2 (10.00 am)

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- 3 LADY SMITH: Good morning, and welcome back to our evidence
- 4 this week in Phase 8. We're in Chapter 9 and about to
- 5 move on to another set of oral witnesses today.
- 6 We have a witness ready to give evidence, do we,
- 7 Ms Forbes?
- 8 MS FORBES: We do, my Lady.
- 9 This witness is anonymous and is known as 'Kevin'
- and he is someone who would require a warning, my Lady.
- 11 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 12 'Kevin' (affirmed)
- 13 LADY SMITH: 'Kevin', thank you for coming along this
- 14 morning to help us with your evidence about your time at
- 15 Oakbank, as you know we are interested in talking to you
- 16 about. It's very good to have you here to hear your
- 17 evidence in person. One or two things before we start.
- 18 The first is I want to do anything I can to make the
- 19 whole process of giving evidence as comfortable for you
- 20 as possible, recognising that it's not a comfortable
- 21 thing, really, to do at all and you probably would
- 22 rather be many other places than here this morning, in
- 23 public, assisting this Inquiry with the work we're doing
- for the interests of children and I hope you appreciate
- 25 that that's what lies behind it all.

- 1 So bear with us, but help me to help you, if there's
- 2 anything I can do. If you want a break or if you want
- 3 anything explained better than we're explaining it, we
- 4 can do that.
- 5 Separately, 'Kevin', this is, as I've said, a public
- 6 inquiry. It's not a courtroom. But you have the same
- 7 protections here as you would have in court. That means
- 8 that if you're asked any question, the answer to which
- 9 could incriminate you, you don't have to answer it. If
- 10 you do answer it, I expect you to do so fully, but
- 11 please do be aware that you don't have to say anything
- 12 that would incriminate you.
- 13 If you're in any doubt as to whether you're being
- 14 asked that sort of question, just check. That's not
- 15 a problem.
- If you're ready, I'll hand over to Ms Forbes and
- she'll take it from there.
- 18 Thank you.
- 19 Questions by Ms Forbes
- 20 MS FORBES: Good morning, 'Kevin'.
- 21 A. Good morning.
- 22 Q. I'm just going to start by asking you if you were born
- 23 in 1961, is that right?
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. Sometimes when we have a witness before the Inquiry, we

- 1 have a statement from them which is signed, but in your
- 2 case, 'Kevin', we don't have a statement, is that right?
- 3 A. Yeah.
- 4 Q. I think you have been asked to reply in writing to
- 5 certain questions and you have given a response to that,
- 6 but that was just recently, is that right?
- 7 A. Yeah.
- 8 Q. I'm going to just start then, 'Kevin', by asking you
- 9 some questions about what led you to your employment at
- 10 Oakbank.
- 11 Can you tell us, 'Kevin', about your work history
- 12 before you got to Oakbank? What type of work did you
- 13 undertake?
- 14 A. Er, I worked in an accountants' office for three years.
- 15 Then -- what did I do after that?
- 16 Q. Was that after leaving school?
- 17 A. Yeah.
- 18 Q. What did do you there, was that as an admin assistant?
- 19 A. Trainee.
- 20 Q. Trainee accounts assistant?
- 21 A. Yeah.
- 22 Q. That was after you left school for a period of three
- 23 years?
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. Did you leave school with any particular qualifications?

- 1 A. All the standard grades.
- 2 Q. Taking up that position then, did you intend to continue
- 3 in a career in relation to accounts?
- 4 A. Yep.
- 5 Q. What happened then that made you leave that position?
- 6 A. Er, a couple of convictions.
- 7 Q. We'll come on to speak about those in a little while,
- 8 'Kevin', but I think we know that there are a series of
- 9 convictions that you received over a period of time and
- 10 that relates to public disorder, assaults and things
- 11 like that, is that right?
- 12 When did that first start? When did those first
- 13 start?
- 14 A. Er, probably when I was about 17.
- 15 Q. Was there something going on at that time that led you
- 16 to come to the attention of the police?
- 17 A. I've never really thought about it. Erm, nothing. Just
- 18 the usual, normal, teenage adolescent kind of stuff.
- 19 Q. It was kind of, you are saying, teenage adolescent; is
- 20 that when you started to come to the attention of the
- 21 police? In your teenage years?
- 22 A. Yeah.
- 23 Q. These brushes with the law led you then to leave this
- job that you had as a trainee accounts assistant?
- 25 A. Yeah.

