Q. I see, okay.
- 17 At paragraph 60, you say again that Mrs JCX would 18 be very stern and raise her voice when Mr Lowry's name
- 19 was mentioned?
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 Q. Was this the case before Mr Lowry came and asked for her
- 22 agreement to go on this holiday?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. You say you feel that she had her suspicions and that
- 25 maybe she just didn't have any proof?

1	A.	Well, it's like, for instance, I bumped into someone 20
2		years after it while I was at Royal Edinburgh Hospital,
3		he was working in the ambulance department, a term I was
4		in a psychiatric ward and I said to him, "Lowry done
5		this", and without a second thought he said, "We all
6		knew that you just suddenly changed", so if they all
7		knew that, then why didn't the foster parents see that
8		and why didn't the social workers see that, because they
9		were in close contact, so whether it was ignored or
10		picked up upon, because Michael Lowry had a reputation
11		in the town at the time expressed as a "poof", because
12		he well, he disguised himself with a family and he
13		did declare at the trial that he did have gay
14		tendencies, but the reason he was described as that was
15		because he had a strong homosexual accent and that's why
16		he was nicknamed that. And I think Mrs JCX was aware
17		of that and maybe had her own concerns but never really
18		voiced them, I think.
19	Q.	Okay. You say in this paragraph that you don't this
20		is you reflecting back and
21	A.	Yeah.
22	Q.	assuming or presuming what Mrs JCX might have
23		thought?
24	Α.	Yeah.

25 Q. Or what her concerns might have been.

1 You mentioned speaking to a person who was working 2 in the ambulance department at the Royal Edinburgh 3 Hospital or that you met when you were at the Royal Edinburgh Hospital. Was this somebody that you had 4 5 known when you lived in Haddington? A. Yes, it was and I'd known him for quite a 6 7 bit in Haddington and been good friends. And he was 8 like, "Oh, it's really nice to see you again" and I was telling him about it and he automatically said, "We all 9 knew that you just suddenly changed", because we were 10 11 all -- there was quite a big group of us that were 12 friends and he arranged for us to meet up, but my section didn't allow me out of hospital and I never seen 13 14 him since. 15 O. Was he a friend at school? A. Yeah. 16 Q. Okay. If we go on over the page, you talk a bit about 17 18 Mr Lowry and the various things that he -- a bit about 19 his family, and then at paragraph 63 about his work, 20 which you've already told us about. 21 Then at paragraphs 64 and 65 you tell us about how 22 the abuse started. And this came about, you tell us, 23 from you talking to him about his nickname or --24 A. No, I'd went -- I was quite callous when I was a young 25 kid so I'd found it amusing that he was described as

1 that and innocently I says, "I'm going to ask him", so 2 I went to where he worked and I asked him. Well, I didn't even get the chance to ask him, I was just 3 immediately assaulted and it kind of stunned me. 4 5 Q. Okay. And that was the first time that it happened? A. Yeah. 6 7 Q. Okay. Then at paragraph 66 you say you think you were 8 about 13 or 14 at the time and that Mr Lowry told you you'd better come back again? 9 10 A. Yeah. Yeah, he did. He was quite forceful with that. 11 Well, strong worded about that. And I was quite --12 I didn't know why I just took his instructions, but I did. 13 14 I was kind of worried that my friends would find out 15 that -- am I like this when I'm not really. I knew it was wrong in a sense, but I didn't understand what was 16 17 going on, really. I did know it was wrong and I was quite frightened by that. 18 Q. Did he say anything to you about not telling anybody 19 20 what had happened or ... 21 A. I don't know. I was just stunned into silence, to be 22 quite honest. I can't recall. I can't recall any 23 conversations with Mr Lowry. That's how bad it was. 24 There was a time where he assaulted me then sodomised 25 me, because I'd caught him masturbating, I'd pointed at

1		him and laughed and he stood up and slapped me full
2		force across the face and then continued to sodomise me.
3		By that time I was terrified and he just dominated
4		the whole situation, to be quite honest.
5	Q.	Okay. You say at paragraph 67 that it was never ending,
6		so this continued to happen did it?
7	Α.	Yeah. Well, it did come to an end
8		in the snooker club and I was in the bedroom and I was
9		sitting crying and he was kneeling down looking up
10		saying, "What's wrong? What's wrong?" And I knew not
11		to say anything, because it would have got manipulated
12		or twisted, and I just kept crying and never said
13		anything, and I think that kind of spooked him. Then
14		the abuse stopped then and then I robbed his snooker
15		club and he had the cheek to try and get me charged
16		about it, but it didn't happen.
17		And I think then he moved away from Haddington and
18		I had my suspicion that later on in life, anyway, the
19		reason he moved was because he probably thought that
20		I was not only robbing his club, that I might have
21		revealed what he was up to and he'd moved away.
22	Q.	You tell us about the occasion that the abuse came to
23		an end at paragraph 68. Then at paragraph 69 you say
24		that you think it was happening to you no less than
25		three times a week.

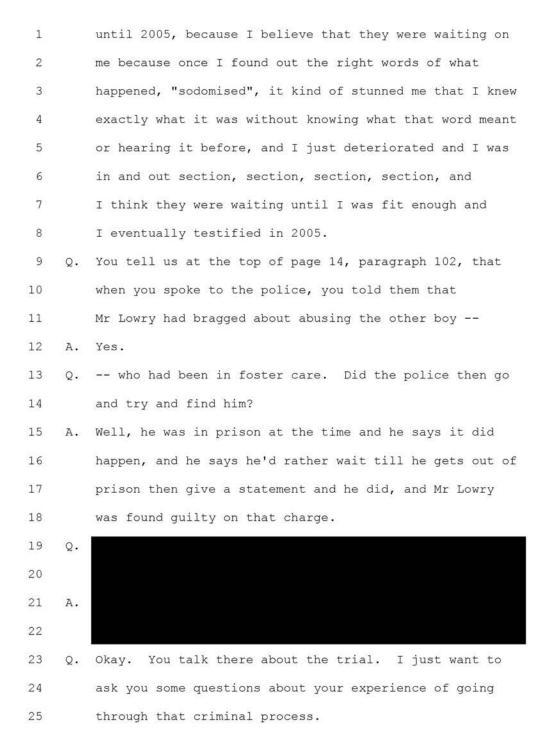
1	A.	Sometimes sometimes more than that.
2	Q.	I think you tell us elsewhere in your statement that
3		this also happened when you were on holiday at Butlins?
4	Α.	Yeah, on multiple occasions.
5	Q.	Okay. You go on to tell us over the next page about
6		some of the things that you've already talked about in
7		your evidence so I'm not going to go over that.
8		At paragraph 73 you talk about the relationship
9		between JCX/SPO and Mr Lowry and you've already
10		explained that, but you say there:
11		"I think the fact that [the other boy] and me were
12		both in their foster care is more than just
13		a coincidence."
14	Α.	Yeah, I'm it was well, he was abusing us and when
15		he would refer to Mrs $\mathbf{J}^{CX}$ it seemed like he was not
16		just evil and targeting vulnerable children, it was also
17		specifically because it was Mrs JCX foster
18		children. Why I don't know, but that was the case,
19		I think.
20	Q.	You say at paragraph 74 that you think he was
21		deliberately targeting children in care with the
22		knowledge that they might not have someone to turn to.
23	Α.	Yeah, and was vulnerable.
24	Q.	Okay. You talk about telling the conversation with your
25		friend who you met later on in the next couple of

1 paragraphs and then at paragraph 77, as you've already 2 said in your evidence, you say that if your pals knew 3 what was going on, how come the social work and your 4 foster parents didn't pick up on any changes. 5 A. Yeah. 6 Q. I think you've also had a look at your records and you 7 maybe mentioned earlier that, you know, reading your records before you went to JCX/SPO you had good 8 relationships with people --9 10 A. Yeah. 11 Q. -- and that changed? 12 A. I had good relationships with adults and good 13 relationships with my peers and I could communicate 14 properly, I had no behavioural problems. Then for that to be that way then suddenly just all fall apart, then 15 JCX/SPO never knew what I was like before the abuse 16 17 and the social workers did, they had the records and 18 they should have been referring to what I was like 19 before I'd moved to any foster home or to try to 20 identify why it's all suddenly changed. 21 Q. You move on in your statement to tell us about your life 22 after care, and if we move on to page 13 you then talk about reporting abuse that happened when you were at the 23 JCX/SPO 24 25 At paragraph 96 you say that you felt you couldn't

1 tell your friends what was happening?

2	Α.	Yeah. I was too I was too embarrassed. I thought
3		I would be classed as a homosexual when I wasn't, and it
4		was just embarrassing, really.
5	Q.	At paragraph 97 you say that you've told some people,
6		but years later and you have to be careful as they don't
7		understand the depth of it all. Can you explain that?
8	А.	Well, that results in behavioural problems and just the
9		whole aspect of abuse, really. It was so the abuse
10		was so severe that there was all sorts of difficulties
11		from behavioural problems, everything. It was so deep
12		and it took years upon years to go through counsellors,
13		like maybe six years' counselling, to get everything
14		unravelled and come to and just get it all spoken
15		about, to be quite honest.
16	Q.	Okay. You say at paragraph 98 that Mr Lowry did tell
17		you to keep your mouth shut so you didn't tell your
18		foster carers.
19	Α.	Well, he did, but it's not just him telling me. Its was
20		just the shock of what I'd been through. It was
21		I was trying to be a normal 14-, 15-, 16-year-old boy,
22		but blocked out in the back of my mind I knew that this
23		was really disturbing so I'd started turning to solvents
24		to deal with it, to block it out, and they were only
25		a temporary release sort of thing from reality. It

1		would wear off and you'd be back until I got into drugs.
2		Then that was a different matter and that lasted for 30
3		years.
4	Q.	I think you tell us in your statement that you had
5		difficulties with drug addiction for
6	Α.	Yeah.
7	Q.	as you say, a period of 30 years.
8	Α.	Mm-hmm, mm-hmm.
9	Q.	You talk at paragraph 99 about being fearful of
10		Mr Lowry.
11		Then at paragraph 100 you say:
12		"I never told anyone about the abuse for 16 years."
13		When did you first tell somebody about the abuse
14		that had happened?
15	Α.	Well, I was in my house in Leith in Edinburgh and I was
16		in a very bad way, I was deteriorating mentally, and
17		when I deteriorate I don't ask for help because I can't
18		identify it, but when the NHS come, they usually say,
19		"Do you think you need the hospital?" And I would say,
20		"Aye", but I was in my house and I was deteriorating and
21		I was like: what the hell's wrong with me?
22		There was a wee indication in my mind that this had
23		happened, I remembered it, then I automatically told my
24		CPN and then she says, "Phone the police", and I did and
25		I gave a statement in 2001. Then the trial didn't start



1 A. Mm-hmm.

2	Q.	You say that it waited until you were well enough to
3		give evidence is your understanding.
4	Α.	Yeah. I gave the statement in 2001. On indictment
5		charges you are usually up court within a year and it
6		didn't happen until 2005 and I'd keep somehow when
7		I was in hospital I would receive letter from the
8		Procurator Fiscal stating that the trial's been deferred
9		for another six months and this continued until about
10		2005.
11	Q.	Okay. Then in 2005 did you give evidence at the trial?
12	Α.	Yeah, I did. He pled not guilty all the way and it was
13		quite a short trial, maybe three, four, five days, and
14		I just told the Procurator Fiscal everything they need
15		to know and he try to draw as much information as he
16		could, and then I got cross-examined and I just
17		I just stuck to the truth and then for instance,
18		I was in my house and I had all my records and I was so
19		far gone I didn't even read any of them apart from the
20		Sunday night where I'd read that in 1988 I was sent to
21		a psychiatrist to find out why I was committing crimes
22		and he stated that I didn't have any ongoing mental
23		health problems at that time and I knew exactly what
24		I was doing.
25		Then at the last minute, the last piece of evidence

<ul><li>2 a clerk came and put a piece of</li><li>3 believe I was reading the exact</li></ul>	
3 believe I was reading the exact	
	same article l'd read
4 the night before, except they c	changed all the words in
5 it. It says, "You have been me	entally ill since 1988"
6 and I cannot recall what was sa	aid and he raised his
7 arms three times, saying, "Well	, well, well" and
8 I said, "Well, that's not what	it says in my medical
9 records, is it?" He tried to r	refer back to it so
10 I said, "Look, I'll go home now	v and get them now and
11 prove that that's not what it s	says". I should have went
12 further and said, "You have fab	pricated this evidence to
13 protect the likes of that", and	d I was quite shocked at
14 because I have an understan	nding of the education you
15 have to go through to be a QC a	and everything, so that he
16 would actually do something lik	that to protect someone
17 who's raped three children kind	d of I didn't
18 understand why	
19 Q. You didn't understand why that	was being put to you?
20 A. No.	
21 Q. A few things I want to ask you	about in relation to your
22 experience of giving evidence.	
23 Did you give evidence in co	ourt itself?
24 A. Yes.	
25 Q. Was there any screen between yo	ou and Mr Lowry or not?

1 A. No.

2	Q.	How did you feel about being in the same space as him
3		and being able to see him?
4	Α.	I was quite solid, I felt quite strong that I had a lot
5		of support and I wasn't in the room on my own sort of
6		thing. And the Procurator Fiscal asked me at the end,
7		"How do you feel about this man?" And I just says,
8		"I feel nothing for him".
9	Q.	Did you have any supporter in court with you?
10	Α.	Yeah, I did. His name was Roy Henderson and he was from
11		Health in Mind. While we were in the witness room and
12		he didn't mention to me that he would be coming into the
13		court and when I went into the witness box the wee clerk
14		had got a chair for Roy to sit beside the Procurator
15		Fiscal facing the jury, and it just gave me a sense of
16		strength, really, and confidence.
17	Q.	That he was there, okay.
18		In terms of cross-examination, you mentioned about
19		the questions that you were asked. I think those were
20		about your medical records; is that right?
21	Α.	Yeah.
22	Q.	How did you feel about the fact that the defence had
23		access to your medical records?
24	Α.	Oh, that really upset me, because he was using them
25		against me and I just felt I just felt that made

1		me distrust the NHS after that and times I've referred
2		to them saying, "Look, there's no such thing as private
3		and confidential in the NHS", I said, "Your records can
4		be used against you at any given time if need be", and
5		that broke down relationships for quite a while.
6		But since I've been stable since 2009 and getting to
7		the other side of psychiatry other than the hospital,
8		it's brought my confidence back up in them, but it did
9		really upset me, that.
10	Q.	Then, as you said, Mr Lowry was convicted?
11	Α.	Yeah.
12	Q.	How did you feel when the verdict came back and he was
13		found guilty?
14	Α.	I was happy, really strongly happy and relieved. In
15		a sense I knew he would be guilty because I had
16		an understanding of the law, I mean you only need two
17		witnesses to convict someone and there was three of us
18		and I knew we were all telling the truth and I had seen
19		there had been nobody out for him, so I was quite
20		pleased when he was found guilty and even more pleased
21		when he was sentenced.
22	Q.	You say that when he was sentenced you felt everything
23		coming back to you that was taken away?
24	Α.	Yeah. When he was sentenced he got eight years and he
25		collapsed in the dock. Then I felt everything

1		returning, my pride, my dignity, my innocence and my
2		self respect, I felt that all returning and it took
3		a long time to mature and develop but it was definitely
4		returned and that was the reward of justice that I'd
5		got.
6	Q.	Okay. You mentioned that he was given eight years?
7	Α.	Yes.
8	Q.	How did you feel about the length of the sentence that
9		he received?
10	Α.	I knew it would crush him, but at the end of the day he
11		should have got longer, I feel, because I don't know
12		what's happened in the two other victims' lives, but
13		with what's happened in my life, the trail of
14		destruction I've left, the positions it's got me into,
15		it's just he should have he should have got longer
16		for that.
17		When I was growing up in prison I could reflect, I'd
18		had the knowledge that people who commit sex crimes get
19		sentences are usually lenient.
20		When I was in prison at one point, when I had fell
21		mentally ill from the last time I had been in prison,
22		I was reading an article in the paper from the late
23		Lord McCluskey and he said in his own words how come
24		a man who smuggles cannabis into the country will be
25		sentenced to 20 years when another man who rapes and

1		sodomises a woman only gets 5 years. Now yous all tell
2		me that. And I remembered because I've witnessed it all
3		my life.
4	Q.	Yeah, so you feel that you talk there about the
5		lifelong impact that this has had on you and you've
6		talked about your difficulties with drugs and also your
7		mental health difficulties and also the offending, so
8		you talk about a trail of destruction as well.
9	Α.	Yeah.
10	Q.	So other people have been impacted?
11	Α.	Yeah. And it's just a lot of people have been hurt in
12		my life by my actions and I'm just glad that it never
13		crossed my mind to make a victim be a victim, but it's
14		just but other offending, hurting people's feelings,
15		breaking into their property, stealing their cars and
16		how that would make them feel, and I never knew anything
17		or cared it's not that I didn't care about how people
18		would feel, I just didn't even know there was such
19		a thing as feelings. I was that cold-hearted at the
20		time. But until it started happening to me when I got
21		my house broken into and my car stolen and how I felt,
22		I reflected, "Gosh, this is how I've made people feel"
23		and I did shed a wee tear of remorse and that continued
24		to helping me rehabilitate myself and I've been out of
25		trouble now, apart from a driving offence, since about

1 2000/2001 or something.

2	Q.	I think you feel that this impact, is that related to
3		the abuse that you suffered?
4	Α.	Oh God, aye, the abuse was so severe that I've never
5		been in a meaningful relationship. I have no children.
6		I don't know if my mum and dad are dead or alive. It's
7		left me although I've got a lot of professional
8		support around me, but in my personal life it's just me
9		and me only and sometimes I reflect on that and it's
10		kind of it's kind of haunting me really, to be
11		honest. It's kind of disturbing.
12	Q.	If we can move on in your statement to the final
13		section, please, and to page 18 and lessons to be
14		learned. Some of these things you've mentioned in your
15		evidence already, but if I can look, please, at
16		paragraph 138, you say:
17		"I think social workers or carers shouldn't be shy
18		to take that extra step to see if they can get closer to
19		kids if they think there might be something going on."
20	Α.	Yeah, well none of them there was one social worker,
21		for instance, before the abuse happened when I was in
22		Musselburgh staying with my mum, he would take me to
23		snooker club and he'd say, "Right, I've got £5, but the
24		pool is £2, the juice is £1 each, that leaves £2, I'll
25		give you that, but you can't tell my boss", and that's

1 how he started getting to get to know me a bit better 2 and understanding by being generous and drawing me in. 3 I always remember that, but other than that there has never been any kind of understanding or any kind of 4 5 kindness from them really. Just institutionalised 6 treatment sort of thing. 7 Q. Yes, you talk about that in the next paragraph, about 8 showing some humanity. 9 A. Yeah. 10 Q. By putting an arm --11 A. Well, I did -- some of the evidence went missing from 12 the records, but I can recall one saying this must be 13 very painful for me -- sorry, I nearly said my name 14 there, but this must be very painful for such-and-such, 15 but why not put your arm across my shoulder and say, "Look, what's going on here?" That never happened 16 17 Q. Okay. Then you talk at paragraph 140 about being taken 18 away on holiday and that Mr Lowry wasn't even vetted. 19 Well, he appears all over my childhood records and why Α. 20 suspicions weren't raised I don't know. They never 21 checked, they never -- well, it wasn't until I was speaking to a policewoman maybe a couple year ago where 22 23 I says he wasn't even vetted and she said, "Well, he 24 wouldn't have been because vetting didn't start until 25 the Dunblane massacre, so he wouldn't have been vetted".

1 LADY SMITH: The holiday you've told us about, 'John', was 2 to Butlins. Is that right? 3 A. Yes. 4 LADY SMITH: Was it just once that you went there with 5 Lowry? 6 A. Yes. And the Procurator Fiscal on the court case 7 emphasised, "And is that where your mum had taken you?" 8 and there was an indication there that Mr Lowry knew about that, so he's took me to Butlins because my mum 9 10 took me there, and sorry, that -- they just sort of 11 referred to that and I don't know why, but I --12 LADY SMITH: Maybe the idea of what was that it showed it 13 was somewhere she would approve of? 14 A. Yeah, I think that's where he was coming from. 15 LADY SMITH: How long was it? I think you say in your statement it was a long weekend. How many days? 16 17 A. From the Friday to the Monday I think it was. 18 LADY SMITH: How long were your foster carers away at that 19 time? 20 A. They were -- they were at their own house. They weren't 21 on holiday at that time. It was just Michael Lowry had 22 approached to take me to Butlins, but Mr and Mrs JCX/SPO family were still where they were in their 23 24 house. 25 LADY SMITH: Oh, I see. So when you were referring to them

1 having gone on holiday without you, your feeling was 2 that they were approving of this Butlins holiday with 3 Lowry as some sort of compensation for not --4 A. Yeah, I think --LADY SMITH: -- going with them? 5 A. Yeah, I think that's why Mrs JCX had allowed it, 6 7 because -- because specifically maybe to clear their own 8 conscience that they never took me on holiday for any aspect when they'd went on holiday to Germany and so on, 9 and I think that maybe made her feel good that at least 10 11 he got to Butlins, that's not too bad sort of thing. 12 LADY SMITH: When they were away on holiday, who looked 13 after you? 14 A. It was other carers, foster parents. There was about 15 three different foster parents. LADY SMITH: All right. So when they went away on holiday, 16 17 the social worker must have known that they were going to be away and made arrangements for you? 18 19 A. Yes. 20 LADY SMITH: I see. That explains things. Thanks, 'John'. 21 22 A. Okay. 23 LADY SMITH: Ms Innes. 24 MS INNES: Thank you, my Lady. 25 Just finally at the top of page 19, at paragraph 141

1 you mention something you've already covered in your 2 evidence about the telltale signs being there and that 3 those should have been picked up on by the adults, so 4 I think you mean the social workers and the foster 5 parents, is that right? 6 A. Yeah. I think that since I met , he said, 7 "We all knew that you just suddenly changed" and my 8 criminal activity had escalated. Although I was already committing times long before that, it escalate --9 I think it escalated more on a silent cry for help. I'm 10 11 not too sure. I think that was the case. But it did 12 escalate. And I can't recall what other behaviour, but with crimes such as this, there's going to be noticeable 13 things and Mrs JCX should have picked up on that, 14 15 I think. Q. You've talked about running away for example in your 16 17 evidence and you said that part of that on some occasions was to get away from the abuse? 18 A. Yeah. For instance it did state in the records that the 19 20 family's quite shocked that I'd run away when everything 21 was going so well in the family house, but it was the 22 abuse I'd run away for, but they never -- never asked 23 why. Never. 24 MS INNES: Okay. Right, I have no more questions for you, 25 'John'.