- 1 Q. Was that because your employer became aware of them?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 Q. Were you asked to leave at that point?
- 4 A. It was kind of mutual.
- 5 Q. After that, 'Kevin', what did you go on to do?
- 6 A. I did a couple of things, I was scaffolding for years,
- 7 scaffolding.
- 8 Q. How long did you do that for?
- 9 A. I can't really remember how long it was, a good while.
- 10 Q. Was there a period of time where you were working as
- 11 a bouncer?
- 12 A. As a?
- 13 Q. As a bouncer?
- 14 A. Yeah.
- 15 Q. Was that at a nightclub or a pub?
- 16 A. Nightclubs, aye.
- 17 Q. Did you do that for a length of time?
- 18 A. Er, for a couple of years, when I was about 18 until
- 19 I was about 20 maybe.
- 20 Q. 18 to 20 or thereabouts?
- 21 A. Uh-huh.
- 22 Q. When you were working as a bouncer, did that result in
- 23 you coming to the attention of the police at all in the
- 24 course of your work?
- 25 A. Aye. I think maybe once, once, I think.

- 1 Q. Once. What was that in relation to?
- 2 A. I can't -- I honestly can't remember. Just something in
- 3 my head tells me that. We are speaking almost 50 years
- 4 ago.
- 5 Q. What job were you doing before you went to work in
- 6 Oakbank?
- 7 A. Er, what was I doing before I went to Oakbank? (Pause)
- 8 I'm trying to think. I wasn't working for a while.
- 9 That's right, I broke my wrist scaffolding. I was off
- 10 work for a while.
- 11 LADY SMITH: Can you remember how old you were when you
- 12 started at Oakbank?
- 13 A. 1990, so --
- 14 LADY SMITH: 1990?
- 15 A. Mm-hmm.
- 16 LADY SMITH: Okay, so you'd have been about 29?
- 17 A. 29/30, yeah.
- 18 MS FORBES: 'Kevin', I think we might see from a document
- 19 I'll take you to later that you maybe took up your
- 20 position about 1991.
- 21 A. Was it? Maybe it was '91, aye, aye.
- 22 Q. Around that time anyway?
- 23 A. Aye.
- 24 Q. I think when you were asked to answer some written
- 25 questions before and you were asked how you were

- 1 recruited to Oakbank, the answer you gave was that you
- were told there were jobs going there and you asked
- 3 Mr LL about them, so just to ask you about that
- 4 then.
- 5 Who was it that told you there were jobs going at
- 6 Oakbank?
- 7 A. Mr
- 8 Q. Is he somebody that you knew?
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. So how did that come about?
- 11 A. I can't remember exactly, I was speaking to him.
- 12 I think it was a night out or something. I can't
- 13 remember.
- 14 Q. 'Kevin', at this time, I think, your father worked at
- 15 Oakbank, is that right?
- 16 A. Aye, he never knew anything about it.
- 17 Q. He didn't know anything about, sorry?
- 18 A. About me going up to look for a job there.
- 19 Q. He didn't know anything about that?
- 20 A. No.
- 21 Q. But at that time, your father worked there, at some
- 22 point did he become a unit manager or something?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. There was also an auntie that worked there; is that
- 25 right?

- 1 A. Auntie and uncle, they worked on the nightshift.
- 2 Q. Was that Auntie and was it Uncle ?
- 3 A. Uh-huh.
- 4 Q. Were they married to one another?
- 5 A. Yeah.
- 6 Q. Was your father's sister?
- 7 A. No, was my father's brother.
- 8 Q. The other way round. Okay. So by the time you go to
- 9 apply for a job at Oakbank you have an auntie, an uncle,
- 10 and a father already working there?
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. Did your auntie and uncle work in the night shift?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- 14 Q. I think you've said that Mr was at the house; is
- 15 that right?
- 16 A. No, it wasn't the house. I can't remember. I was out
- 17 somewhere, I can't remember what it was for.
- 18 Q. Were you aware of the role that Mr had at
- 19 Oakbank at that time?
- 20 A. I knew he was, like, SNR , yeah.
- 21 Q. In any event, there was a conversation somewhere between
- 22 you and Mr LL about the fact that there were jobs
- 23 available at Oakbank?
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. Was that for a residential care worker? Was it

- 1 suggested that you should apply or was it just mentioned
- 2 in passing?
- 3 A. 'You could easily apply', that's what he said.
- 4 Q. I think in your written answers that you've given,
- 5 'Kevin', you say you were given a couple of trial shifts
- 6 first of all?
- 7 A. Yeah.
- 8 Q. You were seen to get on well with the children and then
- 9 you were interviewed for the job?
- 10 A. Uh-huh.
- 11 Q. Just to understand the process then, was there
- 12 an application that you had to fill out first of all?
- 13 A. I can't remember, I think it was like an interview.
- 14 Q. You remember there being an interview?
- 15 A. I was there for an interview, yeah, with Mr HMY .
- 16 Q. With Mr HMY . So he was SNR at that time?
- 17 A. Yeah.
- 18 Q. I think you were asked if you provided any references
- 19 for the position and you have responded to that saying
- 20 you did and that was a man called
- 21 A. Oh, yeah, yeah.
- 22 Q. He was a former employer?
- 23 A. Yeah. That's right, I worked in the bar trade for a wee
- 24 while as well.
- 25 Q. Was he involved in the bar trade?

- 1 A. Yes, he was a publican.
- 2 Q. Was he somebody that you were involved in when you
- 3 worked as a bouncer?
- 4 A. No. I worked in his pub for a while.
- 5 Q. He --
- 6 A. Like off and on, I helped him off and on for a few
- 7 years.
- 8 Q. He was somebody you put down as a reference?
- 9 A. Yeah.
- 10 Q. You remember that. You say you remember an interview
- 11 with Mr HMY ?
- 12 A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. Do you remember being asked about whether or not you had
- 14 any previous convictions?
- 15 A. I don't think I was asked, but I told them.
- 16 Q. So is that something you remember spontaneously telling
- 17 him?
- 18 A. I remember saying that, 'Would this be a problem?'.
- 19 Q. Did he ask you about the type of convictions you had?
- 20 A. About what?
- 21 Q. Did he ask you what kind of convictions you had?
- 22 A. I can't remember.
- 23 Q. But you remember mentioning the fact that you had
- 24 convictions --
- 25 A. Yeah.

- 1 Q. -- and asking whether that would be a problem? What did
- 2 he say about that?
- 3 A. He said he would look into it.
- 4 Q. At some point then after that, you were given these
- 5 trial shifts at Oakbank?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 Q. Do you know by that point if Mr HMY had looked into
- 8 it or not?
- 9 A. No idea.
- 10 Q. Did you hear anything more at that time --
- 11 A. No.
- 12 Q. -- about the question of convictions?
- 13 A. No.
- 14 Q. You didn't know what the results of any looking into by
- 15 Mr HMY were?
- 16 A. No. I believed they were spent anyway, so ...
- 17 Q. You say your convictions were spent. When you say that,
- 18 what was your understanding at the time about that type
- 19 of thing?
- 20 A. Because they weren't serious enough to end up, aye, in
- 21 prison, that they were spent after five years.
- 22 Q. After this trial period then, you take up your position
- on a full-time basis, was it, at Oakbank?
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. This was as a residential care worker?