1 There are no applications, my Lady. 2 LADY SMITH: Are there any outstanding applications for 3 questions? 4 'John', that does complete all the questions we have 5 for you. A. Thank you. 6 7 LADY SMITH: Thank you very much for engaging with us as you 8 have done. A. You're welcome. 9 LADY SMITH: Both by providing your written statement and by 10 11 coming along here today. I do appreciate that you've 12 had to wait a number of years to do that. A. Mm-hmm. 13 14 LADY SMITH: And that was against a background of having to wait a number of years before you could give evidence at 15 the criminal trial. 16 17 A. Mm-hmm. LADY SMITH: I hope you understand that it's not that we 18 19 don't care about or very much appreciate the statement 20 you've given us. It's to do with the scheduling of our 21 oral hearings in relation to different subject matters 22 and it's only this year that we've started hearings on 23 foster care. 24 But it's been so helpful hearing from you in person 25 in addition to your written statement and hearing you

1 being so frank and at times very fair about your first 2 set of foster parents and your second set of foster 3 parents. I do note that. A. Thank you. 4 5 LADY SMITH: It shows that you're able to look back and 6 appreciate the good things as well as the bad things. 7 A. Well, thanks for having me along to give the opportunity 8 for this. I do appreciate that as well. Thank you. LADY SMITH: Not at all. 9 I'm now able to let you go and I hope you have 10 11 a less stressful time for the rest of today. 12 A. Okay, thank you. 13 (The witness withdrew) 14 LADY SMITH: Ms Innes. MS INNES: My Lady, I think we have a time for a read-in 15 before the break. If I might be excused Ms Rattray will 16 17 deal with this. LADY SMITH: Certainly. 18 19 When you're ready, Ms Rattray. 20 MS RATTRAY: Thank you, my Lady. 'Mary' (read) 21 22 MS RATTRAY: This is a statement of an applicant who wishes 23 to remain anonymous and has chosen the pseudonym 'Mary'. Her statement is at WIT-1-000000469. 24 25 'Mary' was in the care of Strathclyde Regional

Council. She recalls being in three foster placements, two in Cumbernauld and one in Milngavie. However the records recovered are very sparse and there's information in the records of only one of those placements which was with Mrs **FWB** in Milngavie, from **1984** until **1984**.

7 There is a fleeting reference in the records to 8 'Mary' having been previously in care twice in Cumbernauld, but the care settings are not identified. 9 The successor authority is Glasgow City Council. 10 11 "My name is 'Mary'. I was born in 1973. My contact 12 details are known to the Inquiry. I was born in Irvine. I stayed at first with my father's parents on a farm in 13 14 Cheshire, although it may have been Beverley. I then moved at the age of 3 to Springburn in Glasgow to live 15 with my nana. My nana's partner died of cancer. My 16 17 nana hit the drink and my mother turned up and took me to live with her in a Tower block in Sighthill in 18 19 Glasgow with her partner. I have a sister who's six 20 years younger than me and a brother who's eight years 21 younger than me. They are both deceased.

After only three weeks my mum's partner was telling me to call him dad. There was lots of arguing between my mum and dad. My mum was an alcoholic, but I didn't realise this until I was older and all dad thought about

1 was working at the shipyard. He was also an alcoholic. 2 I attended primary school at the time. At the age of six I was sent to live with two of my 3 mum's friends in Dewsbury. They were a lovely couple 4 and I was there for six months and I attended school 5 whilst I was there. 6 7 When I eventually returned home, my mum had given 8 birth to my sister. Dad had been made redundant from the shipyard and we moved to Cumbernauld. 9 10 Mum was totally isolated and miserable in 11 Cumbernauld as she didn't know anyone and dad was always 12 working. My mum again turned to drink. Dad was a workaholic and he decided that we should 13 14 be taken into care, and my sister and I went into the care of a lady in in Cumbernauld. 15 The lady whose name I cannot recall was lovely and 16 17 I can remember thinking that I never wanted to go home. The lady had a wee boy. The lady introduced me to 18 'toast toppers' which were absolutely beautiful and hot 19 20 orange juice. The lady was a calm woman and I felt much 21 loved. I remember going to the school enrolment process 22 for Primary School but by the time I was ready to attend I was sent back home. On arriving home 23 24 in 1981 my brother had been born and we had moved to 25 a huge house in Cumbernauld.

1 Whilst we were in the house at Cumbernauld there was 2 an incident with my nana's new boyfriend. He used to steal plants for his garden. He took me into the bushes 3 on a roundabout in Rutherglen and he was digging up this 4 5 fir tree and he touched me sexually. The police turned up and confronted him as to what he was doing to me, and 6 7 he told the police that he was digging up plants and 8 being only a little girl I confirmed that he was digging up the tree. The police turned up at his house and 9 asked what he was doing. I remember mum quizzing me 10 11 around the kitchen table about him touching me, and 12 I again said that we were digging up plants. I don't remember going round to his house again. I do remember 13 14 people coming in and asking me questions but I didn't 15 know at the time if they were social workers. Mum again hit the drink and she had numerous suicide 16 17 attempts and she became guite ill. We were sent to a new foster home. 18 19 We were at the foster parents' home for a couple of

we were at the foster parents nome for a couple of weeks and their daughter, who was a punk, hated me because she had to give up her bedroom. They also had a foster son who they were going through the process of adopting and he became a really good pal. I was only there for weeks. It wasn't long term.

25 Eventually we returned home and we ended up living

1 in a room and kitchen in Dennistoun where my siblings 2 and I slept in a bed in the kitchen and mum and dad slept in a bed in the living room. Dad just went to 3 work. Mum would regularly say that the place was cursed 4 5 and we would regularly move home. We moved back to Glasgow and I attended primary 6 7 school and my brother and sister attended nursery. Life 8 at home was chaotic as my mum had no support. I remember that my mum punched a glass panel in the 9 kitchen and injured herself. Dad told me to ring our 10 11 social work worker Eric Walker. I remember always going 12 to the office at Cow Point Road to see him. I phoned Eric Walker and told him my mum had injured herself and 13 14 that dad was going to work. They came and we were taken 15 away and I have a fleeting memory of a children's panel. I ended up at the age of eight being taken to Eglinton 16 17 Children's Home and my brother and sister went into 18 foster care at Largs. Life was chaotic. My mum did the best she could and 19 20 she had a crap upbringing herself. Dad just didn't know 21 how to be a dad. He'd grown up in the west of Scotland

22 and the men just went to work."

From paragraphs 15 to 92 'Mary' speaks of her
experiences in Eglinton Children's Home in Glasgow for
about two weeks before being returned to her mother.

2 a lot of involvement with Social Services. Her mum was 3 admitted to hospital because of her mental health. 4 'Mary' and her siblings were taken to Eglinton again. Secondary Institutions - to be published later 5 6 7 8 Moving now to paragraph 93 on page 17: "The social work arranged for us to be in a bigger 9 home because of where we were all sleeping. Just before 10 11 we moved I remember that mum was drunk and dad said ring 12 the social. I rang them and we were moved to a foster home in Milngavie. I think we went to Milngavie in May, 13 14 as I remember having a conversation with the social worker about it being too soon to start school because 15 of the summer holidays. The home was run by FWA-FWB 16 17 FWA-FWB who were aged in their late 30s, early 40s. FWA-FWB 18 had a three-bedroom house. 19 She had a daughter and two sons and a child that she was 20 long-term fostering. She also child minded two kids 21 during the day. One was a boy and there was a girl and 22 us three. My younger sister and brother were in the bedroom with their middle son. They had pull-down beds 23 24 in the attic. The foster daughter was in a bedroom on 25 her own. The other son had his own room. Me and their

She says things became very bad at home and there was

1

1 daughter shared a room.

2 FWB was a bully and he would belittle 3 their middle son in front of us. He worked as a chef and stole large bags of pasta which we lived off. The 4 FWA-FWB were a money-making machine. I can remember 5 not attending school and being sat in their garden all 6 day whilst FWA child minded. FWB idolised 7 8 his daughter but he physically bullied his middle son. FWB wouldn't allow us to sit in the living 9 room when he was home from work. He would just sit 10 11 smoking a cigar. 12 I can recall being there for the whole of the summer because they took us on holiday to Oban with them. 13 14 I can remember that my sister and brother started to wet the bed and the FWA-FWB started smacking them. 15 I recall challenging FWA about the smacking and she 16 17 replied that my dad had given permission for them to do it. I also remember seeing a piece of paper which 18 showed that the FWA-FWB were getting £300 a week for 19 20 our care. The older daughter didn't want us there and 21 she was nasty. I can understand why she was being nasty 22 because they weren't getting any attention. I remember complaining to our social worker 23 Dorothy Hanley about our treatment and that I didn't 24 25 want to be there. Dorothy responded by saying that both

1 my sister and brother were happy to stay. I said that 2 I didn't want to leave them and Dorothy said that there were very few foster parents who would take three 3 children. Dorothy said that we wouldn't be with the 4 FWA-FWB for long and I should just tough it out. 5 I don't remember what my mum was doing but I do know 6 7 that her and my dad had got back together again. Dad 8 was coming to visit on Saturday and we returned to live in the big house in Dennistoun. I had my own bedroom 9 10 which was amazing. 11 At the age of 13 I recall attending a big children's 12 panel meeting. My sister wore her school uniform. I had no further social worker involvement and I was 13 14 effectively caring for my brother and sister full time." From paragraph 101 'Mary' describes her life after 15 Secondary Institutions - to be published later 16 care. Secondary Institutions - to be published later 17 Secondary Institutions - to I will move to paragraph 121 on page 22 18 where 'Mary' speaks of lessons to be learned: 19 20 "I don't think that people should go into foster 21 care with families who have their own children. The 22 family's children will resent the foster kids because 23 their parents' attention will be taken away from them 24 and this should never have been allowed. 25 Hopefully there will be a time when kids don't have

1 to be in care and the families are supported better. 2 There should be spot checks on any establishment and the people doing the spot checks should arrive 3 unannounced. 4 5 You can get all the training in the world but after six months it's all forgotten, so there should be 6 an ongoing evaluation of establishment and staff. 7 8 The person who is in charge of these places should be held responsible for the wrongdoing and criminal 9 charges should be brought against them if things aren't 10 11 followed through. 12 There should be a safer whistle-blowing policy. I have no objection to my witness statement being 13 14 published as part of the evidence to the Inquiry. 15 I believe the facts stated in this witness statement are true." 16 17 'Mary' signed her statement on 9 October 2020. My Lady, that would seem to be an appropriate time 18 19 perhaps for the break. 20 LADY SMITH: To take the morning break. Before I rise, I should mention that with 'John's' 21 evidence the names of JCX/SPO 22 and the , both of whom were foster carers, were mentioned, as were names 23 of children who lived in, in particular, JCX/SPO 24 foster home and we just used the names of FWA-FWB 25

1	FWA-FWB during the evidence. These are names that
2	can be used within this room, but they're all covered
3	within my general protection order and these persons'
4	identities cannot be disclosed outside here.
5	We'll take the break now and sit again at about
6	11.45. Thank you.
7	(11.29 am)
8	(A short break)
9	(11.45 am)
10	LADY SMITH: Ms Innes.
11	MS INNES: My Lady, the next witness has chosen to remain
12	anonymous and is using the pseudonym 'Anna'. She was in
13	the care largely of Lothian Regional Council. She was
14	placed with a Mr and Mrs <b>FKX-FKZ</b> in Dalkeith on
15	1975 and she remained there for the rest of her
16	childhood.
17	'Anna' was from Edinburgh and it appears that
18	officers in Edinburgh dealt with both her and the foster
19	carers, although they lived in Midlothian. City of
20	Edinburgh Council are a relevant successor and
21	Midlothian may also have an interest.
22	LADY SMITH: Thank you.
23	'Anna' (sworn)
24	LADY SMITH: The microphone should help you, 'Anna', but it
25	will also help us. We need to hear you through the

- 1 sound system, so if you can keep in a good position for
- 2 it --

3 A. Of course.

4 LADY SMITH: -- that would be very helpful.

5 That's good, yes.

6 The red folder that's on the desk there has your 7 statement in it and you'll be taken to that in a moment, 8 but we'll also put it up on that screen in front of you 9 and take you to the various parts of it that we're going 10 to discuss with you as we go through your evidence. You 11 might find it helpful, you might not, but it will be 12 there if you want to use it.

Other than that, 'Anna', can I just say from the outset that I do understand that it's not at all easy agreeing to come into a public setting and give evidence in front of people, all of whom are strangers to you, about your life and your life as a child, and in your case the whole of your childhood, I think, that you were in foster care.

20 Sometimes people find, however well prepared they 21 think they are, that their emotions can take them quite 22 by surprise and I fully understand that. If, for 23 example, you'd like a break, whether out of the room or 24 just sitting where you are, that's absolutely fine by 25 me. If it works for you -- or if there's anything else

1 I can do to help you give your evidence as well as you 2 can, let me know, would you? 3 A. Of course. Thank you. 4 LADY SMITH: I'll hand over to Ms Innes now if you're ready 5 to start. Is that okay? A. Yes, uh-huh. 6 7 LADY SMITH: Very well. 8 Ms Innes. MS INNES: Thank you, my Lady. 9 10 Questions from Ms Innes 11 MS INNES: 'Anna', we understand you were born in 1974. Is 12 that right? 13 A. That's correct. 14 Q. If we can look please at your statement, we give it the reference WIT.001.003.0724, and if we can look at the 15 16 final page of that statement, please, and paragraph 88, 17 you say there: 18 "I have no objection to my witness statement being 19 published as part of the evidence to the Inquiry. 20 I believe the facts stated in this witness statement are true." 21 22 I believe you signed this statement on 25 November 2019? 23 A. That's correct. 24 25 Q. Can we go back to the start of your statement, please,

1		and at paragraph 3 you tell us a little of what you know
2		about the circumstances in which you came into care and
3		you talk about your parents. You say that you were
4		always told the reason that you went into care was
5		because your mother had had a car accident and went into
6		hospital and wasn't able to look after you. You say:
7		"The real truth is that my parents were never
8		married and my mother couldn't cope as a single mum."
9		Who was it that told you the story about the car
10		accident?
11	Α.	Both my birth parents and my foster parents corroborated
12		that.
13	Q.	Then when you say that the real truth who told you
14		the real truth?
15	Α.	That's probably conjecture on my part.
16	Q.	I see. Have you ever recovered your records from the
17		City of Edinburgh Council?
18	Α.	No.
19	Q.	We'll come back to that in due course:
20		We know that you were very young when you went into
21		care.
22	Α.	Yes.
23	Q.	You went into care as a baby and you went to live with
24		the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> as a baby as well. If we go over the page
25		to page 2 of your statement you tell us a bit about them

1		at paragraph 5. Mr FKZ , you say he was a miner?
2	Α.	Yes, he worked at Bilston Glen colliery.
3	Q.	Did he do that the whole time that you lived with him?
4	Α.	Up until the point that the mine was closed, when I was
5		about 17 years old or thereabouts.
6	Q.	What did he do then?
7	Α.	He went to work as a handyman for the local council.
8	Q.	What about Mrs <b>FKX</b> , did she work?
9	Α.	She didn't work through our early childhood, and again
10		when I was a later teenager she took a job into sort of
11		mid afternoons into the evenings, where she worked in
12		Gorebridge in a shop.
13	Q.	Okay. You say the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> had two children of their
14		own.
15	Α.	Yes.
16	Q.	You say what you think about their ages. We do know
17		from the records that we have that I think was
18		born in 1976 and was born in 1978, so
19		a couple of years younger than you and then
20		four years younger than you.
21	Α.	(Witness nods)
22	Q.	You say that when you went there they had two further
23		children in foster care?
24	Α.	Yes. I'm not sure whether they were there before

25 I arrived or afterwards, but certainly I remember them

- 1 being there the whole time I was there.
- 2 Q. Were they older than you?
- 3 A. They were.
- 4 Q. You tell us that they were a brother and sister?
- 5 A. They were.
- 6 Q. How much older than you were they?
- 7 A. I think possibly -- am I allowed to say her name?
- 8 Q. Yes.
- 9 A. A way on the second of the sec
- 14 Q. Okay. You say that the **FKX-FKZ** lived in one house and 15 then you think that you moved house when you lived with 16 them?
- 17 A. Yes, only a few streets away, we moved to a larger
- 18 house.
- 19 Q. Roughly how old were you, what class in school were you 20 in when you moved?
- A. I was an infant, so I think I was possibly two years oldwhen we moved into the house that I grew up in.
- 23 Q. Okay. Then you stayed in that house for the rest --
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. -- of the time that you lived with them? Okay. If we

1		can look, please, at the bottom of page 2 and in
2		paragraph 8 you tell us about your earliest memory of
3		your time with the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> and you say that you think
4		it happened when you were about two. Why is it you
5		think you were two at the time?
6	Α.	So very young and the age of and how I guess
7		I had recalled my age in relation to sage. He
8		was the baby in the story. And also the scale of the
9		size of the garden and my reaction to what happened. So
10		the garden felt enormous, so obviously my sort of view
11		of the garden was probably related to how old I was.
12	Q.	Okay. So you're not saying that you were definitely two
13		at the time, you are saying that
14	Α.	No, I was very young.
15	Q.	you were young? Okay. If we go on over the page you
16		talk about this incident. Can you tell us what you
17		remember?
18	Α.	Yeah, I can. I can still see it as sort of an image
19		that sticks with me really vividly. My foster mother
20		was standing to the left-hand side in front of a sofa.
21		My foster father was closer to me and he was holding his
22		son and they were arguing, they were verbally shouting.
23		FKX was shouting quite a lot at FKZ and FKZ
24		was responding, so there was a lot of raised voices.
25		And <b>FKZ</b> had , his infant son, in his arms, and

1		through the course of the altercation, the argument, he
2		held up and he held by the legs and he
3		held him over his head and he was threatening <b>FKX</b>
4		that he was going to drop the "fucking baby", I remember
5		that vividly, and FKX was screaming and she was
6		really distraught and I just really overwhelmed and
7		I ran out of the room and I ran into the front garden.
8		And up the middle of the garden we had a path that
9		led just to a fence, it didn't go anywhere and
10		I remember running to that boundary because that was as
11		far as my world went at that age and just standing there
12		and feeling firstly a sense of panic and just being
13		overwhelmed as to what was happening, and then also this
14		sense of: I don't know what else to do, I have to stay
15		here now because this is the end of the world.
16	Q.	Okay. You say that you feel this set the tone for the
17		rest of your foster placement?
18	Α.	Yeah. And when I was describing these events in giving
19		my statement a few years back, just in terms of that
20		level of violence and aggression was commonplace just
21		throughout my whole childhood, so it was quite
22		normalised. So those sorts of examples, whilst that's
23		quite a you know, a really horrific one, there were
24		quite a few other sorts of events throughout my
25		childhood.

Q. Okay. If we look down to paragraph 10 of your
 statement, you talk about your understanding of the

3 circumstances in which you came to be fostered and you
4 say that you think that they had fostered some children
5 before you lived there?

6 A. Yeah.

7 Q. Was that something that you were told about?

8 A. Yeah, **FKX** spoke quite openly about it. So she 9 spoke openly about the reasons why she had had troubles 10 having her own children naturally, and she spoke about 11 some of the children that had stayed with them prior to 12 me being there.

Q. You then talk about how it came to be that the older children, the foster children that you've already mentioned, they were living in the family home with you and you say that they stayed until their late teens?

17 A. (Witness nods)

18 Q. When did they leave? Did they leave when they turned 18 19 or at another time?

20 A. I can't recall the precise age for each of them, but my

21 foster brother , he left following sort of

22 a physical fight. There had been obviously lots of

23 different violence throughout his childhood as well, but

24 on this one occasion because he was quite, you know,

25 sort of a mature boy, possibly 16/17, maybe a little bit

1 older. There was a really sort of like a man-to-man 2 fight between them. A bed was broken when young -- because they had the same name -- jumped onto 3 the bed to get away from his father who was physically 4 5 bigger, broader than him, and the bed broke and I remember just, you know, the amounts of punches and 6 7 the sound and all the violence. So it was not long 8 after that that moved in with his girlfriend, so he left the house then. 9

10 Q. What about your foster sister?

A. Different circumstances, although it's not reflected in
 my statement.

13 was a very, very kind sister and she did So 14 a lot around the house. I think they were particularly 15 upset because on one occasion she had been out sort of in the evening and she was old enough to be out sort of 16 17 in the evening and she'd stayed out overnight and in the 18 morning they were really upset that she hadn't come home 19 and they were sort of knocking around about the 20 neighbours' doors to find out if anyone knew where she 21 was and it turned out that she had sort of stayed over 22 with a young guy, which they were really unhappy about. So I -- I was told that the young guy was assaulted and 23 was dragged home physically, like in 24 that 25 a really sort of humiliating manner, not fully dressed,

1 back to the house, and then she was essentially thrown 2 out. 3 And at that point had already started work because she had left school. 4 5 Q. Okay. She was on a Youth Training Scheme, and so she packed 6 A. 7 some things, sort of really guite hastily, and then left 8 and that was the last we seen of her, and then she was referred to thereafter in sort of really degrading 9 10 terms. 11 Q. So do you remember her being back at the house and 12 packing a few things? Do you remember that happening? A. I do, yeah. Because there was a lot of commotion, it 13 14 was when she got dragged back into the house and it was 15 really hasty. It was almost like you were having to leave in a rush so she -- and I was really upset. I was 16 17 in her room and she was packing all of her sort of like make-up and things like that. And then when she left, 18 I remember being in her room and seeing the things she'd 19 left behind and feeling really quite sad. 20 21 Q. Okay.

Did the **FKX-FKZ** have any other children that came to stay with them when you were living there on a fostering basis? A. No other foster children, no.

- 1 Q. At paragraph 12 you say that you think that the foster
- 2 children were treated differently to the FKX-FKZ own
- 3 children.
- 4 A. Very much so.
- 5 Q. Okay, in what way?
- 6 A. I never witnessed any violence nor any verbal
- 7 name-calling towards their own children. I was never 8 aware of their own children having to do the excessive 9 amounts of chores that myself and my foster brother and 10 sister had to do. So it was very markedly different. 11 Q. You talk about them showing a lot more affection to
- 12 their own children?
- A. Yeah, indeed. Well, they didn't show any affection to
  myself, nor do I recall any affection to and
- 15
   But in my own case, there was never any

   16
   affection.
- 17 Q. Okay. Then you talk about the houses that you stayed18 in. Did you have your own room in the house that you19 grew up in?
- A. Only towards sort of when I was 16 towards 18, I moved into the downstairs bedroom but that was the point at which obviously had also left the house, so that had been his room at one point. So the rooms moved around. We tended to sort of share when we were younger.

1 Q. Okay. If we go over the page to page 4 and

2 paragraph 14, you describe Mr FKZ as being a heavy 3 drinker and a very violent man?

4 A. Yes.

24

5 In terms of him being a heavy drinker, can you explain Q. 6 what that was like? Was he going out to the pub? Was 7 he drinking in the house? What was happening? 8 A. He didn't drink in the house apart from new year, he was 9 always out at the miners' club. But on the occasions where the drink turned into violence, that was always 10 11 coming home from work. So I recall like being sitting 12 in school uniform and it being a Friday and he didn't 13 come back from his shift at the pit and instead he'd come home drunk later, so **FKX** was obviously upset 14 15 and then she'd have a go at him and then he would become

16 very violent in response.

So the drinking was quite out of sorts in that it was during the day, it was early, it wasn't late into the evening where you maybe would more expect to see people sort of under the influence of alcohol.
Q. What sort of time would he finish up at work at the pit?
A. He worked shifts. So on the occasions where he came

23 home where he'd been drinking, it would generally be

25 finished and then there'd be obviously like a lot of

72

where they've had maybe an earlier shift and he'd

1		repercussions in the house from the drink. But then
		- Maria (Maria) (Maria) (Maria) - Kanda II (Maria) (Ma
2		drinking as well over and above that socially, they
3		drank socially very frequently. They drank every
4		Friday, every Saturday and Sunday evening in the local
5		miners' club and sometimes as well on a Thursday.
6	Q.	Okay. You know that we've spoken to Mr and Mrs FKX-FKZ
7		and if we hear evidence from them that they only really
8		went out on a Saturday night, what's your response to
9		that?
10	Α.	It's not it's not true. And on a Sunday evening when
11		I used to visit go out with my birth parents on
12		a Sunday, it was stipulated I had to be home by 7.30 pm,
13		and that was precisely because that was the point at
14		which the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> would then be going out to the
15		labour club, as it was commonly known, so that was when
16		they were going out drinking.
17	Q.	Okay. Why would you have to be home before they went
18		out?
19	Α.	Because Mr FKZ insisted that obviously when I was
20		returned that my dad, my birth father and he used to
21		stand at the door and exchange a few words.
22	Q.	You say in this paragraph, and you mentioned in your
23		evidence there, that there were incidents of domestic
24		violence between Mr $^{FKZ}$ and Mrs $^{FKX}$ , and you
25		described there might be an argument between them and

1		Mr FKZ would become violent. What sort of things
2		did he do to Mrs FKX that you saw?
3	Α.	Really badly beat her. You know, he'd pull her to the
4		ground by the hair, be punching her, he'd be kicking
5		her. Just really violently assaulting her with his
6		fists and with his feet. And on a couple of occasions
7		he'd terrorise her into the corner. On one occasion he
8		smashed the glass coffee table and I attempted to sort
9		of stand in the way to protect her because I thought he
10		was going to kill her and it distracted him and he
11		turned on me.
12	Q.	What did he do then?
13	Α.	He started coming towards me to sort of assault me and
14		then <b>FKX</b> stepped in to try to protect me and
15		I managed to run out of the room.
16	Q.	Okay. Was Mrs <b>FKX</b> sometimes injured as a result of
17		these altercations?
18	Α.	She was regularly injured, regularly sporting black
19		eyes, and I do believe that on a Saturday afternoon
20		quite regularly her parents would visit the house and
21		I think part of the purpose, on reflection, for those
22		visits was actually to sort of check in on their
23		daughter. Frequently the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> would cancel the
24		visits at late notice if <b>FKX</b> was, you know, visibly
25		sort of black and blue, and equally if we ourselves had

1		any sort of visible marks on us then we were sent sort
2		of upstairs to play so we weren't seen by <b>FKX</b> 's
3		parents when they visited.
4	Q.	Okay. You then go on in this paragraph to say that you
5		used to call your foster parents mum and dad, although
6		you also saw your own birth parents. So did you go out
7		with your birth parents every Sunday?
8	Α.	Yeah. On occasion obviously there would be reasons as
9		to why it wouldn't happen, but that was infrequent.
10		My foster mum was quite it's quite troubling with
11		hindsight. She used to insist that I referred to my
12		birth parents as my "lady" and "man", which was really
13		odd. I knew, absolutely knew never to call them mum and
14		dad, never to even acknowledge that they were part of my
15		life story. She had an illusion that I was her child
16		and she liked to use my middle name, <sup>FJC</sup> , and refer to
17		me as FJC in full.
18		She liked to do that alongside and
19		, who were her child and her sister's child, to
20		sort of give this illusion that we were all some sort of
21		like I don't know, family that were named in some
22		sort of like conscious reason with her sister and
23		similarly the fact that was and that her
24		husband was <b>FKZ</b> . It just created this sense that we
25		were this family that she perhaps was struggling to

1 have.

2 Q. In terms of calling them mum and dad, how did you feel

- 3 about that?
- 4 A. Oh, I hated it. I loathed it.

5 Q. If we hear evidence from the FKX-FKZ that it was you 6 that wanted to call them mum and dad, what's your 7 response to that?

8 A. They were -- they were very leading, they were very 9 controlling individuals, so even like having the surname FKX-FKZ , I hated that as well and I used to get taunted 10 11 at school about it, because it's not the greatest of 12 names, but aside from the fact it wasn't my identity, 13 I think because and were older when they 14 came, it was harder for them to make them take on their name, although they did for a few years. 15

16 You didn't step out of line with the **FKX-FKZ**. You 17 knew how to perform. You knew what was expected of you. 18 And you didn't challenge them because you knew that if 19 you were challenging them that you had to be prepared 20 for the consequences.

21 Q. Okay.

In terms of using your middle name, if we hear from Mrs **FKX** that this is something that your mum wanted her to do, what's your response to that? A. Quite the opposite. My mum was insistent that I was

1 named after my grandmother and I was FJC . FJC was

2 my middle name.

3 Q. Okay.

If we can move a little down on this page to paragraph 16, you talk about Monday mornings being the worst and I think this is linked to what you've already said about them going out on a Sunday night.

8 A. Yeah.

9 Q. Can you tell us a bit about that?

10 A. The reason for me personally why I hated Monday mornings 11 was because I never knew whether they would be up and 12 about, whether **FXX** would be up and about, so she 13 wouldn't be able to get us ready for school and I loved 14 school and I remember crying a lot when she wouldn't be 15 prepared to get us ready for school.

I remember attempting to get myself sorted for school and having to plead with her to get to go to school. And because I would prepare myself for school, then she would usually allow me to go because I'd make such a fuss, but her own children would be quite happy just to sort of go along with staying off because it was easier for her.

23 Q. Okay.

In paragraph 17 you talk about being asked to go tothe bookies to place a bet.

1 A. (Witness nods)

2 Q. Can you tell us about that, please?

A. Yeah, so that happened sort of on and off but there was
one particular occasion that stood out, and I think it
stood out because of the reactions of the people on that
particular day.

7 So you had to go with a note. Whenever the FKX-FKZ needed anything, so on this occasion the 8 bookies, which is about maybe a 20-minute walk from the 9 house down into the central area of Mayfield, and we 10 11 lived right at the top of the housing scheme, and you 12 just had to stand outside. You were told to stand 13 outside and hand this note to every person going into 14 the bookies until someone would accept the note and the 15 money, and it was just such an overwhelming sense of shame because you were having to approach strange men, 16 17 as a child, and ask them to do something and then see 18 their response. It was just -- you know, it was quite 19 crushing. 20 What were the responses of people like? Q.

A. Judgemental and shame and so they were looking pitifullyat me I guess.

Q. Did they know who you were and who your foster parentswere?

25 A. No. Some of them may have, but I wouldn't have been

1 aware of who they were.

2 Q. Then over the page you talk about being sent out to

3 a grocery van?

4 A. Yeah, so again this would be with hangovers and

headaches and suchlike. FKX would frequently sort 5 6 of send us on all sorts of chores, so we were always 7 sent with a note and the money for whatever was needed 8 and sometimes we weren't sent with the money and we were asked to sort of -- in the note to be sort of given 9 goods and that she would then square them up with the 10 11 money at a later date and sometimes the -- depending on 12 which van it was, they would agree, and other times you 13 were sent packing, and again it was just like really

14 humiliating.

15 LADY SMITH: These sorts of incidents like being sent to the 16 bookies or to the grocers in the circumstances you've 17 described, were they tasks that were given just to the 18 foster children or were they also given to the 19 FKX-FKZ own children?

A. I don't have any memory of their own children having to
do similar. I don't even recall that my older foster
siblings would have, because they would have been older.
I think the period of time where I was tasked was
probably where it was more age appropriate for me
compared to the older children, who were maybe off doing

1 other things.

2	LADY SMITH: Thank you.
3	MS INNES: Roughly how old were you? Or were you at primary
4	school or secondary school.
5	A. Yeah, primary school going into early secondary school.
6	Q. Okay.
7	LADY SMITH: But it wasn't age appropriate for a primary
8	schoolchild to be sent to the bookies, was it?
9	A. Of course not, but that was my reality. So everything
10	was normalised. That's all I knew. All I knew was that
11	you go tap on neighbours' doors to ask for stuff,
12	whether that's money or food or milk or a babysitter or
13	a loan of money. They were really just notorious at
14	doing it and I didn't know any different.
15	LADY SMITH: Thank you.
16	Just going back to your schools, how did you get to
17	school? Were they close enough for you to walk?
18	A. It was quite a distance. It was walkable. In the
19	winter it was quite difficult because we lived up
20	a really steep hill and really snowy and we generally
21	never had appropriate clothing. We always arrived at
22	school with very, very wet feet and freezing cold hands
23	and I remember on one occasion being told to run my
24	hands under the tap when we'd come home because it was
25	so cold my hands had kind of frozen and they were

painful and I had run them under the cold tap thinking
 that they would heat them up.

But no, it was we walked to school and we walked everywhere. We didn't have a car for transport. But they didn't have an active interest in us. They didn't escort us anywhere. They didn't accompany us to anything. We were just sort of sent off as almost like little errand boys and girls.

9 LADY SMITH: Thank you.

10 MS INNES: You talk at paragraph 19 about ringing the

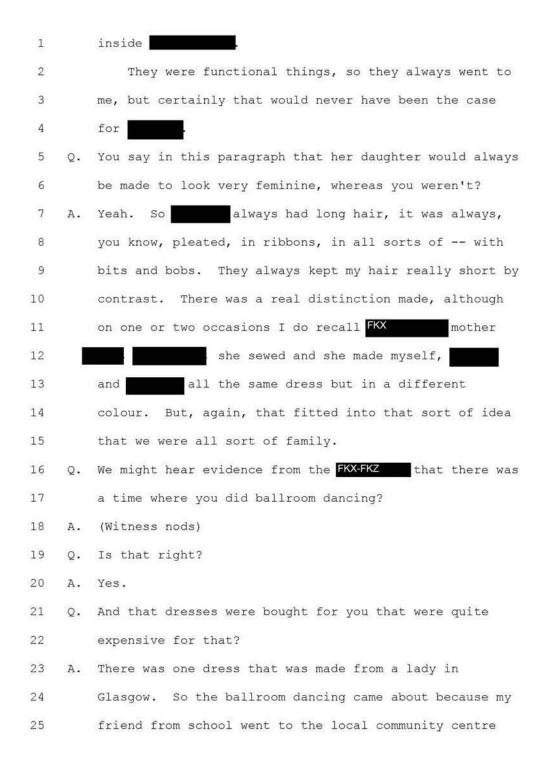
11 neighbour's doorbells and again I think asking

12 a neighbour to put a bet on. And you remember -- you 13 talk about an occasion where the neighbour's husband was 14 furious when you went to the door.

15 A. Yeah, exactly, because we'd woken him from a night shift 16 and I knew that he worked night shifts and you could 17 tell because their bedroom curtains would be drawn and even though you'd highlight that to FKX 18 , she still 19 insisted that you went. And it was almost less painful 20 to knock the door and know that there would be 21 consequences from upsetting the neighbours than it would 22 be to come back to the house having failed on the task. 23 Q. You talked about going to neighbours to ask for a loan 24 of money and then sometimes being asked to go to the van 25 and ask for buy now pay later. Were they short of

1 money?

Α.	They always we always felt poor. We always had less
	than everyone else. I could never understand it, but
	again that was just normal. They should not have been
	short of money. They were being paid, again as an adult
	they were being paid to care for three foster children,
	but clearly we were then enabling their lifestyle.
Q.	At paragraph 20 you talk about clothes and I think you
	say that you were wearing hand-me-down clothes, I think
	with a name on them, a boy's name on
Α.	(Witness nods)
Q.	and you had to wear their old clothes?
Α.	Yeah.
	So we would again, we were like, sort of, people
	felt sorry for us, so they would hand in bags of
	clothes, but again more generally it was routine to
	share things like hand-me-downs and suchlike, but
	share things like hand-me-downs and suchlike, but
	share things like hand-me-downs and suchlike, but often and I think <b>FKX</b> particularly took she
	share things like hand-me-downs and suchlike, but often and I think <b>FKX</b> particularly took she took a bit of, you know a twisted sort of sense of
	share things like hand-me-downs and suchlike, but often and I think <b>FKX</b> particularly took she took a bit of, you know a twisted sort of sense of pleasure in giving me all these clothes that belonged to
	share things like hand-me-downs and suchlike, but often and I think <b>FKX</b> particularly took she took a bit of, you know a twisted sort of sense of pleasure in giving me all these clothes that belonged to and they all had you know
	share things like hand-me-downs and suchlike, but often and I think <b>FKX</b> particularly took she took a bit of, you know a twisted sort of sense of pleasure in giving me all these clothes that belonged to and they all had you know sewn into the clothing and again what stuck out to me
	Q. A. Q.



1 and there was dancing classes and she encouraged me to 2 come along and I enjoyed it, so then clearly when that 3 was mentioned maybe in visits with the social work, they would know that they would have to sort of follow these 4 5 things through, I think, because then if anything was mentioned as to why is she not taking part in any 6 7 hobbies, I imagine it probably would have come back 8 negatively on them.

So I did do dancing in the local community centre 9 10 and one of the types of dancing they did was ballroom, 11 Latin American and disco, and there was a family and 12 I was quite good at dancing, so there was a family who had a son who also danced. So I was asked if I would 13 14 like to actually pair up with him, because they thought 15 we could do some amateur dancing together and it was the boy's mother who took us everywhere and made sort of the 16 dress happen, all of that, and I believe it was 17 a welfare fund from the miners' club that paid 18 19 for the dress.

- 20 Q. Okay. And then after you did the ballroom dancing, did
- 21 you do disco dancing after that?
- 22 A. That was all at the same time.
- 23 Q. Oh, I see.
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. What ages were you when you were doing that?

1	Α.	I was in first year of high school until about third
2		year of high school.
3	Q.	You talk in the next couple of paragraphs about getting
4		your hair cut and I think you talk about one occasion
5		where your hair was cut extremely short. Can you tell
6		us about that?
7	Α.	Yeah, I was in Primary 7 and it literally had been
8		shaved, like literally shaved like into a really severe
9		short back and sides and I just remember being
10		completely distraught and sitting in the hall cupboard
11		looking in the mirror, because the mirror was kept in
12		the hall cupboard, sitting there just feeling like
13		I just couldn't go outside. It was really humiliating.
14		And FKX was laughing. And I was late to school
15		because I obviously couldn't face leaving the house, and
16		obviously arriving at school and the teacher was
17		really really thoughtful and tried to sort of
18		reassure me.
19	Q.	Did their daughter have a similar haircut at the same
20		time, can you remember?
21	Α.	Never. There was always this attempt to almost and
22		my birth mother was also aware of it. She kind of had
23		cottoned onto it. There was always this attempt to
24		almost try to sort of promote their daughter as being
25		sort of really beautiful and feminine and to sort of try

1 to sort of make me really functional and -- it was just 2 very different. 3 Q. Okay. If we go on over the page, paragraph 24, you talk 4 about beginning to do small jobs like paper rounds? 5 A. Yeah. 6 Q. What did you use the money that you got from these jobs 7 for? 8 A. Necessities. Q. Right. 9 So sanitary towels, things like that. There wasn't 10 Α. 11 a lot of money from the paper rounds because we had to 12 buy all the papers ourselves and then collect in all of 13 the money, and if people didn't pay then that was papers 14 we had to buy from the newsagents. So there could be times where you were working and we delivered the 15 morning papers and then the Edinburgh Evening News in 16 17 the afternoon after school and you could be doing that 18 six days a week and maybe have sort of like £3 or £4 to 19 show for it if you were lucky. 20 Q. We're just having a bit of a problem with your statement 21 coming up, so I'm just going to see if that's going to be resolved easily or not. So just give me a moment. 22 A. No problem. 23 24 (Pause) 25 LADY SMITH: I'm so sorry about this, 'Anna'.

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1 A. It's okay.
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2
    LADY SMITH: We'll take a break, hopefully for no more than
 3
         about five minutes, and try and get this sorted out.
 4
     (12.29 pm)
 5
                           (A short break)
 6
     (12.50 pm)
7
                      (The luncheon adjournment)
8
    LADY SMITH: 'Anna', I'm so sorry we've had to mess you
        around like this.
 9
    A. It's okay.
10
11
    LADY SMITH: I think it's been explained to you that
12
         technology has let us down, but we hope that we have
13
        a fix in place now, and I realise you may have had other
14
        plans for this afternoon --
15
    A. It's not a problem.
    LADY SMITH: -- but thank you for bearing with us.
16
17
            Ms Innes.
18
    MS INNES: Thank you, my Lady.
19
             'Anna', we were looking at your statement on page 6
20
         and if we can start by looking at paragraph 25, you talk
21
         there about washing and bathing and you say that you had
22
        no privacy, I think, until there was a shower installed
23
        and you were able to use that.
24
    A. Yes. So there was one bathroom for everyone in the
25
        household and we had to keep that unlocked at all times,
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1		because if someone needed to use the facilities whilst
2		you were in the bath, then that needed to be possible.
3		And when we were children, up until an inappropriate
4		age in my mind, we were bathed together, myself and the
5		two younger sort of step sorry, foster siblings,
6		I should say. And on occasion we were also bathed in
7		the kitchen sink and talking about Primary 5, 6, 7, at
8		an age where it really should not have been appropriate.
9	Q.	Okay. Then you say it was when you went into high
10		school that there was an electric shower put into the
11		house?
12	Α.	Yes.
13	Q.	Okay. You say you were bathed with the younger
14		children, so would that have included the male child as
15		well as
16	A.	Yes.
17	Q.	you and the foster sister?
18	Α.	Yeah.
19	Q.	Okay. Up to what sort of age was that happening?
20	Α.	Up to, say, Primary 6, I'd expect.
21	Q.	Okay. You then go on to talk about chores to be done in
22		the house and you've mentioned this already briefly in
23		your evidence. What sort of things did you have to do
24		in the house?
25	Α.	Chores were a constant background noise, so you always

1		were on edge because you knew at a moment's notice you
2		were always going to be called to do something and to
3		this day if I am sat I have difficulty relaxing,
4		because I'm on edge and sort of, you know, need to be
5		doing things. If you were seen to be idle, then you
6		were called on to do chores, so you were up early at the
7		weekends and you had to sort of clean bathrooms, scrub
8		stairs, but it wasn't just the chores themselves, it was
9		you were being screamed at, shouted at. You were either
10		taking too long or you hadn't done it well enough. So
11		there was just this constant sort of like large amounts
12		of ironing for the whole household, all sorts of chores.
13	Q.	Okay. What would happen if you didn't do them to the
14		FKX-FKZ satisfaction?
15	Α.	You would get a bollocking. You would be completely
16		sort of screamed and shouted at and possibly, you know,
17		slapped around the head. Nothing more severe ever sort
18		of happened than that.
19	Q.	Did their own children have to do some of these chores?
20	Α.	Not at all.
21	Q.	So if we hear evidence from the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> that
22		Mrs FKX did most of the chores and that the
23		children would take it in turns doing things like
24		washing and drying dishes and being asked to keep their
25		rooms tidy, is that as much as you had to do or was it

1 more than that?

12		
2	Α.	It was more than that. Mrs <b>FKX</b> was very idle, she
3		sat around a lot and she sort of basically directed us
4		as to what to do.
5	Q.	Then you've told us that there came a time that you went
6		to dancing, for example, on a Saturday and you said that
7		you saw your mum and dad on a Sunday. Did that mean
8		that on those days you didn't have to do any things
9		about the house?
10	A.	So the dancing on a Saturday would have been a very
11		irregular occasion where there might have been, say,
12		a competition, but those were more generally on
13		a Sunday, so it would be a day I'd generally then miss
14		seeing my parents.
15		The actual dancing lessons were through the week and
16		in the evenings, so they didn't interrupt any chores.
17	Q.	Then you talk about the paper round that you did and you
18		say that you were doing that every morning seven days
19		a week over the time that you were doing it.
20	Α.	(Witness nods)
21	Q.	So how long did you do that for, can you remember?
22	Α.	Yes, through high school, so I done it for probably
23		about three years through high school, then I moved on
24		to sort of get a job in a shop in the St James Centre,
25		as it was then, when I was 16.

1 Q. Okay. How long would that sort of job take you? 2 So that job was really quite sort of time-expensive Α. 3 because we had -- I had to get up at 5.30 to make the walk on my own, unaccompanied, in the dark in all 4 5 weathers, down to the shop, which was in the centre of Mayfield, so that's about a 20 or so minute walk and 6 7 then we would have to be there before the shop opened 8 because one of the things that the shop owners stipulated is that we needed to be there to make sure 9 10 when the papers were delivered that there was someone 11 there to greet the person that was dropping them off in 12 case they went missing.

So we were up from 5.30, doing the paper rounds and then coming back and having to get washed up, because you were covered in ink, before then getting yourself back out to school, so that was in the mornings.

And then in the afternoons after school we went straight from school with your school bag and I would have a large music instrument as well, so it was quite comedy, a big kind of trombone case and two paper bags, a school bag, a trombone, walking round the streets must have looked quite a sight. So that went on for a couple of hours afterwards every evening.

Q. You say at the top of page 7 that there were some times that the customers wouldn't pay their bill and you had

1 to pay for the newspapers?

2	Α.	Yeah. That was just the general practice and that was
3		quite frequent, and there were repeat offenders. So
4		there were people that just didn't pay full stop and
5		when you explained that to the newsagent, you were sort
6		of advised to continue giving them their papers, but in
7		essence as a child, I don't think I quite understood,
8		that I was essentially buying them their newspapers. So
9		there was no attempts to sort of approach the newsagents
10		by the FKX-FKZ or provide any sort of support to
11		resolve that situation.
12	Q.	Did you talk to the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> about that?
13	Α.	Yeah.
14	Q.	Then you go on to talk about social work visits, can you
15		remember social workers coming to the house to see you?
16	Α.	Yes, I can.
17	Q.	Can you remember who they were, what their names were,
18		for example?
19	Α.	There was no continuity that I can recall. The visits
20		were infrequent, they were always planned well in
21		advance, and we were notified by Mr $\frac{FKZ}{FKZ}$ that this
22		would be happening, because they would have perhaps
23		received a letter, I'm assuming a letter because we
24		didn't have a telephone in the house until probably part
25		way through high school.

1 Q. Okay.

2	Α.	So when we were informed that there would be a visit
3		coming up, then there was usually a hive of activity,
4		you know, extra cleaning, extra preparations, and then
5		you were obviously warned beforehand. You weren't
6		always warned directly. You knew just from practice
7		that what was expected of you in terms of how you were
8		to behave and how you were to present, and how that
9		visit would then unfold. We all knew the rules,
10		including my foster siblings themselves.
11	Q.	Okay. Would the visit just be for you or would it be
12		for you and your foster siblings altogether?
13	Α.	I have no no full understanding of that, other than
14		when I got older and then I was aware of some of the
15		feedback, it was feedback about me specifically, so I'm
16		going to assume that it probably was separate visits.
17	Q.	Can you remember your foster siblings being there when
18		the social worker was there, for example?
19	Α.	No, and I wasn't there either. So you were always out
20		of the room when the social worker was in the property
21		and it was Mr FKZ holding court and it was
22		a private conversation between the social worker and
23		Mr FKZ . Mrs FKX would never be at home when
24		these visits were taking place. And then you were
25		brought in towards the end of the visit and you were
10000		

1		spoken to directly by the social worker with very
2		leading statements such as, "I hear you're very happy,
3		I hear you're doing well at school", and you nodded in
4		all the right places and you smiled appropriately and
5		you hoped you got it right, because then you were sent
6		out of the room or you said goodbye as the social worker
7		was leaving and then you waited to kind of get sort of
8		your debrief, so to speak.
9	Q.	Okay. So where would Mrs <b>FKX</b> go then when the
10		social work was there?
11	Α.	I'm not actually quite sure.
12	Q.	But she was out of the house altogether?
13	Α.	Yeah, that was part of the sort of the set up.
14	Q.	Can you remember her ever being there when you spoke to
15		a social worker?
16	Α.	I recall her being there when I was very young on one
17		occasion and I recall another lady being there as well,
18		who I think must have been a social worker with long
19		dark curly hair, glasses, and a brown leather satchel,
20		so I have got a memory of on one occasion.
21	Q.	Her being there.
22		Do you know why it was that Mr <b>FKZ</b> spoke to the
23		social workers rather than Mrs <b>FKX</b> ?
24	Α.	Mr <b>FKZ</b> was very much a controlling individual and
25		he was quite self-important and he liked to hold court.

1 He saw that as, you know, he had his own special chair. 2 Nobody ever sat in his chair. And when the social 3 worker came in, it was really -- you could tell how he 4 presented and how he articulated himself all very much 5 changed. So I think he really enjoyed the whole 6 experience. 7 Q. You say that you were aware of what the rules were on 8 those visits, so what were those rules? A. Not to say anything at all out of turn. There was never 9 10 any sort of open-ended questions. There was never any 11 opportunity to explore genuinely how I was feeling or 12 what I was doing or what was going on in my life. It 13 was really just summing up what had been told to the 14 social worker from Mr FKZ and a perfunctory 15 confirmation on my part was what was expected. Q. Then you say that there would be a -- you described it 16 17 as a debrief from Mr FKZ , so what form did that 18 take? 19 A. In plain English, if you were -- you got it wrong, you 20 would have absolutely got bollocked. You would have really just been waiting for his wrath. You would be 21 waiting for him to really, you know, be shouting at you, 22 really angry, possibly a smack about the head or the 23 24 face. That was, you know, quite a common way of sort of 25 like disciplining you if it was just in a moment.

- 1 Q. And if it had gone well?
- 2 A. Nothing would be said.
- 3 Q. Okay. Can you remember ever meeting a social worker
- 4 outside the house?
- 5 A. Yes.
- 6 Q. Can you tell us about that? Was it one meeting or more 7 than one meeting that you can remember?
- 8 A. I can recall a couple of meetings, because both of those
- 9 meetings they took me in a car and we came into
- 10 Edinburgh and we went to a pizza restaurant. I don't
- 11 recall the specifics of those visits other than to say
- 12 there was some general chat around about potential
- 13 adoption, but I don't know if that was being pursued by
- 14 the social work department or if it was the FKX-FKZ
- 15 but nobody really spoke to me about it.
- 16 Q. When you say potential adoption, adoption by whom?
- 17 A. By the FKX-FKZ
- 18 Q. Of you?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. And so both of those visits were to do with that?
- 21 A. Yes. And there was a visit in the house prior to that,
- 22 because the visit in the house was led by a female
- 23 social worker and the visit where I went in the car to
- 24 the pizza restaurant was with a man.
- 25 Q. Okay.

1	A.	And the female social worker took me in fact to buy
2		a book on George IV Bridge in the book store there,
3		I recall that as well in fact, and we sat in the kitchen
4		and we would sort of work through sort of details of my
5		life story in this really quite pretty book that then
6		got kept in FKX sort of underwear drawer.
7	Q.	Okay. So there was that going on with the female social
8		worker and then the male social worker was it
9		a social worker?
10	A.	I believe so, yeah.
11	Q.	He took you to the pizza restaurant?
12	Α.	(Witness nods)
13	Q.	Did you feel able to speak to him about how things were
14		with the FKX-FKZ ?
15	Α.	No. And I don't recall any conversations where he was
16		asking me anything. He would just generally be sort of
17		talking about school and what I liked and that sort of
18		thing, so quite happy to have those sort of
19		conversations. And then I recall specifically on one
20		occasion when we arrived back and we were in the street
21		and the car was parked before I was going back into the
22		house, he made mention of the fact that perhaps there
23		was going to be some sort of adoption, and again in
24		a very leading sort of way, he was saying, "You're very
25		happy here, aren't you? You're very settled here,

1		aren't you?" And I remember being feet away from this
2		door, I cannot say anything to the contrary, and looking
3		out of the window of the front passenger seat and hoping
4		that he might pick up on my signals from the fact that
5		I wasn't sort of, you know, confirming what he wanted to
6		hear.
7	Q.	Did you say anything at all in response to that
8	Α.	No.
9	Q.	can you remember? Okay. Did he question you further
10		when you didn't answer?
11	A.	No.
12	Q.	Are these the only times that you can remember speaking
13		with a social worker outside the house?
14	Α.	Yeah.
15	Q.	You then go on to talk about your time at school. If we
16		look at paragraph 30 you say in the middle of that
17		paragraph that you must have had bruises from times that
18		you were hit and you think that the teacher should have
19		picked up on that?
20	Α.	I do. There must have been bruising, because obviously
21		there was bruising from the regular amount of abuse that
22		was directed at me. It was quite a deprived area where
23		I lived, so I don't imagine I would have been the only
24		child from a troubled family, whether there was care
25		involvement or not. In fact I know like in my peer

1		group there was just other people who did live with
2		their birth parents and there was maybe alcohol abuse
3		and all sorts of other sort of, you know, troubles
4		happening. So maybe it was a challenging school
5		environment so perhaps the teachers wouldn't have
6		necessarily picked up on it. But equally, the fact that
7		school was my safe haven and I was really happy in the
8		school environment, so there maybe wasn't much else to
9		sort of draw attention to the fact, other than on one
10		occasion when I had an injury a visible injury to my
11		leg, which the teachers were aware of.
12	Q.	On that occasion, what did they say?
13	Α.	They just asked what had happened to me and I think
14		I probably quite liked the attention, the fact I had
15		this sort of poisoned leg, as it was explained to me,
16		but there was no follow-up.
17	Q.	So there was no follow-up from the school?
18	Α.	No.
19	Q.	You say that you didn't think that the school was aware
20		that you were in care?
21	Α.	Yeah, I know that to be true because in later life when
22		I was at my eldest daughter's parents' evening at school
23		in Edinburgh, I met my old biology teacher, who just by
24		chance happened to be her biology teacher, and he
25		remembered me from school and he I specifically asked

him if he knew and he said he was not aware, nor were
 people aware of that at all.

3 Q. Okay, so they just thought the FKX-FKZ were your

4 parents?

5 A. Yes.

6 Q. Then if we move on over the page, please, and at 7 paragraph 34 you tell us about an occasion where it came 8 time to choose an outdoor activity and parents were supposed to pay for the activity but they didn't. Can 9 you just tell us a little bit about that, please? 10 11 A. Yes, so in S3 we all did sort of outdoor education and 12 there were a variety of activities such as skiing or 13 kayaking, that type of thing, and I had chosen to do the 14 camping and hillwalking, but what I couldn't do is 15 I couldn't take the slip home for the payment and there wasn't money for the payment and specifically the 16 17 FKX-FKZ would, when you asked for things like that, 18 you know, say there wasn't money and I was lucky to get 19 this and you were lucky to get that, so you just knew 20 that that wasn't an option. So they were refusing to 21 pay for anything like that, and when it came to the time 22 for the trip I went into school on that day knowing full well I wasn't coming to school with my kit to go on this 23 24 trip and just got into a lot of trouble with the 25 teachers, but they didn't probe as to why. Nobody

1		questioned or challenged as to why. It was very much
2		out of character for me to sort of, you know, play up in
3		that way.
4	Q.	Just to be clear about this. Did you ask the <b>FKX-FKZ</b>
5		for the money on this occasion?
6	Α.	Yeah.
7	Q.	What was their response?
8	Α.	That I had to be grateful for what I already had, that
9		there wasn't a bottomless pit of money, so to speak.
10	Q.	So you went to school on the day without any money to
11		pay for the trip?
12	Α.	Yes.
13	Q.	Okay. If we can move on to the next page, please, to
14		page 9, paragraph 37, you talk there about not being
15		allowed to help yourself to food, that access to food
16		was strictly controlled?
17	Α.	(Witness nods)
18	Q.	Can you tell us about that, please?
19	Α.	So there was never any sort of food to access in the
20		house. FKX or FKZ prepared meals. That was
21		your dinner, that was it, you either eat it or you go
22		hungry.
23		I particularly recall that there were rusks in the
24		cupboard for when he was little and that I had

kind of helped myself to a couple of those and getting

1 into a lot of trouble for that.

2		Yes, so they knew everything, they knew absolutely
3		everything that was there. Everything was counted down
4		to how many slices of cold meat there were and
5		everything was like earmarked for a certain person for
6		a certain purpose and if you were to have done anything
7		that wasn't you weren't given permission for, then
8		yeah, you'd be in trouble.
9	Q.	Okay. You talk about religion in the next couple of
10		paragraphs and you say that there was a time that you
11		would go to the local Gospel Hall with other local
12		children and you say that the FKX-FKZ started to
13		become uncomfortable with that. Do you know why that
14		was?
14 15	Α.	was? Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point
	Α.	
15	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point
15 16	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point of view. I suspect it was because again I found it
15 16 17	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point of view. I suspect it was because again I found it a place of safe haven. So it started that we were
15 16 17 18	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point of view. I suspect it was because again I found it a place of safe haven. So it started that we were encouraged to come along to Gospel Hall in sort of, you
15 16 17 18 19	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point of view. I suspect it was because again I found it a place of safe haven. So it started that we were encouraged to come along to Gospel Hall in sort of, you know, Bible classes, sort of like singing and story
15 16 17 18 19 20	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point of view. I suspect it was because again I found it a place of safe haven. So it started that we were encouraged to come along to Gospel Hall in sort of, you know, Bible classes, sort of like singing and story telling, and I particularly found it a really nurturing
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point of view. I suspect it was because again I found it a place of safe haven. So it started that we were encouraged to come along to Gospel Hall in sort of, you know, Bible classes, sort of like singing and story telling, and I particularly found it a really nurturing environment because there were lots of like adults who
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	Α.	Again I can only sort of speak for my own sort of point of view. I suspect it was because again I found it a place of safe haven. So it started that we were encouraged to come along to Gospel Hall in sort of, you know, Bible classes, sort of like singing and story telling, and I particularly found it a really nurturing environment because there were lots of like adults who were listening and they were caring and they were, you

1		talks in the evenings outwith the services that the
2		other children went to, but that's just as the years
3		developed. It wasn't in a short space of time.
4		I believe the FKX-FKZ didn't like the fact that
5		there was an outside influence on me and that they
6		wanted to cut ties with that. I think possibly
7		I imagine they would also be concerned that I might
8		share some information to Ken in particular that might
9		get them into trouble.
10	Q.	You say that there was a meeting between Ken, who you
11		mentioned, and Mr FKZ , and after that you weren't
12		allowed to go back?
13	Α.	Yes, Mr Bell. He came to the house, I remember him
14		standing in the sitting room and words were exchanged,
15		I wasn't privy to those words because I was outwith the
16		room but I could see them, I was the other end of the
17		hall, and that was the last time I seen them.
18	Q.	Did Mr <b>FKZ</b> give you any explanation as to why you
19		shouldn't go back?
20	Α.	No.
21	Q.	Then you tell us about this injury to your leg at
22		paragraph 40, which I think is the one that you
23		mentioned a moment ago, that there was some issue with
24		an injury or bite to your knee.
25		You say that you still have the scar from that and

1 I think essentially you're saying it wasn't treated

2 properly by the FKX-FKZ

3 A. They never sought medical advice generally. On another 4 occasion we had gone on a day trip organised by the miners' club to Burntisland and it was 5 6 a particularly sunny day and I got really seriously 7 sunburned across my back, I was in a lot of pain and 8 I remember being asked to go around the doors just asking people to see if they had calamine lotion, so 9 10 there was no sunscreen, no calamine lotion. If you had 11 earaches you just had to put up with it. If you had 12 cold sores, and I used to suffer from really bad cold 13 sores, they would put alcohol or perfume onto the cold 14 sore to try and stop it. And it would be down onto my chin, it would be really excruciatingly painful and they 15 would crack and bleed. There was never any medical 16 17 advice sought.

18 And the injury to my knee must have just been 19 a small sort of cut that became infected and then it 20 grew and to the point that my knee was inflamed and 21 I was struggling to bend my knee and to walk properly 22 and Mr FKZ , I don't know if he was perhaps doing some sort of first aid in the mine, so he came home with 23 24 a tin of what was told to me as a poultice, which looked 25 like a paste. He boiled that up in a pot on the cooker

and then they held me down, because it was really
 excruciatingly painful, and applied this red hot paste
 to my leg and they did that repeatedly to draw out the
 poison, he explained to me.

5 Again he really enjoyed the fact that he was almost some sort of, I don't know, like self-made medic. He 6 7 liked that position, that he was going to fix it. And 8 then towards the end of this treatment, which went on over some time in around about Primary 6, he started to 9 10 try and squeeze out the poison, which came out like 11 incredibly painfully. So it was a really nasty injury. 12 Q. Okay. I'm going to move on to page 11 of your statement 13 and at paragraph 48 you -- sorry, I'm going to go up to 14 paragraph 46. So at Christmas and birthdays you talk 15 about on one occasion your birth parents giving you a present of a red tricycle and you say it was taken off 16 you by the FKX-FKZ and sold. 17

18 A. (Witness nods)

19 Q. If we hear evidence from the FKX-FKZ that it wasn't 20 your birth parents that gave you this, it was them --21 A. That's a lie, a complete lie. Because it was my birth 22 parents themselves as I got older as well that would 23 enquire as to what happened to some of the gifts that 24 they would buy. Not just the red tricycle, there were 25 other gifts, and none of those gifts were retained.

1 They were always sold.

2	Q.	Okay. If we go down, please, to paragraph 48, you talk
3		there about running away. Can you tell us about the
4		context of that?
5	Α.	I think as I started to get a little bit older I started
6		to challenge a little bit more and I possibly had spoken
7		back to him and he got particularly angry and he grabbed
8		me by the back of the head on one hand and on the other
9		hand he grabbed the door and he slammed my head
10		repeatedly against the door as he was pulling the door
11		towards me at the same time and my nose burst, it was
12		bleeding. It felt like it broke and I just ran out of
13		the house, I just ran out with no coat and then sort of
14		met up with some friends, just having to come across
15		other people that I was friendly with and we stayed out
16		until late in the evening.
17		And then later in that evening Mr FKZ had come
18		around looking for me. I was aware even from other
19		people that had come to me when we were hanging out and
20		playing saying, "Oh, your dad's looking for you, you're
21		in so much trouble", and just thinking I need to hide

and they were covering for me. But in the end I hung out until as late as I could but I knew -- where else am I going to go? There's no way out of this godforsaken place. It literally is on the edge of the world on

1		a housing estate, there's like a bus once an hour,
2		I have no phone, I have no access to anything to raise
3		an alarm, I have nowhere to go. I have to go back.
4		And I was so frightened to go back, but I didn't
5		know what else to do, and I was wholly surprised when
6		I went back because I was expecting, you know, like all
7		levels of hell to break loose and it didn't happen. It
8		was quite the opposite. They were really quite quiet
9		and sort of, you know, quite sort of with hindsight
10		probably frightened that I was going to raise an alarm
11		as to what was happening, but at the time they seemed to
12		be genuinely remorseful. But again with hindsight, it
13		was a similar sort of aftermath to when FKX would
14		be hit by her husband. So he would smash the coffee
15		table or kick-off, beat her up really badly, and then
16		there was a lot of effort put into placating us
17		afterwards and for <b>FKX</b> to bring us on side to
18		explain, "And he's not going to do it again and it's all
19		fine", almost to settle everyone down, and that was the
20		only time there was this really twisted sense of
21		affection or attention.
22	Q.	When you met your friends that you said that you met up
23		with and you described your nose as having been bleeding
24		and suchlike, did you tell them what had happened?

25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Did they see what had happened?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. What did they do? Do you know if any of them told their
- 4 parents or --
- 5 A. I'm not aware. They were obviously comforting me, but
- 6 I'm not aware if anyone mentioned to anyone else.
- 7 Q. Did they know that the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{FKX}}\xspace{\mathsf{FKZ}}$  were your foster
- 8 parents or did they --
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. Right.
- 11 I'm just going to move on in your statement to
- 12 page 13, please, and paragraph 55, where you talk a bit
- 13 more about some of the things that happened, and some of
- 14 the things you've covered already.
- 15 At paragraph 55 you say:
- 16 "You could tell that there was going to be domestic
  17 abuse as you could sense it in the air."
- 18 A. (Witness nods)
- 19 Q. Can you explain that, please?

20 A. So usually it would be if KX wasn't happy about 21 something and then she would want to bring it up with 22 KZ, so he may have been out and then he's come in so 23 she's had it all bottled up and she's ready to offload 24 what she's unhappy about. So you knew that that was 25 brewing. And then as soon as he would come in, then

1		there would be words exchanged. It would just really
2		quickly escalate. She almost like goaded him into
3		a reaction to an extent because she would pick, pick,
4		pick at whatever the issue was and then he would just
5		blow. And then it was almost like then there was this
6		calm after a storm.
7	Q.	Okay. When you say "he would blow", would that be at
8		her in the type of incidents that you've described
9	Α.	(Witness nods)
10	Q.	or could it also be at one of you?
11	Α.	Yeah, so the situations where and I probably don't
12		think of that as domestic abuse, as to when we were
13		hurt, that was more if there was bickering between us as
14		siblings or he wasn't happy with something that you had
15		done or were believed to have done, then he would pick
16		you up, he'd put you over his knee and you got
17		threatened as well, prior to that, "You will get the
18		belt, you will get the slipper, you'll get sent to the
19		Humbie Home, where you get jaggy sheets and stale bread
20		and water", which I believe is a List D School, which
21		I didn't know what that was, but that was what I was
22		told, that that was where I was heading.
23		But he would put you over his knee, he'd use the
24		slipper and lift your clothes and smack you really
25		repeatedly and you'd try and put your hands to your

1 bottom to stop it hurting.

2	Q.	On those occasions where he was doing that, how whole
3		were you at that time, was that at primary school or
4		also in secondary school?
5	Α.	At primary school. The violence at secondary school was
6		more the example where I gave where he had sort of
7		punched not punched me, he had smacked me against the
8		door. The violence was more direct. But when we why
9		younger it was over his knee.
10	Q.	Okay. You say at paragraph 57 that you were strictly
11		told not to speak of what was happening with the locals
12		or your school friends.
13	Α.	(Witness nods)
14	Q.	Was that to do with the violence against $FKX$ or
15		more than that?
16	Α.	It was unsaid. The violence towards us was just
17		normalised. That was just routine. But the violence
18		between $FKZ$ and $FKX$ , that was where there was
19		efforts made to almost then explain it and to sort of
20		bring you on side and to sort of give you that
21		reassurance that it wasn't going to happen again.
22		I vividly remember after he the incident with the
23		coffee table in particular because that's not the
24		only incident. On other occasions he would pull over
25		the large units we used to have these units in the

1 1980s growing up that had all your ornaments and 2 suchlike on it. So he would pull them across to the 3 floor and smash things because he was just trying to terrorise people, but with the coffee table FKX 4 5 words to me -- and she was really happy with this -- was that he was going to buy a new coffee table. So it 6 7 wasn't the fact that, you know, he'd just completely 8 beaten her to a pulp and smashed the table, terrorised the children. It was the fact she was getting a new 9 10 coffee table that was, you know, a sort of happy ending. 11 Q. At paragraph 58 you say that you were regularly beaten 12 by both of them. You've talked about Mr FKZ and you say here: 13 14 "He would beat us for no apparent reason." 15 A. Yeah. He was just really ... really mean. Really cruel. Just a very cruel man. So, you know, he -- and 16 17 he just enjoyed sort of, you know, clipping you around the ear, clipping you around the head. So it was just 18 19 this constant, like I say, sense of you're on edge 20 wondering when the next thing's going to happen. Q. What about Mrs FKX , what did she do? 21 A. Mostly everything from **FKX** started with a lot of 22 verbal sort of aggression and then it escalated. And 23 24 she generally would slap you about the face. That was 25 more her style of chastising you.

1 Q. Okay. You say that she would often use her husband as 2 a threat? 3 A. Very much so, "Wait till he gets home, you're going to 4 get the belt, you are going over the knee with the 5 slipper". Then she would. When he came home she would 6 tell him what we'd been doing and then it would happen. 7 Q. Did you ever see them physically hitting or chastising 8 their own children? 9 A. Not once. 10 Q. If we go on over the page at the top of page 14 in 11 paragraph 59 you talk about an occasion where you 12 accidentally smashed a cup. What was Mr FKZ 13 reaction to that? A. So I was drying the dishes, he was at home, I don't know 14 why because that was very unusual for him to be at home 15 at lunchtime instead of **FKX**, at lunchtime, and had 16 17 obviously prepared whatever was for his lunch and then 18 washed his dishes and he had a particular special cup. 19 We had a peg rack on the wall where the cups got hung, 20 which again was very typical in the 1980s, but one of 21 the pegs was shoogly and the cup went onto the peg and 22 then the cup fell and smashed on the worktop and smashed and he completely beat me, just really beat me, he just 23 24 kicked me and hit me and really hurt me a lot and I was, 25 you know, screaming and shouting.

1 I then had to just collect myself, which I think 2 again I think I've taken into adulthood this: okay, 3 right, so we're all good, we are all fine now, let's 4 move on, back to school, back into lessons, and you just 5 completely put a lid and internalise it and just move on 6 as if nothing's happened. 7 Q. Then the next paragraph at paragraph 60 you talk about 8 on occasions he would come in drunk and he would take the tray his meal was served on and throw it up on the 9 10 air? 11 A. And he wasn't even always drunk, just to correct that 12 point in the statement. 13 So again his meal was served to him on his tray with 14 his special cup on his special chair and you served him like a king. Again, if **FKX** had any issues that she 15 needed to address, so he's come in, his dinner's ready 16 17 for him getting home, he sits in his chair with his dinner on the tray and then if he was unhappy with 18 something again he would terrorise us. He would quite 19 20 deliberately push the tray into the air so that 21 everything would hit the ceiling as much as is possible 22 and smash and splatter all the food everywhere. That was quite common. And then we would have to sort of all 23 24 run around, you know, cleaning it up. 25 Q. And when you say "we would all have to run around", did

1 that include their own children? 2 A. No, usually myself and , I particularly remember, and FKX 3 as well. 4 Q. Okay. At paragraph 61 you tell us about an incident on 5 Christmas Day and you say that you think you'd had 6 an argument with the daughter and you recall Mr FKZ 7 grabbing hold of you by the neck? 8 A. So we were both primary age children, myself and . We were squabbling, we were bickering like 9 young kids do, but it was -- it may even have been 10 11 raised voices, it may not even have been anything 12 particularly negative. We'd be fighting over a toy or something. And he came running up the stairs and 13 14 grabbed me and he pinned me to the wall. He held me off 15 the ground, I remember choking, and he had my whole body off the ground, and struggling for breath. 16 17 Q. Okay. A. And then I was sent down to **FKX** sister's house, 18 19 who she stayed a few streets away, to go on some sort of 20 errand, so I shared what had happened obviously with 21 , who was hugging me and comforting me and telling 22 her husband, you know, "He's such a bad" -- and swearing as to what he was and trying to sort of you know give me 23 24 advice as to how to better navigate the situation so 25 I could avoid more.

Q. How was it that you felt able to speak to her about what
 had happened?

3 A. She was kind and gentle, and you could trust her.

- 4 Q. Okay. You say that she talked to you about how you
- 5 might navigate the situation. What sort of suggestions 6 did she make?
- 7 A. Staying out of his way. Don't make eye contact. You
  8 know, just try and be a good girl, try not to cause any
  9 trouble. You know, just try and stay out of his way.
- 10 You know what he's like.
- 11 Q. Do you know if she reported anything to the social work 12 department about that?
- 13 A. I don't expect so. I have no knowledge.

14 Q. The next paragraph's paragraph 62 and you tell us about 15 an occasion where you didn't finish a meal that you were 16 eating.

A. Yeah, like I say, your dinner was your dinner. You 17 either lumped it or liked it. And I was putting up 18 19 a particular fuss I think on this occasion about 20 something I'd been given to eat, which I really didn't like, and he threatened me, he said, "If you don't eat 21 22 that, then you can eat it on the floor like a dog, you will eat like a dog, you will eat it", and I refused to 23 24 eat it and sure to his words he put the food onto the 25 floor and forced me to get down on my hands and knees,

he was holding my arms behind my back and pushing my
 face into the food.

Q. Then you tell us at paragraph 63 about an occasion again
where Mrs FKX had given you hand-me-down clothes,
but this was a swimsuit that was far too small for you.
A. (Witness nods)

7 Q. Did you try to explain to her what the problem was?

8 A. (Witness nods)

9 I did, yeah. So I explained to her before we had 10 left the house and it didn't fit me properly, it was for 11 a younger child age wise than I was, and then also 12 because I was starting to develop into a young woman, so it was quite transparent in certain places and it was 13 14 really not appropriate but I didn't obviously use that 15 language. I was just trying to sort of, you know, get her to understand without saying too much because I was 16 17 a bit embarrassed, again I've explained, and she insisted that I wore it. She never came into the pool, 18 19 she was spectating, and obviously I had to go swimming 20 and then when the suit got wet it became even more of 21 an issue and she called me to come out of the pool up to 22 the area where the spectating was and stand in front of 23 her so that she could see what the problem was with the 24 swimming suit and it was quite clear what the problem 25 was with the swimming suit, but she just took that

1 opportunity to kind of highlight that there was nothing 2 wrong with it and I was just making a fuss about 3 nothing. 4 Q. Okay. You've told us about some of the incidents that happened with the **FKX-FKZ** . Is what's in your 5 6 statement and what you've said in your evidence, is that 7 everything that happened or are these some examples? 8 A. They're just illustrative. And something else that's 9 not in my statement that I think's quite sort of relevant is on the -- we never did anything. There was 10 11 no sort of family time, there was no trips anywhere 12 other than those trips that were arranged by the labour club during the summer holidays or the 13 14 day trips on the bus. They never encouraged you academically, they didn't encourage you in any sports. 15 They didn't even turn up for things. They just weren't 16 17 actively interested. And FKX , she just treated you like you were 18 a servant essentially. 19 20 And on a Saturday afternoon one of the things she

used to enjoy is I had to sit and tickle her feet and play with her hair, and you had to do that for quite a time and you had to sit there just literally tickling her feet sitting in front of her and then sitting on the sofa kind of giving her a head message and if you

1		stopped, she would kind of clip you a little bit to go
2		keep going. It was really degrading.
3	Q.	Did the other children had have to do this?
4	A.	No, although her younger son used to like he was
5		quite close with his mum so he did enjoy spending a bit
6		of time, so I do have memories of her younger son
7		perhaps doing something similar, but not under duress.
8	Q.	Okay. So in terms of discipline in the home, if we hear
9		evidence from Mr and Mrs <b>FKX-FKZ</b> that there was no
10		physical punishment used at all, what's your response to
11		that?
12	A.	It's just blatant lies.
13	Q.	If we hear evidence that if there were issues in the
14		household you would discuss them together and resolve
15		them; is that correct?
16	Α.	He's never discussed anything with me ever.
17	Q.	If we hear evidence from him that he didn't give you any
18		sanctions or punishments; is that correct?
19	Α.	It's not correct, no.
20	Q.	If we hear evidence that you would be perhaps grounded
21		if naughty, if Mrs $FKX$ tells us that, is that
22		something that was done?
23	Α.	Yeah, that was something as well as, yeah.
24	Q.	What was being grounded, what did that look like?
25	Α.	You just weren't allowed out to play, so you were kept

1 in.

2	Q.	Was that for one day or did it happen on a number of
3		days one after the other?
4	Α.	I don't have a particular recollection of it, but yeah,
5		it would depend on what they saw the issue to be.
6	Q.	If you were sent to your room to think about what you
7		had done, was that something that happened?
8	Α.	No.
9	Q.	Okay.
10		If I can have a look at paragraph 64, where you talk
11		about reporting of abuse. You say there, you talk about
12		the FKX-FKZ warning you not to speak about things and
13		I think you said already in your evidence that that was
14		particularly in relation to the domestic violence by
15		Mr FKZ towards Mrs FKX
16	Α.	(Witness nods)
17	Q.	Whereas the other violence was normalised, you say.
18	Α.	Yeah.
19	Q.	You say that on one occasion you confided in a friend
20		and she told her mother?
21	Α.	So again, just to expand on what's in the statement
22		there, it was around about the time there was potential
23		discussion about adoption. What I confided in the
24		friend was we were in Primary 7, there was large
25		cupboards in the upstairs area in the primary school and

1 we'd all been sent for art supplies and my friend 2 I had said to her that my mum and dad want me back and I think that had obviously been part of the 3 discussion around about the adoption and she told her 4 mum and her mum spoke to FKX 5 and then obviously 6 I got into quite a lot of trouble about it. 7 Q. Okay, so you were saying about your mum and dad perhaps 8 being opposed to the adoption --9 A. Yeah. 10 Q. -- and wanting to look after you again and then that got 11 back to Mrs FKX and what was her reaction? 12 A. She was furious. She was furious, because as far as she was concerned my birth parents -- she wanted to write 13 them out of my life story. They were, you know, my lady 14 15 and man. You know, she was irritated by the fact that there was any sort of ongoing relationship there. So 16 17 she really disliked the fact that I was talking with other people about them in favourable terms. 18 Q. What effect did that have on you in terms of feeling 19 20 able to speak to people about what was going on at home? A. Just keep everything inside as much as is possible. 21 22 Learn to not trust people. 23 Q. Then you say that you weren't able to tell the social 24 worker because the interviews were conducted in Mr FKZ presence --25

1 A. Yes.

2	Q.	and you've told us about your other interviews. And
3		you never reported the abuse to the police?
4	Α.	No.
5	Q.	Okay.
6		You then tell us that you left the FKX-FKZ when
7		you were about 18?
8	Α.	Yeah, I had just turned 18.
9	Q.	Okay.
10	A.	I don't think I would have even been aware that you
11		could report those sorts of abuse to the police.
12		I didn't realise a teacher or anyone in a position of
13		authority was able to help you, and I thought that if
14		you said anything to anyone, you would be going straight
15		back there, so I didn't think there would be any benefit
16		in doing so.
17		When I left the house aged 18, again like
18		I mentioned as I got older I was challenging things
19		a bit more. There were a number of arguments about, you
20		know, again dig money, that sort of thing. There was
21		just a background swell of noise. But unsurprisingly
22		that would coincide with the point in time that it would
23		be approaching them possibly no longer receiving sort
24		of you know, funds for looking after me.
25		So on the Sunday evening that I'd come back from my

1		regular sort of week out Sunday visit with my parents,
2		Mr FKZ was at the door and told my dad that
3		I wasn't welcome and that I had to leave. He in fact
4		actually called me a "walking abortion", Mr FKZ
5		and basically told me, "Good riddance", and they then
6		went out on their usual Sunday evening to the miners'
7		club and whilst they were out I just packed my bags and
8		had to leave.
9	Q.	Okay. Was there any sign that this was coming, that
10		Mr FKZ was going to say to your dad that you had to
11		leave
12	Α.	No.
13	Q.	or did it just happen
14	Α.	It just happened.
15	Q.	Okay. Where did you go?
16	Α.	There was a bit of fuss about that, because I had
17		assumed that in my naivety that I would be sort of
18		skipping off into the sunset with my parents who, for
19		whatever reason, had not been allowed to have me and had
20		put up this campaign to sort of get me back, which was
21		I guess in my mind how I'd created it, but in actual
22		fact both my parents were, I think, shocked and they
23		were sort of I think they were panicking as to, you
24		know, well, she can't come and live with me, because my
25		parents didn't live together. My father lived with

1		in his own house, I think his mother had passed away at
2		that point in time, I didn't know her. And my mother,
3		she lived and cared for her own mother in a house in
4		Edinburgh. I just assumed that I would have gone to
5		live with either of those people but instead, after
6		a period of not having any contact with since she
7		had left the house, I had had no contact with her, by
8		complete chance I had re-established contact with her,
9		unbeknown to the <b>FKX-FKZ</b> , shortly before my 18th
10		birthday and she took me in because similarly she had
11		found herself homeless and she was kind and she actually
12		gave me a place.
13	Q.	Okay. And you stayed with her, I think, until you went
14		to university?
15	Α.	Yeah.
16	Q.	You were due to start university after that.
17		You then tell us at paragraph 67 that you started
18		your degree and you tell us at the top of page 16 that
19		you can remember going to the social work department to
20		try to get your records.
21	A.	That wasn't the primary purpose of my visit.
22	Q.	Okay.
23	Α.	The primary purpose of my visit was to seek advice and
24		guidance essentially, because whilst I was in the
25		Pollock Halls, you were only allowed there for term

1	time. Outwith term time you were expected to take all
2	of your belongings, which was quite a task, and go
3	elsewhere. I had no elsewhere. I was homeless. But
4	I think because my childhood experience had, I guess,
5	maybe helped me develop a thick skin, I wasn't
6	overwhelmed by that. I just kind of went into survival
7	mode. I'd go to friends or go back to my sister's.
8	I almost felt I felt aggrieved. I felt like,
9	"Wait a minute, there should be someone here to help me,
10	I shouldn't be in this situation". But I was equally
11	really embarrassed and ashamed about my situation. So
12	I would never have shared that with my peers at
13	university who all had, you know the people that
14	I knew anyway seemed to have home lives and places to go
15	and people that cared for them.
16	So when I went to Victoria Street I was primarily
17	looking for some sort of acknowledgement that they had
18	failed me and support. And I was also wanting to
19	understand why I was in care, which was the point about
20	the records, and to understand, you know, why I had been
21	left languishing there, having gone as a baby on what
22	I understand to be a temporary emergency placement, how
23	does a child, a small baby, end up living in that
24	environment for her entire life without any checks or
25	like intervention to try and find that child the

1 appropriate stable permanent home? None of that had 2 happened for me and I was really quite -- quite upset. 3 The social worker I spoke with, he asked me what I wanted to know. But you don't know what you don't 4 5 know, so how on earth could I ask? I said, "Well, could you find out some of these answers to these questions?" 6 7 He went off for a short period of time and he came 8 back into the room and he said, that there wasn't really much to share and that really I was doing really well 9 10 for myself and, you know, I was really obviously 11 excelling and at uni so, you know, off you trot, essentially, and that was -- in my mind that was the 12 last interaction I had with the social work department. 13 14 Q. Okay. You said in your evidence a moment ago that your 15 understanding was that this placement was to be short term/temporary, where did you get that understanding 16 17 from? A. That came from FKX . She explained that 18 I came late at night, I had very little with me in terms 19 20 by way of clothes or nappies, that sort of thing, so she 21 would retell the story frequently again about a bit of 22 a fuss they had to make about getting provisions for me. 23 I also know anecdotally through discussions that 24 she'd also said that, "She's never going to go", as in terms of this baby's never going to leave, but given 25

1 that you've got a woman who's suffered from what 2 I understand a lot of loss in terms of miscarriages and late-term miscarriages, then I question her stability 3 and she obviously was latching onto me as one of her own 4 5 and trying to create me into what she was needing. Q. Okay. I would like to refer to your records in relation 6 7 to this interaction with the social work department that 8 you've mentioned. It's at EDI-000000803, page 2. It says in the first substantial entry there, 9 1 December 1992 and it says there that you came into the 10 11 office wishing to see your file: 12 "Advised her that she would have to make an appointment to see file. Gave an appointment for 13 14 10.15 am on 12 December 1992. She should also be sent 15 an open access form, requesting access to file. None were available in office. She is presently staying at 16 17 Pollock Halls in Dalkeith Road, but can be contacted at [another address] in Dalkeith." 18 19 Before we move on, can you remember any discussion 20 about filling in forms or --A. (Witness shakes head) 21 22 Q. -- having to come back to the office again? 23 A. No mention was made of a form and there was no 24 suggestion to come back to the office. 25 LADY SMITH: I was just looking at the date, 'Anna',

1 December 1992. You would be at the end of your first 2 term at university then, is that right? 3 A. Yeah. 4 LADY SMITH: This was your first experience of finding 5 yourself with, what, a four-week vacation and no 6 accommodation at Pollock? 7 A. Yes, possibly going on to six weeks, I think it was the 8 middle of January, from memory, that we went back. 9 LADY SMITH: Thank you. 10 MS INNES: Then we see in this that it says: 11 "She wished to also make a complaint to the social 12 work department re her foster parents. I advised her to contact Shrubhill for this purpose." 13 14 A. That's not correct. 15 O. What's not correct about it? A. I was not advised to contact anyone to make a complaint. 16 17 Q. Can you remember part of the discussion with the social 18 worker or this contact that you had with the social work 19 department being about complaining about your 20 experiences in foster care? 21 A. I do, yeah. That was primarily what I was wanting to 22 talk about, was how the social work department had 23 failed me and explaining to them that how had -- what 24 had happened to me in care and how had that system 25 allowed that to happen?

1 Q. Okay. Then it says here:

"Discussed with duty senior. Decided that client 2 3 should be allocated to prepare the file for viewing. 4 I also advised her we may need to have to change her 5 appointment time, depending on how long it takes to 6 organise her file." 7 Then it says at the bottom of the page: 8 "Appointment made." Then there seems to be an entry then, 9 14 January 1992 and there's a suggestion that you failed 10 11 to keep the appointment: 12 "Have sent her a letter to contact me re above 13 issues." 14 Can you --I would wholeheartedly dispute that whole paragraph. 15 Α. 16 I was not offered to revisit with any records. In that 17 first visit that I had, it was closure. It was very 18 much wrapping up to say that I was in a good place and 19 that, really, I should look to move forward with my 20 life. 21 Q. Then if we go over the page to 16 February 1993, so this 22 says: "Met with 'Anna' to discuss the issues around her 23 24 file and if she required to make a formal complaint 25 against her foster carers.

1 "I explained to 'Anna' that she has access to her 2 personal file only and as the files date back some time 3 it needed some time to put the relevant material in order for her to read." 4 5 Can you remember having that sense that people were going to go away and look at your file and organise it 6 7 and speak to you? 8 A. Not at all. So it was only in that visit where the --9 sorry, where the social worker left the room to review 10 the records that were available to them on that occasion 11 and he came back and verbally gave me a bit of a summary 12 update that, you know, there was really nothing much to tell. 13 14 Q. It then says: 15 "'Anna' expressed her resentment towards her foster carers, saying she had been mistreated badly by them and 16 17 that the social work system failed to identify this." A. Yes. 18 Q. So that's correct in terms of what you were saying? 19 20 A. (Witness nods) 21 Q. You were talking about failures --22 A. Yes. 23 Q. -- and why you'd been left with them. It then says: 24 "She did not wish to take this any further and hopes 25 that future foster carers are monitored better than hers

1 were." 2 Can you remember --3 A. By not taking it any further, I had no wish to make 4 a police complaint. I was a vulnerable, homeless 5 18-year-old child who had enough issues to deal with. 6 I was reaching out for support and nothing was 7 forthcoming. 8 Q. Okay. Then it says: 9 "Arranged to see 'Anna' in a few weeks' time." 10 Then the next entry on the file, 2 March 1993, it 11 says: 12 "I managed to pull out some items in 'Anna's' file 13 for her to read but as there is three files on this 14 client, her parents and foster carers, more time is required to go through them. 'Anna' seemed quite happy 15 about this ... " 16 17 It's not clear whether there was any contact with you, whether by telephone or at the office? 18 A. I didn't have a phone. I didn't have access to a phone. 19 20 So there wouldn't have been any telephone contact. 21 There was no letters or -- I do not recall any contact 22 whatsoever. I challenge this whole statement. 23 Q. Okay: "'Anna' seemed quite happy about this and explained 24 25 to me that she was constantly in touch with her natural

1 parents who have informed her of various past events. 2 There was part of her life story book which she 3 remembered completing but she does not have the rest of it, she thinks her foster carers still have it. 4 5 I agreed to check the files and arranged to have the material in order for her next visit." 6 7 Can you remember this issue about a life story book? 8 A. Again, I have to assume that that was all part of the 9 conversation on that first and only visit that I made, and on that visit I did mention that I still had contact 10 11 with my birth parents, which I did, and again very 12 bizarrely, it still maintained as a Sunday afternoon 13 that I would still visit them or they would come and 14 pick me up from wherever I was, and I must have made mention as well that there was a book but that was 15 a book that was made around about the time when 16 17 obviously there was this talk about potential adoption. I do not specifically recall talking about that a lot 18 19 with the social worker. I didn't have any of it. It 20 was all in this one book and that one book, as I mentioned earlier, was with the FKX-FKZ 21 and it stayed in FKX bedroom. 22 Q. Okay. Then there's reference to a date of 23 March 1993 23 24 and it says you failed to keep your appointment:

25 "Letter forwarded for her to contact me re further

1 appointment."

2 If we go to the top of the next page it says, 3 26 April 1993: "No contact from 'Anna'. Recommend: close case." 4 5 Then the file was closed again, I think. So you don't have a recollection of more than one 6 7 meeting with the social worker? 8 A. That's correct, only the one meeting. Okay. Do you recall getting letters asking you to make 9 Q. another appointment so you could go and see your files? 10 11 A. No. And if there had been such an offer, then those 12 would have been sent to my foster sister's address and 13 she would have absolutely have notified me of that, and 14 that wasn't the case. 15 Q. Okay. LADY SMITH: That's the Dalkeith address that you gave them, 16 17 is it? A. Yes. 18 MS INNES: Right. 19 20 If we can move on, please, to page 19. At 21 paragraph 83 you talk again about trying to see your 22 records when you were 18, but you say: "All I left with was a verbal summary of my time in 23 24 care and practically no information." 25 At the time that you signed your statement, you said

1 you thought about contacting the social work department 2 to see your files but you didn't feel strong enough to 3 do so at that point. A. (Witness nods) 4 5 Have you since tried to get your files or not? Q. A. No, I haven't. 6 7 Q. Okay. 8 Then you go on to lessons learned. At paragraph 84 you set out some questions that you have about your time 9 in care and you talk about the FKX-FKZ being able to 10 11 create an image to the social work department of happy 12 families. A. Yeah. 13 14 Q. Does that go back to some of the things that you mentioned about the way in which the FKX-FKZ portrayed 15 themselves to the social workers --16 17 A. (Witness nods) Q. -- who came? 18 A. Yeah, very much so. I think Mr **FKZ** saw himself as 19 20 a pillar of the community. He was on the committee at 21 labour club and then latterly was actually the 22 the president of that labour club, so he was quite 23 self-important. And yes, he had an image to portray. 24 Q. Then you talk about some issues about -- you feel that 25 they failed to follow up on the placement and that they

1		didn't ask about your experiences. So is that to do
2		with the lack of contact that you say that you had with
3		the social workers?
4	Α.	Yeah. I don't see in all of my experiences over
5		nearly 17 of my 18 years of life, where was the duty of
6		care? Where was there any sort of independent
7		opportunity for the social work department to even
8		establish a relationship? There was no continuity.
9		I have no names. I don't recollect any names of anyone
10		of any importance. Yeah, so there was no opportunity to
11		sort of share in a safe space or to be aware that there
12		were safe spaces to go if you had any concerns.
13	Q.	Then you talk about them not doing unannounced visits
14	Α.	Yeah.
15	Q.	that you always knew that they were coming?
16	A.	Always orchestrated, always planned, and it was always
17		a performance.
18	Q.	Then you talk about there being no scrutiny or due
19		diligence. Is that in the same vein, that they weren't
20		speaking to you separately and visiting more often
21		and
22	Α.	Yeah, precisely.
23	Q.	Okay. At the top of page 20, you say:
24		"Why were the social workers not looking for
25		evidence to corroborate with the school?"

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1 What do you mean there?
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2	Α.	Well, in that sense that surely they should be checking
3		with school. You spend a lot of your formative years in
4		school, so should they not be checking in with school,
5		not just to see how you are performing academically but
6		even the school environment being a safe space, coming
7		into the school to see the child in the school where the
8		child could then potentially sort of maybe feel more
9		confident to open up.
10	Q.	At paragraph 85 you talk about the need for there to be
11		a consistent approach in providing every child in foster
12		care with a trusted person.
13	Α.	Exactly that. So there's continuity and that there's
14		through care and that all of the agencies involved are
15		interconnected.
16		So as an example, if there were any issues or alarms
17		raised about my care, then issues and alarms may also be
18		raised about other children in the same care placement.
19		So if they might explain away for one instance, then if
20		there's a pattern across the other children that are
21		being cared for, then it draws more of a picture. It's
22		more safeguarding, more opportunities to catch things.
23	Q.	Then you talk about:
24		"People who are brought up in a loving family are
25		praised, nurtured and supported by default. Children in

1		foster care deserve to have the same opportunity to
2		succeed in life. Luck should not be a factor in whether
3		a foster care becomes a well-rounded adult."
4		What are you talking about there? Is it to do with
5		placing a child with the right foster carers or is it
6		about the way that a social worker should behave towards
7		a child?
8	Α.	Both, the system in totality. So the whole system
9		should be set up to not just care for unwanted children
10		or problem children or whatever the term is, because
11		children in care, there's a stigma attached to being in
12		care, and there should be a level playing field and
13		every opportunity provided for every child to fulfil
14		their potential, and I believe that what I've achieved
15		in my life is in spite of, and for many people, they're
16		not as fortunate.
17	Q.	Okay. What are your thoughts on how a level playing
18		field could be achieved?
19	A.	That through care, so having sort of a known person
20		almost with that child and that the care doesn't just
21		stop and that there is actually a transition. So even
22		as young adults we don't just go off into the world and
23		then have nobody to advise us or seek counsel that's got
24		experience. As a child who's come through the system,
25		you have to by luck and chance navigate your way and

1 obviously you're vulnerable, you're going to be 2 exploited or more opportunity to be exploited, and 3 certainly as a young adult things like that have happened to me too. 4 5 So it's just more nurture and more safeguarding 6 around about that child throughout their life. 7 Q. Okay. You say at paragraph 86: 8 "Nowadays, it appears that it is very difficult to be considered for foster parenting." 9 A. I just know that anecdotally, yes, I know there's a lot 10 11 more hoops people have to jump through. I think I've 12 taken more time to select what I'm having for lunch than was possibly taken to consider who I was placed with for 13 14 my entire childhood. 15 Q. You say: "Children in care need a life-long advocate." 16 17 (Witness nods) Α. 18 Q. You mentioned having a trusted person during childhood, 19 having somebody to help that transition and through 20 care, but here you're talking about a lifelong advocate. 21 What do you mean? 22 A. So services that are available. Because I think that if 23 you invest in that, then you're going to have less 24 numbers of people that fall into sort of, you know, 25 criminal activity, drug-taking, all sorts of other

1 pressures on other services with, you know, addiction, 2 et cetera. So the more you invest in that, and then 3 society all round would be a better place. It's no surprise to me that, you know, quite a significant 4 5 proportion of young people that do end up in young offenders institutions and go off the rail have been 6 7 through the care system. It's everything's stacked 8 against you.

Q. You say you would consider becoming a mentor because you 9 10 feel that you can show you've come out the other side? 11 A. When you've gone through care, you're othered from 12 day 1. And when you're othered, you have just 13 a suspicion of everyone else, because you do not see 14 yourself in others and you don't see yourself in people 15 who have got a comfortable life, who have, you know, succeeded. So if you have someone who has experienced 16 17 that directly and you can almost show by example that 18 there are opportunities and that you can achieve, 19 I think that's really like a valuable thing to be able 20 to -- as part of a rounded service -- provide to 21 children. 22 Q. Then at paragraph 87 you say that you've never 23 considered legal action. You say: "I just wish someone from social work would sit down 24

25 with me and explain what they did and for what reasons."

- 1 A. (Witness nods)
- 2 Q. Then you say:
- 3 "They fundamentally failed me."
- 4 A. (Witness nods)

5 Q. Are you just able to spell out what you think the

6 failures were? I'm sure you've highlighted some of them

7 in your evidence already, but if you'd just like to

8 highlight the way in which you feel that the Local

9 Authority failed you?

A. They failed me in terms of the initial placement, 10 11 following up to sort of do a formal review and agree on 12 a permanent placement. I don't believe their decisions 13 were child-centred. It's very questionable, looking at 14 everything that has happened to me as to whose best 15 interests they were serving. Certainly not mine. There 16 was no -- as I've mentioned, there was no opportunities 17 for me to speak safely. There was no information shared 18 with me. If I needed almost to highlight that there was 19 any problems, you didn't know where to go.

I was failed at the end of my care because there was no follow through when I was putting my hands up to say I was homeless and that all of these issues had occurred. Even then -- and it's in black and white for everyone to read -- there was no interest. They were fundamentally failing in what that service is there to

1 sort of deliver.

2	Q.	As I mentioned, you say in this sentence that you wish
3		somebody from social work would sit down with you and
4		explain what happened and for what reasons.
5	Α.	(Witness nods)
6	Q.	Is that or any other type of acknowledgement or apology
7		something that you think would make any difference to
8		you?
9	Α.	Oh, very much so. It would.
10	Q.	So the City of Edinburgh Council, would you be looking
11		for them to explain to you specifically what they did
12		and the reasons for that in your case?
13	Α.	Yeah, and then more generally to sort of give that
14		confirmation that things have changed, that they've got
15		appropriate checks and balances in place and that
16		everything that they're doing is child-centred moving
17		forwards.
18	Q.	Then in terms of acknowledgement and apology to you for
19		what you went through when you were a child, would that
20		make a difference to you?
21	Α.	It would. It would feel like there was a sense of
22		redress because it was it would vindicate exactly
23		what it is that I'm saying. Even this Inquiry in itself
24		has been really cathartic, having the opportunity to
25		come into a forum and to be heard.

1 MS INNES: Okay. I don't have any more questions for you, 2 'Anna', and there are no applications, my Lady. 3 LADY SMITH: Any outstanding applications for questions? 4 'Anna', that does complete the questions --5 A. Thank you. 6 LADY SMITH: -- we have for you. 7 Thank you so much for engaging with us, both by 8 giving us your written statement and by coming here today for what's turned out to be longer than we hoped 9 10 we'd detain you. It's been so helpful and I've learned 11 so much from what you've told me. 12 A. Thank you. LADY SMITH: I'm now able to let you go and I hope you can 13 14 now relax for the rest of the day. Thank you. 15 A. Thank you very much. 16 (The witness withdrew) 17 LADY SMITH: Ms Innes. 18 MS INNES: My Lady, I think it might be appropriate to take 19 the afternoon break now. We do have quite a lengthy 20 read-in to deal with. 21 LADY SMITH: Very well. We'll have the short break now and 22 then we'll get on to the read-in. Thank you very much. 23 Oh, just before I do that I should mention, in case you don't all come back, the FKX-FKZ names of course 24 25 are covered by my general restriction order, as are the

1 names of their other foster children that were mentioned 2 and indeed at one time the witness 'Anna' used her own 3 first name, I think. Those can't be repeated outside 4 this room. Thank you. 5 6 (3.02 pm) (A short break) 7 8 (3.17 pm) LADY SMITH: Ms Rattray. 9 10 MS RATTRAY: Thank you, my Lady. 11 'Lauren' (read) 12 MS RATTRAY: My Lady, this is a statement of an applicant 13 who wishes to remain anonymous and has chosen the 14 pseudonym 'Lauren'. Her statement is at WIT.001.002.6126. 15 'Lauren' was placed in the care of Strathclyde 16 17 Regional Council. The main foster care placement about which she speaks was with PBG-SPO 18 in Beith 1985 to 1991. The successor 19 from 20 authority is North Ayrshire Council. My Lady, 'Lauren' was due to give oral evidence 21 22 today, but unfortunately she's unable to attend following a medical emergency. 23 "My name is 'Lauren'. I was known by my foster 24 25 carers' surname after I went into foster care in 1985.

I was born in 1977. My contact details are known to the
 Inquiry.

I was born in Ayr and lived there with my family before I was taken into care. I have one brother and two sisters. My brother is the eldest. He is about four years older than me. My sisters are two years older and two years younger than me. I have no memories of my mum living in the family home. I only remember my dad."

From paragraphs 3 to 5 'Lauren' speaks of the few memories she has of her life before care. Her parents separated and she lived with her dad, who couldn't cope. She says that it's always the traumatic things that she remembers. She recalls that she and her siblings were left alone in the house for three days and surviving on cold water, a used teabag and sugar.

From paragraphs 6 to 27, 'Lauren' speaks of her
experiences in Burnside Children's Home in Irvine.

19 Moving now to paragraph 28 on page 6:

"A foster placement was found for me and my older
sister and we were told that they'd got us a family.
I think it would have been the unit staff who spoke to
us about it. The original plan was that the foster
carers would adopt us.

25 I remember the foster parents came to visit us in

1 the unit and then they came with their two sons.

I think we had a couple of overnights with them as well. J just wanted somebody to love me at that time so I was excited and would have accepted anybody, and I accepted that social work wanted the best for me and this was supposed to be it.

7 I think they had a wee party in the unit for us when 8 we were leaving because we'd been there for such a long 9 time. I wasn't sad to leave. We were so excited that 10 there were people who wanted us, so it was a positive 11 thing.

12 We left Burnside in 1985, before my eighth birthday. 13 A key worker, Maureen, took us to the foster carers' 14 house. We had our typical 'in-care suitcase', which is 15 a black bin bag. The journey from Irvine to Beith takes 16 about half an hour, but we got lost and it seemed like 17 a lifetime that night.

I remember feeling so welcomed and I felt we fitted 18 in. PBG and sons lived in the family home and 19 20 PBG had another son who lived across the road with 21 her mum. I think he was about 17. One of the younger 22 sons was about 14 or 15 and then the other son [and this son, my Lady, has the pseudonym 'David'] was about 13. 23 I think PBG must be in her 70s now, she didn't 24 25 work. Worked a lot of different shifts as a baggage

1 handler at the airport.

2	Their house was a typical semi-detached house, the
3	sitting room was to the left as you went in, the kitchen
4	was straight ahead, the bathroom was downstairs and
5	there were three bedrooms upstairs.
6	I was known by their surname as soon as I went into
7	foster care. My name wasn't formally changed but I was
8	registered at the school and the doctor's under that
9	surname. I started school after the Christmas holidays
10	and was immediately known by their surname. My first
11	passport was under that name and I had to get a letter
12	from the social work explaining the circumstances so
13	that I could change it later. I have looked through my
14	records to see whose decision it was to change my name
15	but there's no information.
16	We called PBG and "mum" and "dad". I think
17	we did that because it was basically sold to us by
18	social work and the unit staff that we were going to
19	live with this family and they were going to be our new
20	mum and dad. PBG and wanted us to call them that
21	as well. I was fine with it. I was just so excited to
22	have a family and to belong to someone.
23	I slept in a bedroom with my sister. The two sons
24	shared a room and the foster parents were in the other

145

room. Our room wasn't really done up for girls.

Nothing had been done to make it homely. It was just
 a basic room and we weren't allowed to put posters up or
 do anything to make it our own.

Life in the foster home was very regimental. PBG woke us up about 8 o'clock. We'd have breakfast, get ready for school, go to school, come back, do homework, have dinner at the same time every day and then go out to play before bed.

9 We didn't get tucked in at night. It was just 10 a case of going up to bed at night on our own. We were 11 never allowed to read a book in bed. My sister and 12 I went to bed as soon as we came in from playing outside 13 and the sons stayed up for hours.

14 We sat at the dining table in the kitchen for meals. 15 We got cereal for breakfast. It was disgusting and we never got a choice. PBG put it out and that was it, 16 17 take it or leave it. I can't even look at cereal now. We weren't allowed a drink. She'd tell us there was 18 no time for a drink and I think this was to stop us 19 20 wetting the bed and control our fluid intake. If you 21 didn't eat the cereal it would be put down to you again 22 for lunch or dinner.

We would go home for lunch some days at primary
school. It was a ten-minute run to get home. We'd get
a sandwich for lunch. In secondary school, lunch was

1 a chopped pork sandwich and either diluting juice or 2 milk in a plastic green wine bottle, the same kind you 3 would get on a flight. By the time it came to lunchtime the milk was warm and there was no way I would drink it. 4 5 I used to just pour it out. We had no money to buy any other drinks or anything else. My friends at school 6 7 were going to the canteen or the local shop for a pizza. 8 We were never allowed snacks or fizzy juice. We did get treats but only when PBG decided we could. We were 9 treated totally different from their sons. They could 10 11 take what they wanted when they wanted and they got 12 Chinese takeaways but we were never allowed anything like that. 13

14 My sister and I sat in the kitchen for our evening 15 meal and they all ate theirs in the living room. The 16 boys got whatever they liked. I can't fault **PBG** in 17 terms of nutrition, though. She did give us wholesome 18 meals.

19 If you didn't like the food you just had to eat it. 20 **PBG** bought a whole cow's tongue one time and boiled 21 it and peeled it in front of us. This was quite 22 traumatic to watch. I was about 10 at the time. She 23 put it down for us for lunch and I couldn't eat it. 24 I was gagging. I put it in the bin when she wasn't 25 looking. She found it in the bin and then served it up

to me again for breakfast, lunch and dinner. I was
 supposed to be going to Inveraray with a wee friend from
 school and I wasn't allowed to go as a punishment for
 putting it in the bin.

5 There was never any affection from PBG . We were 6 never told that we were loved, we were never hugged, and 7 if we hurt ourselves, we just had to get up and get on 8 with it. I was absolutely petrified of her. Her tone, 9 her look, her posture, everything about her was 10 threatening. She constantly shouted. She never spoke, 11 it was just pure aggression from her all the time.

12 I can't say anything bad about . He was probably the warmest person in the house. I think he was 13 14 controlled by PBG . I don't think he was aware of the abuse. He worked all sorts of shifts and wasn't really 15 around that much. He never had a say, so he was never 16 17 involved in any decisions. I feel his life would have 18 been hell if he had disagreed. They would go lengthy 19 periods of time not speaking, not a single word, and the 20 atmosphere was black. I was always anxious, worried and 21 scared.

I moved school again and went to Beith Primary School. I got on fine at school. I moved on to secondary school. I liked English, maths, biology and history. I got good reports from school. I didn't get

any encouragement from the foster carers to do well at school. It was my own choice to sit and do my homework at night. I was never allowed to do my homework in my room. I could only do it at the dining table and I couldn't ask for help because PBG would make me feel like an absolute idiot.

We had to wear their sons' hand-me-down clothes. We 7 8 were dressed in boys' clothes and we got sent to a barber for a £2 haircut. Other kids used to laugh at 9 us. When I read my files, I saw that PBG got money 10 11 for absolutely everything for us, clothes, bedding, 12 furniture, and we didn't even get pocket money. These people were supposed to be adopting us, but I think she 13 14 was getting too much money fostering us and that's why 15 the adoption didn't go ahead.

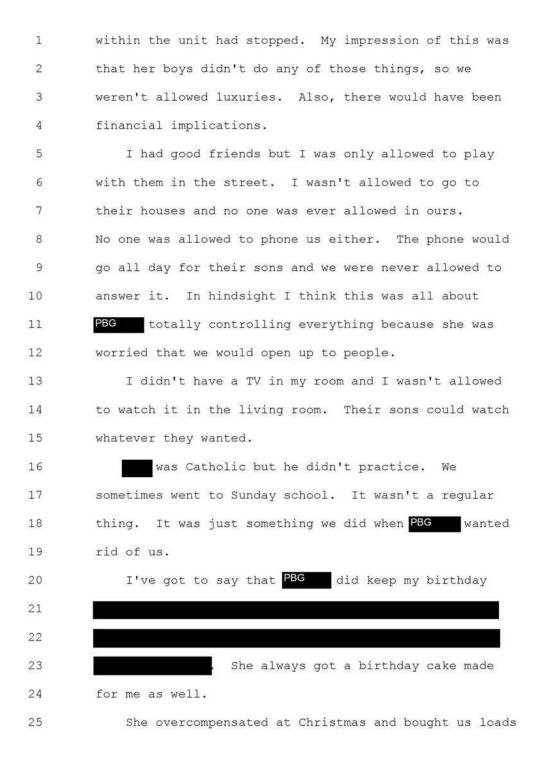
We got a bath every second or third night. PBG 16 17 sometimes put the son 'David' in the bath with me and the other son with my sister. The boys wore their 18 swimming trunks and we were naked. We never had any 19 20 privacy in the bathroom. Even as a teenager, we could 21 close the door over but we were never allowed to lock 22 it. The bathroom door was all glass and see through, 23 with just a net curtain, which was gathered in the 24 middle. This meant that when the light was on, you 25 could see right into the bathroom. Anyone on the

1 stairs, in the living room, coming out of the kitchen or 2 at the front door could clearly see into the bathroom. I came home from school one day when I was 11 and 3 told PBG that I was bleeding down below. She told me 4 5 not to be so 'fucking disgusting' and to go and clean myself up. I didn't have a clue what I was doing. 6 7 I spoke to my sister, but she didn't really know either. 8 After that, there was a supply of sanitary products, but you always felt embarrassed about using them. It was as 9 if you weren't really allowed to use them. I didn't 10 11 know how to dispose of the used towels, so I hid them in 12 my bedroom drawers.

13PBGgot me and my sister up every Saturday14morning at about 8 o'clock and we had to scrub the15kitchen and bathroom from top to bottom and clean the16living room. I understand the need for kids to do17chores, but this was on a totally different level.18Their sons were allowed to stay in bed and they didn't19have to do anything.

20 We went to the doctor for a yearly check and got our 21 wee book filled in. I wasn't really an unwell child, so 22 I didn't need to see a doctor very often. I went for 23 things like a sore throat and sore ear. I remember 24 I got an ear infection one time and needed antibiotics. 25 PBG came and got me from school and then I was sent

1 up to my bed when I got home. I was left in my room on 2 my own with no communication from anybody. I think 3 I got shouted down for some soup but that was it. I wasn't looked after the way you would expect a sick 4 5 child to be. It felt more like I had done something bad and was being disciplined. 6 7 We saw a dentist every six months but we weren't encouraged at home to brush our teeth. PBG 8 had false teeth so she didn't care. She didn't even wear her 9 10 false teeth. 11 We went to family holidays every year to places like 12 London and Scarborough. I went abroad with them when I was older and had my own daughter. 13 14 If it was a nice day, we'd go on trips to places 15 like Largs, but we didn't have any hobbies. We didn't get taken out to the cinema or the swimming baths. 16 17 I was usually always outside playing. I didn't really have toys to play with inside, but I had bikes 18 and scooters, all the stuff for playing outside. PBG 19 20 didn't really want us in her house, so any time we could be out, we'd be out. If I had to be indoors because it 21 22 was wet outside, I would sometimes sit in my room and write out a book just to pass the time and practice my 23 24 handwriting. 25 All the after school activities we had gone to



1 of presents. We all had our own seats where our 2 presents were put out for us on Christmas morning. We 3 got lots, but the boys always got more. One year we opened loads of wee presents and then PBG asked me 4 5 and my sister to go into the kitchen to get something for her and there were bikes in there for both of us. 6 7 We got surprise presents every Christmas. 8 I never saw or spoke to my dad. I once got a letter from my younger sister saying that she wanted to see us 9 10 but we were never taken to meet her. Contact with her 11 wasn't really encouraged by social workers either. After my older sister left PBG-SPO 12 PBG would sneakily have her visit when I wasn't in the 13 14 house. She never came when I was there so I never saw 15 her. I got in contact with my paternal gran about 12 16 17 years ago and she said that she wrote all the time and sent birthday and Christmas cards but we never got 18 19 anything from her. PBG 20 mum was my nana, she was a really loving 21 wee woman. I used to do her shopping for her and go to 22 the library for her on a Friday night. PBG older son moved in with his nana when he 23 24 was about 15 or 16. I'd see him at my nana's but he was 25 a lot older and worked away a lot. I don't know what

happened, but he hated his mum at that time. I was very close to him in later life. I looked upon him as my brother. He knew exactly what his mum was like. He totally accepted that I was telling the truth when I disclosed the abuse years later. He passed away ten years ago. He was my kids' uncle. My oldest daughter adored her uncle.

8 The foster parents weren't close to their siblings 9 but we always knew that we had aunts and uncles and we 10 would go to family occasions like weddings and that sort 11 of thing. We were accepted, but we weren't close.

12 I ran away shortly before I left the foster placement. It was a Thursday night and I kidded on that 13 14 I was going to the library for my nana a night early. I had a wee yellow backpack. My plan was to sleep in 15 a wee bit under the library. I changed my mind because 16 it was too cold. One of PBG brothers and his wife 17 had adopted two boys and I went to their house in Beith 18 19 and said that I couldn't go back home. I think that's 20 all I said, that I just couldn't go back there.

21 PBG brother phoned social work standby. 22 There's a written referral in my records relating to 23 this. It mentions something along the lines of me 24 getting into trouble for something silly and says that 25 PBG brother phoned them and told them that I didn't

want to go back to PBG . Whoever answered the phone 1 2 asked him questions and he told them that he was aware of emotional and physical abuse, but he wasn't sure if 3 there was sexual abuse. I hadn't told him any of this. 4 5 He had probably witnessed it. According to the written referral, the standby worker spoke to me and basically 6 7 said that I was being pathetic and that I had to go back. I think I just walked back to PBG 8 after that. I don't remember having the conversation with the 9 10 standby worker, but I do remember making the plan to 11 sleep at the library and then changing my mind and going to PBG brother's house instead. 12 PBG used to foster babies on a short-term basis. 13 14 The oldest was about two, and she had a couple from 15 birth. I remember a wee girl who was with her until she was about three. PBG tried to adopt her but they 16 17 wouldn't let her because of her age. That really upset us all because that wee girl was like my wee sister. 18 19 She had lived with us from when she was only three days old. It felt to me like she had died. There was no 20 consideration given as to how I might feel about her 21 22 leaving. Nobody ever asked how I felt about it. It was 23 heartbreaking and traumatic. 24 She also fostered a wee boy. She had him from about

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the age of one. I was there when he arrived.

25

PBG

went on to adopt him but I had left by then. I think
 PBG behaved worse towards me and my sister because
 she was angry at herself and her anger was shown towards
 us rather than any of the boys because we were female.
 She later adopted another wee girl who is only a year
 younger than my daughter.

7 The contact with social work was mainly through phone calls to PBG . They'd phone her and she would 8 say everything was fine. I went through my records and 9 10 did a chronological timeline which showed that 18 months 11 passed with no actual contact with us in person, and only three phone calls to PBG from social work. On 12 some occasions, social work would come to the house and 13 14 we were put outside or put out of the room. Again this 15 shows that only the foster carers really mattered and we weren't worth listening to. 16

17 The social workers changed frequently. I remember being taken out by them a couple of times but PBG 18 very much dictated what was said. It was drummed into 19 20 us that we were not to say anything outside of the 21 house. She was so controlling. We were terrified to 22 say anything as we knew we would end up back in 23 a children's home. At that time I just wanted to be in 24 a family and have somebody to love me. We didn't know 25 the social workers anyway and when they did see them

they took us to places like Nardini's for an ice cream.
 How appropriate is it to talk about abuse in a busy
 café?

I still went to children's panels once a year. Again it was just a case of three people sitting across a table, asking your name and address and then making the decision to keep the supervision order in place for another year.

My experience in this foster care placement is the 9 worst I had in my whole time in care. I got battered by 10 PBG for little things like coming home from school 11 12 with dirty socks. It wouldn't just be one slap, she'd slap you repeatedly on the body and head. I was 13 14 terrified to even breathe. You'd be left with bruises quite often, but you would hide them. There was never 15 any major injury. I can see now as an adult that PBG 16 17 was very aware of what she was doing.

I ran away and hid behind a tree round the corner from the house one time and PBG beat me with a Boys' Brigade belt when I came back. I don't remember why I ran away. I remember the buckle skelping me on the back. I had marks on my back but I never showed them to anybody.

I had problems with bed-wetting. PBG would make me change my sheets when I got up in the morning and

1 she'd laugh at me and ridicule me. She would be really 2 nasty and make me feel horrible. The emotional abuse 3 was unreal. She would say I was 'boggin' and disgusting and that I should have got up to go to the toilet. We 4 5 were not actually allowed to get out of bed until she said we could. I was terrified to get out of bed. 6 7 I was actually violently sick one time in my bed and 8 I had to stay there for hours until she came. I wouldn't even have dared to alert her to the fact 9 I had been sick; the risk of being battered was too 10 11 huge. When I was about 10, PBG put a terry towelling 12 nappy on me because I had wet the bed and sent me to 13 14 Sunday school in it. I remember I had a wee skirt on 15 and I had to try and hide it from the other children. My sister got battered more than me because she used 16 17 to steal. I would laugh because I was glad it wasn't me. It was terrifying to see this, but I was also 18 relieved it wasn't me. PBG didn't hit her sons. 19 20 They were often present when we were being beaten. 21 It's in my files that my sister disclosed at school 22 that PBG battered her. If I remember correctly, my sister had gone to school and said that PBG had 23 24 walked in when one of the sons was trying to put his 25 hand up my sister's school skirt and my sister got

1 battered for it. PBG said my sister was a compulsive liar, but I think PBG eventually admitted that she 2 3 assaulted my sister. My sister was then removed from their care and I was left. I think I was about 10 or 4 5 11. I just accepted it at the time. Everybody else had walked out of my life, so that was the norm for me. 6 7 I was sexually abused by the son 'David' and then 8 also by the other son after my sister left. I remember the first time it happened. I don't know the precise 9 date, but I know where this can be found. PBG used 10 11 to keep a wee blue book in a drawer where she noted the 12 details of the babies she fostered. I told the police about it later 13 14 15 The first time it happened was the same day the 16 foster parents went to Largs to pick up a baby whose dad

17 had been stabbed. The oldest son came over that day with my nana to watch us. My sister and I were in our 18 19 room. I was on the top bunk and she was on the bottom. 20 'David' came up onto the top bunk with me and the other 21 son went to the bottom with my sister. I remember I had 22 a purple teddy and a pink toy dog on my bed. My sister and I were sexually abused at the exact same time that 23 24 day.

I don't ever recall it happening again to my sister

25

and me at the same time. The other son abused my sister 1 2 and 'David' abused me until my sister left and then both of them abused me. My sister and I never discussed it 3 but we both knew it was happening to each other. 4 5 I am not going to go into full details because I don't think the Inquiry needs that. The abuse started 6 7 with them putting their hands up my nightie and getting 8 me to suck them, and then when I got older it was full sex. I remember sitting in the bath when I was about 11 9 10 and I thought I was pregnant because I had this wee pot 11 belly. I was obviously aware of pregnancy at that time. 12 I was sexually abused on holiday as well. I remember we went to London to visit the foster 13 14 father's relative and we went out with the sons one day 15 and ended up walking around an industrial estate. It was quite isolated and 'David' took me to one bit and 16 17 the other son went off with my sister. It was a roasting hot day and I know exactly what I was 18 wearing. I had on a blue and white bikini and the wee 19 20 straps kept coming loose. I was about nine at the time. 21 It happened another time in Scarborough when I was about 22 10. 'David' was constantly touching me inappropriately 23 when we were in the swimming pool. 24 I remember another time I was abused by 'David' on

25

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PBG

and

were at

the stairs in the house.

1 a wedding during the day and us kids were to go to the reception at night. PGB 2 best friend was popping in 3 and out of the house and helping us to get ready. As I said, you don't remember these events in a way where 4 5 you can say, 'On such-and-such a date this precise thing happened'. I know it was a Friday. I know whose 6 7 wedding it was. I remember what I was wearing and 8 I remember the colour of the curtains and the carpets. I would say the sexual abuse happened at least twice 9 a week. It happened on the upstairs landing, on the 10 stairs, in the bath, when PGB put 'David' into the 11 12 bath with me, and in my room when I couldn't get out to play because it was wet outside. 13

14 As far as I'm concerned, there is no way in this world that PCB didn't hear what was going on. She 15 wasn't in the house the first time it happened, but she 16 17 was downstairs at other times when it was happening on the landing, the stairs or in my bedroom. You could 18 19 hear every single creak in the living room below. She 20 had three older brothers and I believe that she was 21 abused herself and therefore thought it was acceptable. 22 When I first met the Inquiry team I said, 'I didn't 23 have a lot of anger towards her because I understood the 24 reason why she thought that. I don't accept it and 25 never will, but if that's what happened to her, it's

1 probably all she's ever known'. However, on reviewing 2 my statement my views have changed. I'm angry now and I believe that PGB needs to be held responsible for 3 4 her actions and her lack of actions to protect me as 5 a child. Regardless of what may or may not have 6 happened to her in her childhood, that doesn't make her 7 behaviour acceptable. I didn't become a perpetrator of 8 abuse despite what I suffered. If she genuinely cared for young people, no one would have even suffered verbal 9 10 abuse, never mind sexual abuse in her care.

I I went to school and phoned social work from a public phone box the day after I ran away to PGB brother's house. I spoke to my social worker Bob Jess and said that I wasn't going back. I didn't tell him why. I was around 13 at the time.

I think Bob picked me up at the school and we went 16 17 to the house to get my things and then I was taken to Dalrymple Place. PGB was the only one in the house. 18 19 She showed no emotion. I was guite upset, and I was 20 saying that I had maybe made the wrong decision, even 21 though I knew in my heart it was the right decision. 22 Despite what happened, they were the only family I ever knew so I was upset at leaving. I still kept in contact 23 24 after I left and I used to go and stay with them at the 25 weekend. As far as I was concerned, they were very much

still my family.

2	I remember sitting outside the headmaster's room at
3	school and then being called in and asked about the
4	incident when PGB battered my sister. The police and
5	social workers were there. I hadn't witnessed it so
6	I didn't know what they were talking about and had
7	nothing to say. Nobody asked me how things were at home
8	generally. To be honest, I probably wouldn't have
9	disclosed the abuse anyway because I just accepted it.
10	That's what I put up with to be in a family, rather than
11	just another number in a children's unit.
12	PGB accepted that she physically assaulted my
13	sister but nothing was done regarding the son because
14	I think my sister was just dismissed as a compulsive
15	liar."
16	From paragraph 92 to 105, 'Lauren' describes her
17	life in Dalrymple Place children's unit in Irvine.
18	Moving now to paragraph 106 on page 24:
19	"I had no contact with my own family, but I still
20	saw PBG-SPO . I would go there for overnight stays.
21	I was never allowed back in my bedroom after I left.
22	I slept in the living room on a sofa bed behind the
23	couch. It was as if I was never to be made comfortable
24	in that family environment again. They got an allowance
25	for every overnight I spent there. The routine was

still the same and the sexual abuse continued, but with greater force. On reflection, I think the bedroom situation was to make me more accessible to the boys. I believe I was not allowed back in my bedroom as it was easier for **PBG** to deny any knowledge of the abuse taking place or that she colluded in it when I was sleeping downstairs and her bedroom was upstairs.

8 Because I was in the children's unit, there was very 9 little social worker involvement. The unit staff tended 10 to deal with everything. The unit staff kept daily logs 11 so the social worker would just phone the unit and get 12 an update. You'd maybe see a social worker once a year.

The usual thing happened at the children's panels. You would just go in and say your name and address, they would basically say that the order was to be continued and away you went. My life seemed pretty normal to everybody. Nobody knew about the abuse and nobody asked the type of questions that would lead to me disclosing what was happening.

The charity Who Cares? wasn't as active back then as it is now. There wasn't the same encouragement to speak to them like there is now. You knew you could phone them, but they didn't really come to the unit so you didn't know them. We used to get paid to go to their conferences so some of us would go along for the money.

We'd go along and listen to talks and get £50 for it. 1 2 My impression at the time was that it was just people speaking rubbish. That happened a lot going through the 3 care system, people just talked rubbish to me." 4 5 Now to paragraph 111 on page 25: "I had only been in Dalrymple for about eight months 6 7 and then I was told I was going into foster care and 8 I didn't want to go. I think the decision was made at a review or children's panel and I had no option. 9 I think I had a couple of overnights with the foster 10 11 carer and I knew that I didn't fit in there. I thought 12 she was crazy. I remember faking illnesses and trying to stall it for a while. I don't remember the day 13 14 I left Dalrymple. 15 I called the foster carer by her first name. One of her daughters lived in the house. She was about ten 16 17 years older than me. Her house was a typical 18 semi-detached house, which was really dirty inside. It 19 was the dirtiest place I had ever seen, apart from my 20 family home. The carpets were stained and the furniture 21 was really old. It never felt homely. I moved the 22 living room furniture about loads of times just to try and make it homely. I had my own bedroom but it was 23 just a basic room with an old bed. A few weeks before 24 25 I left, she bought a pink carpet for my bedroom.

I stayed in this placement for about seven or eight
 months.

FVQ the foster mother, didn't care for me at all. 3 There was no structure and I could basically do what 4 5 I wanted. She was a cleaner and went out to work early in the morning. She bought frozen food and I just had 6 7 to help myself to whatever was in the freezer. She was 8 a heavy drinker and used to go round to her ex husband's in the evening and drink with him. I remember waking up 9 one night and the ex husband was urinating on the floor 10 11 beside my bed. I just shut my eyes. I didn't say 12 anything about it to anybody the next day. I think he was that drunk he thought he was in the toilet. He was 13 14 actually fine. He was always good to his daughters.

I used to just sit in the house on my own. FVQ 15 didn't take me out or do anything with me. There was 16 17 an old black and white TV that I'd sit and watch. I didn't have any friends when I was there. I wasn't 18 going to school so I didn't socialise much. I would 19 20 take myself into Kilmarnock town centre at the weekends 21 go about on my own. Her daughter was around sometimes 22 and we would sit in her room some nights and listen to 23 her record player.

I was supposed to go to school but I rarely went.
This is the only time in my education that I refused to

1 go to school. I don't know if the school tried to speak to **FVQ** about it. I don't think she was that bothered. 2 Her daughter was more concerned about it. I remember 3 lying in my bed one day and she was trying to persuade 4 5 me to go. I was saying that I couldn't go. I remember feeling that I'd just had enough and I was close to 6 7 telling her about the sexual abuse. When I reflect on how I was feeling while I was living at **FVQ**, I think 8 in some way I was missing the abuse because that was the 9 only form of affection I had been getting. I wasn't 10 getting any affection at FVQ and I think that's why my 11 emotions were all over the place. I didn't know where 12 to go, what to do or who to speak to. 13 14 FVQ cleaned a hotel and I got a job collecting the

15 coats in the nightclub on Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays from 11 pm to 3 am, then I'd walk home on my 16 17 own. I was about 14 at the time. I sometimes worked in the restaurant during the day as well. That was the 18 only money I got. I never saw any of the money FVQ got 19 20 for me from the Local Authority. I took the job to give 21 me something to do and to get me out of the house. I didn't carry on going to the PBG-SPO at the 22 weekends when I was at **FVQ** out of a kind of loyalty to 23 FVQ She used to give me a hard time because I still 24 felt connected to the PBG-SPO . I don't remember what 25

she used to say but I remember me saying, 'But they're my mum and dad'.

I vaguely remember one official visit at  $\boxed{FVQ}$ . I don't think it was a social work visit. I think it was Norma, my key worker from the unit. I don't know whether I specifically said to Norma how I felt about living there, but they knew from the outset that I didn't want to be there and that it just didn't feel right to me.

10 My younger sister contacted me and came to stay 11 overnight once. FVQ showed her so much more affection 12 than she showed me. I remember I was working in the 13 restaurant during the day and FVQ took her into town for 14 lunch. She had never done that with me the whole time 15 I was there. That was another reason I decided I'd had 16 enough of living there.

My placement came to an end shortly after Christmas. This was around the time my younger sister had come for the overnight. Christmas Day was hell. There was no tree, there wasn't even a Christmas dinner. FVQ gave me one wee present, a make-up box, and nothing else.

I am not materialistic, but it was obvious
that no thought or emotion had gone into my gift, which
just reinforced the feeling that she didn't care about

1 me at all.

I phoned **PBG** that day and I was hysterical. I think she actually came and picked me up from **FVQ**. I spent Christmas Day with the **PBG-SPO** and then a couple of weeks after that I went back to Burnside Children's Home.

7 I think I called the social worker and said that I couldn't stay at **EVQ** any longer and I asked them to 8 come and get me. They didn't ask me why. They would 9 10 have had breakdown placement meetings to discuss what 11 was going on, but you don't get to go to them. I don't 12 think I was going to children's panels at the time. The Local Authority had parental responsibility for me from 13 14 about the age of 12 or 13. I vaguely remember leaving FVQ I felt no connection to her at all. I was just 15 like, 'Take me back home'. I never saw FVQ again after 16 17 I left.

FVQ never fostered again. I had been her second 18 foster child. I think the first one moved on for 19 20 similar reasons to me. I still see Norma Grier now and 21 she has said to me that I should never have been placed 22 there. She was my key worker and she knew that it was 23 the wrong choice for me but she was just a unit worker 24 and it was not her decision to make. I think the 25 decision had been made because in those days they

thought it was better for people to be in a family setting rather than a children's unit. That certainly wasn't my experience. My most positive memories from childhood are from the children's homes rather than foster care."

Now to paragraph 129 on page 29:

6

7 "While living at Burnside I started to stay with the PBG-SPO 8 at the weekend and 'David' continued to sexually abused me. The other son had moved out by then. 9 'David' was older and used to go out drinking. I would 10 11 be sleeping in the living room in the fold-down bed or 12 sofa and he would come in when he got home. I could 13 smell the alcohol before I could even see or hear him." 14 From paragraphs 130 to 145, 'Lauren' describes her life in both Burnside Children's Home and Dalrymple 15 Place children's unit, Irvine. When she was 16, she 16 17 moved to live with her mum and her mum's husband at an army base in Germany. 'Lauren' left after six weeks 18 19 because they felt strangers to her. She returned to 20 Dalrymple Place and moved to a tenancy when she was 17. 21 She became pregnant at 18 but her child's father was 22 violent. She returned to Dalrymple Place where she had 23 her daughter. 24 Moving now to paragraph 146 on page 33:

24 Moving now to paragraph 146 on page 33:
 25 "I was still in contact with PBG-SPO and PBG

1 told me that she would have no contact with me again if 2 I didn't stop seeing my daughter's father. She didn't know that he had been violent, she just wanted to 3 control things. She instructed me to move back to Beith 4 5 and said that she would support me to look after my child. PBG actually phoned me the day I was having 6 7 my daughter to tell me that they had found me a house in 8 Beith, but it took me three months to move because I didn't really want to go." 9

10 Now to paragraph 149:

11 "I moved into my own house in Beith in 1997 but PBG totally controlled me. I had to be at her 12 house every day. She used to take over the care of my 13 14 daughter and I couldn't do anything right according to her. She would totally belittle me. My self-esteem was 15 so low. I couldn't tell her when I had friends at my 16 17 house at the weekend. If she phoned my house and I wasn't in, she would question where I had been. Once 18 19 I started work, she used to phone me every day to make 20 sure I was there. The sons had moved out by this time, 21 but they still came in and out of the house. To the 22 outside world, they were my brothers and they were my 23 daughter's uncles.

I started working in the council in November 1997.
I didn't want to live as a single mum spending my days

1 around PBG-SPO all the time. I used to take my daughter to PBG 2 in the morning before work and she 3 would watch her. She got paid for watching her. The social work paid about £50 a day when I first started 4 5 working and I had to pay her £50 a night if I wanted a night out. I did a training course before I started 6 7 working, just to get me back into work, and I think 8 PBG got about £180 a week to watch my daughter for 9 two or three days.

10 Before starting work I volunteered a wee bit with 11 Throughcare, doing their admin and that kind of thing. 12 I always knew that I wanted a better life for me and my daughter and sitting getting a giro every week wasn't 13 for me. I had to have a purpose in life. PBG 14 had always drummed into me that I was nothing, that nobody 15 loved me and that my children would end up the same as 16 17 me, so I don't know how I got the strength and 18 determination to change that.

19**PBG**had adopted the little boy by this point and20also the little girl, who was a year younger than my21eldest daughter. I remember **PBG**slapping the little22boy across the face because he spilt some milk on the23worktop one morning. I was in her house dropping my24daughter off before I went to work. I shouted at **PBG**25and was really going nuts at her for hitting him. It

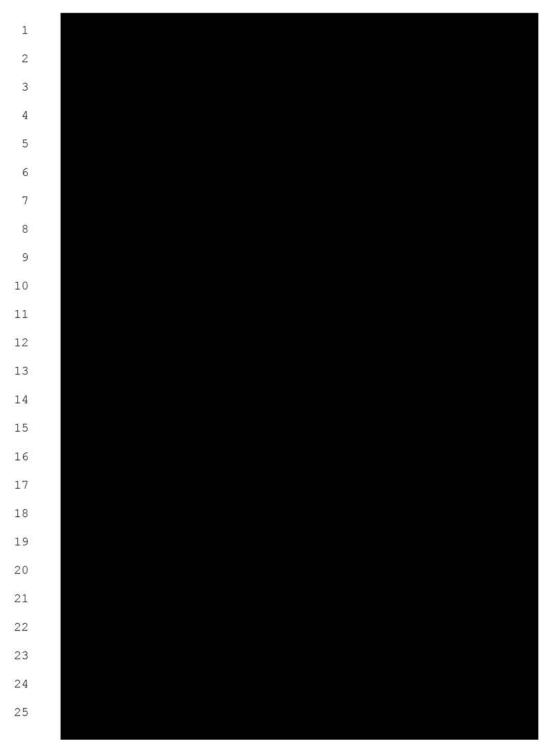
1 was the first time I'd answered her back and she 2 couldn't cope with it. The little boy had learning 3 difficulties and was still at primary school at the time, this would have been around 2002. I remember 4 5 I went to work that day and I was going to a meeting with a senior manager and was close to telling her. 6 7 I didn't say anything because I was concerned about the 8 impact it might have on me and my daughter. It wasn't until my daughter got to about five that 9 I decided I couldn't live that way any more. I told the 10 11 oldest son how I felt and he advised me to get a tenancy 12 swap and said he would help me move. So that's what I did and I moved away. I didn't let PBG 13 see my 14 daughter again. 15 Moving away was a massive decision for me. This was my daughter's family from birth, she believed that they 16 17 were her grandparents and uncles. Not only had she lost her natural father but I was ditching a full family 18 network, which I felt I had to do to protect my child 19 20 and myself." 21 Now to paragraph 156: 22 "I kept in touch with the older son until he died ten years ago. He was my children's uncle. He believed 23 24 me when I told him about the sexual abuse 25 He challenged them and he never spoke to

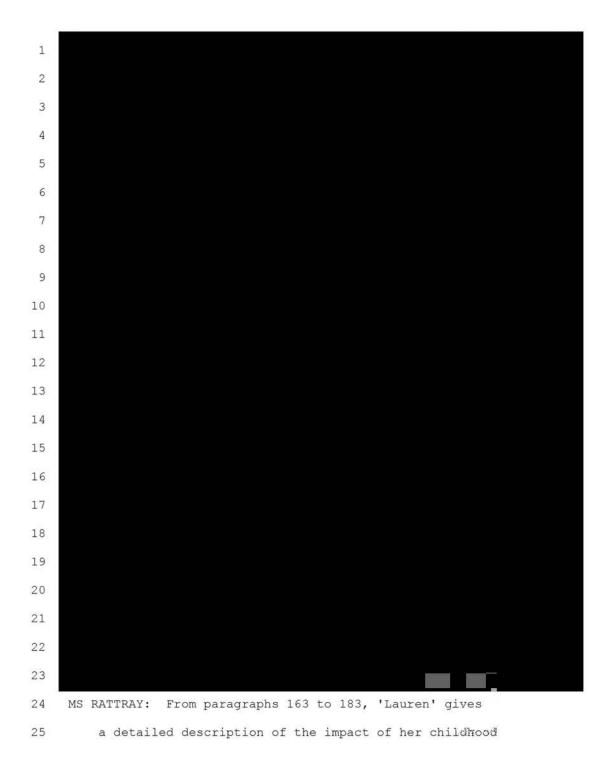
any of them again after that.PBG turned up at his
 funeral even though she wasn't invited. That was the
 last time I saw her.

When my oldest daughter reached the age of eight, 4 5 I couldn't even look at her because all I could see was 6 the child that I had been at that age. I eventually messaged my sister saying that I needed to go to the 7 8 police about what had happened to us. This was in 2004 or 2005. People will find this hard to believe, but my 9 sister and I had never discussed the sexual abuse. She 10 came back saying that she wasn't sure she was ready, but 11 12 I should go ahead and do it if that's what I wanted to 13 do.

I phoned **Throughcare after I mentioned** my sister and told her that I needed to go to the police. She was in my house within ten minutes, and she phoned the women and children's unit at Ayr police station. The police came to my house and took a statement from me. I only reported the sexual abuse.

20 21 22 23 24 25





1 experiences on her and the treatment and support she has 2 received. Many parts of her adult life were adversely 3 affected. These include her mental and physical health, her sense of self and self-worth, her ability to trust 4 5 people, her parenting and ability to show affection, her education, her relationship with her siblings and her 6 employment and work life. I will read some of what she 7 8 says from paragraphs 163: "I have now been diagnosed with complex 9 post-traumatic stress disorder that needed intense 10 11 ongoing therapy and support since the age of 16 due to 12 the psychological distress and trauma the care 13 experience has left me with. 14 I feel as though I have lost out on so much in terms of my adulthood, not my childhood. It is only in the 15 last year that I have actually started to appreciate who 16 17 I am. I have always felt that I am not worthy and have been a people pleaser. My husband abused alcohol and 18 19 drugs and I put up with it because I didn't think 20 I deserved any better. My thinking was that I was only ever worthy of abuse, so why would anything different 21 22 come my way. I have always analysed and questioned everything and 23 24 thought that the world was against me. 25 It's also affected my ability to trust people.

I question everything people say to me.

1

I tend to reject people before they get the chance to reject me. I've ruined relationships because of this. Some people think that I'm really confident but it's a front.

I never got any affection in care and it kills me 6 7 today that I didn't show my kids affection when they 8 were growing up. All I ever wanted was to be loved and I wasn't, so I didn't know how to show love. My kids 9 would cuddle me and I would cuddle them back but I would 10 11 be cringing inside. I wasn't like a mum. The first 12 time I felt real emotion was when my daughter was really ill when pregnant and she was rushed to hospital. 13 14 I hadn't had flashbacks for years and I was waking up all the time with PBG 15 voice in my head. Her voice was going right through my head telling me how 16 17 much of a failure I was and how my daughter was the way she was because that's what I deserved. 18 Fortunately, I can now cuddle my granddaughter and 19 20 actually appreciate her wee smell."

21 Now to paragraph 171 on page 39:

"Not being allowed to go to the toilet during the night when I was in foster care also still impacts on me now. I don't go to the toilet when I need and I hold it in for hours, resulting in recurring UTIs and kidney

1 infections."

2 Now to paragraph 174 on page 40: 3 "Whenever I smell stale beer or anything similar, it takes me right back to the PBG-SPO living room and 4 5 being sexually abused by 'David'." Moving now to paragraph 184 on page 42: 6 7 "I got my case files about a year and a half ago. 8 I made a subject access request and passed it to my manager. When the director was handing them over, she 9 said that PBG was 'one ferocious woman'. 10 11 A similar comment had been made to me by Bob Jess when 12 I started working in the Local Authority. He said she was 'an evil, manipulative woman'. That's what they 13 14 thought about her, yet I was put into her care. He also 15 said that he felt that things weren't right, and that the boys had the best of everything, they had good 16 17 trainers and we had black sandshoes but to social work it seemed the best option at the time. 18 I went back to my desk with a stack of files and 19 20 then I spent about two weeks reading them at night, 21 taking photos and writing bits out. It was really quite 22 traumatic. What I found hard to accept is that social 23 work are involved only when significant negative events 24 occur. There are no positive events recorded in my 25 files. The first thing I should have been able to see

when I opened my files was my birth certificate or even 1 2 a photograph of when I won a colouring-in competition when I was in Pl. There is no evidence of these happy 3 events. The first few pages were all about how my dad 4 5 couldn't cope, how I was wearing ill-fitting shoes and how unkempt the house was. All the significant events 6 7 seem to be negative events. There are no school report 8 cards saying how great I did, not one mention of them.

9 I couldn't read through all the records. I looked 10 out particular bits because I knew the periods I was 11 looking for. I don't want to look at them now because 12 it reinforces how negative my life was. I was going to 13 go through them with Dr Connor, my psychotherapist, but 14 he said I didn't need to do it because I remember so 15 much anyway.

16 One of the reasons I got my records was to reinforce 17 my belief that I gave signs and clues that I was being 18 abused and these were not picked up. It was clear when 19 I read my files that I was right. I went through them 20 and was able to identify all the opportunities there 21 were to find out about the abuse.

was reading my records with me and within about an hour and with no explanation as to why, she told me she had to go. A day later she messaged me to apologise and said that what she read in my records was horrific.

She said as a qualified social worker she saw so many 1 2 failings and she couldn't look at the records again. Also in my records is an entry which shows that 3 a social worker, who was my worker for a short period of 4 5 time, expressed concerns to a senior, Mae Henderson, about PBG and the care that I was receiving. She 6 7 recorded that her senior said that it wasn't ideal but 8 it was the best option they had available.

9 I only learned that the original plan was for PBG 10 and to adopt me when I read my records. Nobody had 11 ever discussed that with me.

12 The Local Authority should have been more vigorous in their checks when I was in foster care. They 13 14 shouldn't just leave a child in a foster placement and 15 assume that everything is all right because the carer tells you so. When they did meet me, they should have 16 17 spoken to me as an individual and asked appropriate questions that would have led me to opening up. Had 18 19 someone done that with me, I probably would have 20 disclosed the abuse.

I think it would be good to have something in place to allow young people to speak to someone who is not their normal social worker and they should be able to meet with that person outwith their care environment in a place where they feel comfortable.

1 I think one of the biggest lessons to be learned is 2 that staff should remember when they are documenting something that it is someone's life that they are 3 writing about and they need to consider the impact that 4 5 their words will have on that person when they read them in the future. Also, they should record things other 6 7 than negative events or reactions. A child's file 8 should contain things like report cards, swimming badges and copies of dance certificates, because as you move 9 10 from place to place you have nothing. I have no wee 11 memories of my childhood or photographs of me as a child 12 to compare with my daughters or grandchild.

13 I hope that children are listened to in the future 14 and that they don't get pushed into placements that they 15 themselves know are not right for them. I was pushed into that second foster care placement when it was clear 16 17 that the foster carer was only in it for the money. 18 Anybody who isn't even specialised in childcare could 19 pick up my file and see that. It is always going to be 20 difficult to get people who are genuinely in it for the 21 right reasons, but serious efforts need to be made to 22 make sure this happens.

I don't think anybody can stop abuse, but if I can help to stop at least one person suffering the way I have suffered, I'll feel that I have done my job and

1 my pain has been worth it.

2 I have no objection to my witness statement being 3 published as part of the evidence to the Inquiry. I believe the facts stated in this witness statement are 4 5 true." 'Lauren' signed her statement on 22 May 2019. 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 My Lady, I am conscious of the time. I think had 13 'Lauren' been giving oral evidence we would have put 14 certain records to her. I don't know whether --LADY SMITH: Well, I think we probably ought to look at 15 extracts unless it's going to take an awfully long time. 16 17 MS RATTRAY: I'll try and be more focused. Suffice to say 18 that obviously all these records are available to those 19 who have leave to appear. 20 LADY SMITH: Of course. 21 MS RATTRAY: The records I'm referring to are all in the 22 bundle and therefore everyone can --23 LADY SMITH: She has made reference to them in her 24 statement, so if we can show the essence of them in the 25 public hearing room, I think we should.

MS RATTRAY: Yes. Indeed I think some of the records she 1 2 specifically refers to in statements are actually 3 probably records which relate to her time in Burnside 4 and Dalrymple Place. 5 LADY SMITH: Yes. MS RATTRAY: They are in relation to comments that have been 6 7 made in that setting. 8 The records that I was going to look at, the first one I wish to look at is at NAC-000000359. What this 9 is, my Lady, is this is a document of 18 July 1985 and 10 11 it's a minute of a proposed linking meeting. It's really just to make the point this is when PBG-SPO 12 were being identified as foster carers for 'Lauren' and 13 her sister. 14 Apologies, it's page 2 of this document. That 15 memorandum is a different document. If we move to the 16 17 foot of the page, the point I wish to draw from this 18 particular document is the foot of the page and the last 19 few sentences: PBG-SPO 20 who since they were accepted as 21 permanent foster parents have helped us out twice taking 22 on four young children on a temporary basis. It was 23 felt that this couple, who have two sons living with 24 them, have been through the mill before with Mrs PBG eldest son and her niece and would possibly 25

be able to cope better with the problems that [the two 1 2 girls] would bring than someone who had never 3 experienced that." We have a reference to being through the mill, which 4 5 rather indicates some issues that they had. Then if we move to page 13 on this document, 6 NAC-000000359, this just confirms that this is a report 7 8 for the Children's Hearing and the date is at the foot of the page: 14 November 1985. 9 10 It's really to move to the second page of this 11 report, which is at page 14 and the final paragraph at 12 the foot of the page, which says: "A family was sought who were prepared to take more 13 14 than one child, but who could also cope with children who were emotionally damaged by their past experiences. 15 PBG-SPO were put forward as being a family who 16 met this criteria, they are a couple with a family of 17 their own, slightly older than the girls and they have 18 a great deal of experience in fostering children." 19 20 That essentially is all the information in the 21 report about this family that went to the children's 22 hearing --LADY SMITH: Doesn't really tell us very much, does it? 23 24 MS RATTRAY: It doesn't tell us much and it certainly 25 doesn't mention them having been through the mill with

perhaps challenges of their own in relation to their own 1 2 child or a niece. 3 LADY SMITH: Neither this nor the previous document tell me anything about what were perceived to be the challenges 4 5 that had been met and would need to be met in the 6 future. 7 MS RATTRAY: Yes, my Lady. 8 The next document I want to look at is NAC-000000355. This document is essentially case notes 9 that cover the period from 1985 onwards, in fact go all 10 11 the way to 1988 and the breakdown of the placement. So 12 I'm going to pick out various things to take from this. The first is at page 2. It's about halfway down 13 14 page 2 and it's an entry of 20 October 1986 and 15 essentially it's an entry in relation to bed-wetting and 'Lauren' has said that she wet the bed and it says: 16 "Phoned Mrs PGB and asked how the girls were. 17 The sister has still been stealing small items, not from 18 shops but from friends. 'Lauren' was discovered lying 19 20 woken but wetting the bed 'because it was too cold to go to the bathroom'. Mrs PGB dealt with this by making 21 22 'Lauren' help to change and remake the bed and put the 23 wet sheets in the washing machine. This made 'Lauren' 24 late for school (which she hates) and she hasn't wet the 25 bed since."

1 Just by way of background, it's very clear before 2 these girls came to the foster placement, because of their background and their experiences, there was 3 a propensity for the sister to steal and to take things, 4 5 and there was a propensity for 'Lauren' to wet the bed. So this was all known prior. And although 'Lauren' 6 7 makes reference to how she was treated in relation to 8 bed-wetting. And suffice to say that the bed-wetting continued, notwithstanding this response by Mrs PGB 9 There are various reports and I won't go to them in 10 11 detail of the sister stealing and being hauled over the coals by the school, police and Mrs PGB and still 12 waiting to face Mr when he comes in from work, 13 14 but there is a very particular entry on page 3 in 15 relation to the sister. It's an entry of 23 March 1987, at the top of the page: 16 17 "A phone call from Mae Henderson [who's the social worker] -- on Friday after I spoke to Mrs PBG 18 the sister had not come home from school. From 4 pm until 8 19 20 she played games with the family, hiding in the area then running away when anyone approached her. The 21 result was that when she did return home, Mrs PBG 22 was 23 so uptight with the day's events that she took her shoe

24 and hit the sister once across the buttocks.

25

"Mrs PBG phoned the social worker and reported

1 the incident. The social worker interviewed Mrs PBG 2 who was full of remorse about the incident, she does not approve of hitting children and her actions were totally 3 out of character. The sister had no marks on her body 4 5 but is very unhappy and told the social worker she would rather be back in Burnside Children's Home." 6 7 What I can tell generally from the records is that 8 that incident gave rise to a review hearing and at the review hearing it was concluded that the placement was 9 10 still an appropriate one, that the incident of 11 chastisement was minor and it wasn't part of the normal 12 control parenting pattern and highlighted the stress and anxiety being generated by the child's behaviour and 13 14 they said that extra support should be put in place, so basically there should be another social worker 15 available to answer the foster carer's call in a crisis, 16 17 and that's how that particular --LADY SMITH: Thank you. 18 MS RATTRAY: -- event was dealt with. 19 20 I don't necessarily need to go to these entries 21 specifically, but I would make reference that there's a suggestion on 31 July 1987 that Mrs PBG would like 22 to foster another baby. The social worker makes 23 24 reference to she's got enough to cope with, she's got 25 two foster children and one of her own sons is in

trouble with the children's hearing. We know from the
 records that he ultimately went to Newfield Assessment
 Centre for several weeks in relation to that.

And yet that's July 1987, but by later in the year, by 1987, a baby is placed with the PBG-SPO and that is then described as being possibly beneficial for everyone because it will take the spotlight off the foster girls and create a different focus for all the family.

10 What we also have in the records, my Lady, it's 11 repeated incidents where the social workers are advising Mrs PBG about the children's behaviour, which 12 Mrs PBG finds difficult and unusual but the social 13 14 workers are saying this is normal for a child in care 15 and it's normal for a child with a background of trauma. One of those, for example, is on page 8 and it's the 16 17 entry at the second half of the page of 16 October 1987 and this is Mrs PBG complaining again that the sister 18 is still stealing and possibly smoking: 19 "I advised Mrs PBG not to raise her hopes of 20

Mr Docherty [who seems to be a child psychologist] of waving the magic wand and making the problems disappear. These will only go with time and the child feeling secure and wanted. We spoke about the child stealing food and I told Mrs **PBG** that this is a well-known

1 pattern of behaviour in children who are disturbed 2 (especially children who go to foster placements and 3 children's homes). There are numerous books that confirm this. The sister is not odd in what she does. 4 5 Experience has shown that children like the girls take quite a long time to put down roots and feel that they 6 7 belong -- two years is not an unreasonable time -- and 8 during this period they will test foster parents and push the limits." 9

10 My Lady, there are various examples in the records 11 of reactions or responses of the social worker 12 throughout these notes, which causes them concern, and 13 once again if we move to page 10 in relation to repeated 14 advice being given, what we have further down the bottom 15 half of page 10 is an entry of 26 February 1988 now, 16 which says:

17 "Home visit. Mrs PBG doing a bit of moaning about the sister -- but nothing we haven't been over 18 19 a dozen times before -- again I advised her not to take 20 too much of these incidents as I feel they are 21 self-perpetuating, ie she doesn't show trust to the 22 sister who then feels insecure and takes food for 23 attention. I suggested that as an experiment why didn't 24 she allow her to take an extra biscuit or fruit if she 25 wants them. (I used the words take not steal) but

1 Mrs PBG obviously thought this a bad idea saying, 2 'That's exactly what the sister wants, she's an actress, 3 I have to be firm with her'. I asked her to think about it, maybe try it and just see if it makes any 4 5 difference." We see at the next paragraph she then speaks to the 6 7 girls and they say: 8 "Mum's not fair to us, she punishes us for things when she lets the boys' away with it. I asked what they 9 meant by punish, but they were speaking about being kept 10 in." 11 12 My Lady, there's also, and I don't think we need to go to it in detail, but suffice to say there's an entry 13 of 13 May 1988 where it transpires that Mrs PBG 14 has been threatening the girls that -- or the sister that 15 she will be sent back to Burnside Children's Home and 16 17 the social work advises her strongly against threats to return the children to the home and it's noted that 18 Mrs PBG seems to see her role as being firm and 19 20 stern. 21 There's another entry in May 1988 as well, 31 May, 22 where Mrs PBG complains that the police have been called because the sister had been striking matches in 23

24 the bathroom and telling the senior social worker that 25 she never sees the social worker, notwithstanding the

1 very many entries around this time of social work 2 visits, and it turned out the community police had been 3 there mainly about her son, who had been involved in several deviant incidents recently. 4 5 LADY SMITH: Mm-hmm. MS RATTRAY: There's another entry around this time of 6 7 a schoolteacher emphasising that on no account should 8 an incident of a child taking sweets from a teacher's desk be punished or even discussed with the child at 9 10 home, it was a matter for the school. 11 We then go to another interesting entry on page 14, 12 which I think should be considered. LADY SMITH: I suppose there's a practicality in that, 13 14 because a child may end up getting double punishment. 15 MS RATTRAY: Yes. I think we heard earlier about things happening at -- the child had been hauled over the coals 16 17 by the police, by the social worker, by everyone, and it was still waiting for Mr to come back. 18 LADY SMITH: Mm. 19 MS RATTRAY: Here I'm looking for an entry of 10 June. 20 LADY SMITH: I think we have 10 June up on screen. 21 22 MS RATTRAY: That's right, and it's 1988 and once again it's 23 home visits with events happening and if we once again 24 most of to the second half of the page. It's really just the reaction of Mrs PBG , who says: 25

1 "She said what she the sister's been telling you and 2 launched into a verbal attack: I don't do enough, I don't give the sister a row or threaten her. I don't 3 know a quarter of what the sister gets up to. She fools 4 5 you with her acting and her lies and you take it all in. Only people living with her know how bad she is. 6 Mrs PBG wants to see you' [that's her 7 said, ' 8 husband] and she called her husband in. Mr started a bit sheepishly but his wife kept pushing him 9 on saying tell her what you said, tell her about this, 10 11 tell her about that, et cetera, et cetera. Mr 12 got worked up into a rage and started shouting at me, I didn't attempt to stop him or argue with him as I kept 13 14 feeling that something quite dreadful was going to be 15 disclosed, especially when they both said that the sister was man daft. When Mr eventually ran out 16 17 of steam, all I was left with was a rehash of the same old story, that the sister can't be trusted. 18 "I discussed with them that I don't come to Beith to 19

20 threaten and bully the sister. That is not my role. In 21 a foster placement and as the children's link worker, my 22 role is to oversee the placement, to help deal with any 23 problems as they arise and give support if necessary." 24 She says:

25 "In normal circumstances the girls would have been

1 [if we go over the page, over the page is in fact 2 page 13, rather than 15, we should see a continuation of 3 this entry at the top of the page] adopted by this time and I would not be involved at all. However, adoption 4 has never been seriously considered and maybe we should 5 be asking why. Neither PBG-SPO answered this. 6 7 I advised that I would be discussing the present 8 situation with my senior social worker and I would be in 9 touch. 10 "When I left, the sister, who fortunately had been 11 outside while the flak was flying, was still sitting on the doorstep like orphan **The provide and a set of the set of the** 12 as the atmosphere towards her was so hostile. I came 13 14 away really worried -- my perception of this placement 15 is now very altered." LADY SMITH: That's dreadful, that she had to leave her. 16 17 MS RATTRAY: Yes. She goes on to say: 18 "I have always felt that PBG 19 sometimes goes over the top about fairly trivial happenings, but 20 is a quiet and stable man, giving the her husband 21 22 girls a firm base to grow and develop from. Tonight 23 I felt leaving that he doesn't even like the girls, 24 especially the sister."

25 Then the entries continue on 14 June:

1 "Discussed my concerns regarding this placement with 2 senior social worker, who was also concerned -- opinion was that it may be more damaging to the sister to allow 3 the placement to continue, although we are aware that 4 5 alternatives for her are very limited. "Had a long discussion with Mae Henderson, who is 6 7 also concerned about what I saw and heard last week". 8 I think Mae Henderson is a foster carers's social worker, the link social worker: 9 10 "Mae was not aware of how the sister was being treated, especially using 'Lauren' to spy on her sister 11 12 [which was something else that was going on]. This really shocked her." 13 14 Essentially entries continue in that fashion and 15 this moves up -- obviously the sister then leaves the 16 placement, and throughout there are concerns regarding 17 the foster carers' ability to care for the children. LADY SMITH: There's a paragraph against the 17th, at the 18 19 bottom line there's commiseration between Mae and the 20 author that all their efforts should be dismissed without anyone at the review questioning somebody's 21 22 statement -- it may not be a name you can give me, 23 but --24 MS RATTRAY: It's questioning the foster mother's statement. LADY SMITH: Ah, right. 25

1 MS RATTRAY: PBG statement.

2 LADY SMITH: I wondered if it was that. So they take it at 3 face value?

4 MS RATTRAY: Yes.

5 If we move now on the same to page 11 of this entry.6 This is an entry of 24 June.

7 If we move further down the page we also see 8 an entry of 27 June. There's all discussions going on about this and they make the point she pointed out there 9 were problems with the eldest child, eldest son of 10 Mrs PBG and then later with the niece and then with 11 12 one of their other sons when he moved into his teens. If we move further down the page to an entry of 13 14 26 July 1988 at a review held in Kilburnie social work 15 office:

"This was a very difficult meeting for everyone and 16 especially the girls, who were distressed and had to be 17 taken out of the room. Mrs PBG admitted that the 18 sister got blamed for stealing even though she might not 19 20 be involved. The family are constantly concerned about 21 her emerging sexuality and appear to be dealing 22 misappropriately [it says] with this subject. Mr 23 stated he was not prepared to go on working with the 24 girl, but they would wish the other girl [that's 25 'Lauren'] to remain in the family. Mr and Mrs PBG-SPO

distressed at this. Mr left the office. Later meeting resumed with everyone stating they were prepared to continue and try harder. Programme of joint visits to discuss handling of problems with the girls to be arranged."

Later on, on 18 August 1988, there's a visit with
the sister, who is noted to be very sad and has no
self-worth.

9 If we move to page 12, and once again towards the 10 foot of the page, we see further long discussions, it's 11 an entry of 1 September 1988, about problems of 12 communication with Mr and Mrs PBG-SPO and that they feel 13 that the family "may just find it difficult to cope with 14 adolescents, boys and girls", and:

"Like the sister, Mr and Mrs PBG-SPO found their 15 niece's problems too difficult to handle and eventually 16 17 she left the family home. Listening to Mae Henderson [the foster carers' social worker] it appeared that this 18 19 family have not coped with family adolescent members 20 over a period of years. The older son left the family 21 to go and live with his gran. The niece left the family 22 home for a period. It appeared that the other son might be put out of the house also. I asked Mae how had the 23 PBG-SPO been approved as foster/adoptive parents for 24 25 older children, although I recognise they are excellent

with young children ..."

2 And this rather goes back to the very first

3 record --

4 LADY SMITH: Yes.

5 MS RATTRAY: -- where they knew from the outset there were issues, they'd been through the mill, albeit that wasn't shared with the Children's Hearing, and here they're really questioning whether they should have been foster carers at all for older children.

10 The last record I would like to take your Ladyship 11 to is at NAC-000000344. These are also case notes and 12 this is in 1991. It's 25 January 1991 and these are the 13 case notes around the circumstances in which 'Lauren',

14 she ran away.

15 LADY SMITH: Yes.

MS RATTRAY: You'll see that it's a phone call and it's from a person who is the aunt and uncle who she went to for help.

19 LADY SMITH: The one she's very complimentary about?

20 MS RATTRAY: No, it's not that eldest son. That was the

21 eldest son.

22 LADY SMITH: Ah.

23 MS RATTRAY: I think it's the brother of the PBG-SPO -

24 LADY SMITH: Sorry.

25 MS RATTRAY: -- and his wife, who had adopted two children.

1 LADY SMITH: Yes.

MS RATTRAY: "'Lauren' had run off from the PBG-SPO 2 to her 3 house the previous evening after an argument over her room being untidy. As 'Lauren' had said she did not 4 5 want to go back, the lady [the aunt] had phoned standby, 6 who told her that she would have to return to the PBG-SPO . 'Lauren' spoke with the standby social 7 8 worker, who appears to have told her that it was not for her to decide whether she would or would not stay with 9 the PBG-SPO 'Lauren' told me she was cheeky to the 10 11 woman as she was cheeky to her. She did go back to the PBG-SPO and the aunt advised them to keep her off school 12 the next day, partly to avoid any likelihood of her 13 14 running off again, but also to allow the social worker 15 the opportunity to speak with her and them. "The aunt said she was in a very awkward position in 16

17 relation to the situation. She evidently supported 18 'Lauren' but could not be seen to be doing so and this 19 was confirmed when I visited and was asked by 'Lauren' 20 and Mrs PBG not to mention her involvement in front 21 of Mr ."

Essentially what that note does is simply to confirm on repeated occasions 'Lauren' is adamant she does not want to go back and live there, and that brings an end to her full-time placement at PBG-SPO

1 LADY SMITH: Thank you very much, Ms Rattray. 2 MS RATTRAY: Suffice to say that all these records are in 3 the bundle and the full records relative to 'Lauren' and 4 her cypher are certainly worth reading. 5 LADY SMITH: I think it was helpful to look at those. That 6 completed the picture from the read-in evidence. I'm 7 very grateful to you, it's been a long haul. 8 We stop now until tomorrow morning. MS RATTRAY: Yes, and tomorrow we return, we have two oral 9 witnesses in the morning and we will have a read-in at 10 11 2 o'clock. 12 LADY SMITH: Thank you very much indeed. Just before I rise of course PBG-SPO 13 names are only for use within this room, PBG and 14 because 15 they are protected by my general restriction order, as are the names of any other children that were in their 16 17 home. There was also passing reference to another foster mother by the name of **FVQ** Again, her name can't 18 19 be repeated outside this room. 20 Thank you all very much. I'll rise now and resume 21 at 10 o'clock tomorrow. 22 (4.39 pm) (The Inquiry adjourned until 10.00 am on 23 Thursday, 18 August 2022) 24 25

1	
2	I N D E X
3	
4	'John' (sworn)2
5	Questions from Ms Innes4
6	'Mary' (read)51
7	'Anna' (sworn)60
8	Questions from Ms Innes62
9	'Lauren' (read)142
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	