- 1 A. Yeah.
- 2 Q. Do you remember what unit you went into?
- 3 A. Ashgrove.
- 4 Q. Did you remain in Ashgrove during your time at Oakbank
- 5 or did you move to different units?
- 6 A. No, I moved to different units, aye.
- 7 Q. Were you at Oakhill unit at one point?
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 Q. Just to get an idea, 'Kevin', of your time at Oakbank,
- 10 how long was it that you were employed there for?
- 11 A. Nine/ten years.
- 12 Q. So if you started in around 1991 or so --
- 13 A. It would have been 2000.
- 14 Q. 2000. Was there any particular reason why you left?
- 15 A. Yep.
- 16 Q. What was that?
- 17 A. I got taken in -- something had happened in my house the
- 18 night before, when I was out, the police had been at the
- 19 house for -- I didn't know what for. I went to work the
- 20 next day and, er, called me into
- 21 office, never liked me anyway. told me a police
- 22 friend of had told that I was involved in drugs
- and that's why they'd raided my house and there was
- 24 a thing saying any further police involvement and
- I would lose my job and by that time, I'd given up

- 1 fighting it.
- 2 Q. From what you're telling us, 'Kevin', there was
- 3 an incident whereby the police come to your house and is
- 4 there a search carried out?
- 5 A. Yep.
- 6 Q. And that was in relation to drugs?
- 7 A. Allegedly.
- 8 Q. An issue about drugs.
- 9 A. Nothing found -- nothing at all.
- 10 Q. Nothing found. Did anything come of that search?
- 11 A. Nothing at all.
- 12 Q. In any event, when you went back to work,
- 13 -- had become SNR by that
- 14 point, had ?
- 15 A. Yeah.
- 16 Q. was aware of it?
- 17 A. From a police friend of had told
- 18 Q. said to you, 'If there's anything more comes of
- 19 this, or any more police involvement, then you'll be
- 20 out'?
- 21 A. No, that had already been written down years before, er,
- 22 so looked up and then she basically said, 'Oh, If
- 23 I'd known this anyway, I'd have sacked you long ago'.
- 24 LADY SMITH: Was that something which, as you say, had been
- 25 written down at the time you got the job originally?

- 1 A. No. This was four years later when there was
- 2 an inspection and, er, I was asked to -- I was asked to
- 3 write a little paragraph about my previous convictions,
- 4 the day before I went away on holiday. So I left it in
- 5 the office to look at and by the time I came back from
- 6 my holidays, I was splashed all over the papers.
- 7 I remember it could only have been a member of staff in
- 8 Oakbank had taken that and went to the papers with it.
- 9 LADY SMITH: What was splashed on the papers?
- 10 A. My previous convictions and stuff.
- 11 LADY SMITH: But you were kept on at Oakbank at that point?
- 12 A. There was a big thing going on about it and I got the
- 13 backing of staff, all children, chief of police, er,
- 14 numerous field social workers I'd worked with, and I got
- 15 heaps of letters backing me, so I got kept on, yeah.
- 16 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 17 MS FORBES: I'm just going to take you to a few documents in
- 18 a minute, 'Kevin', that go through how that came about
- 19 from the inspection that you've mentioned. But before
- 20 we do that, just to confirm, it seems from what you're
- 21 saying that at some point after this came to light,
- 22 after this inspection, something had been written down
- about if you were in any more trouble with the police --
- 24 A. Any police involvement, yeah.
- 25 Q. Any more police involvement, then that was it for your

- job, and then is, in 200, bringing this
- 2 up to you as a result of what had happened with the
- 3 police raiding your house the night before, but
- 4 wasn't saying, I don't think, from what you've told us,
- wasn't saying at that stage that your job was over
- 6 but you decided you were going to leave?
- 7 A. No. told me that was my job over basically.
- 8 Q. Just to confirm.
- 9 A. It was either that or -- no, I think said --
- 10 I resign or -- what did say again? I can't
- 11 remember. I was that annoyed at the time. Resign or
- 12 they would have to suspend me, blah, blah, blah.
- 13 Q. You were given the option, you either resign yourself or
- 14 there would be some investigation that might lead to you
- 15 losing your job anyway?
- 16 A. Yeah.
- 17 Q. 'Kevin', I know you haven't seen these before, but
- 18 I'm just going to take you to a couple of documents.
- 19 I'm going to read out a reference number, that's for our
- 20 purposes, to get it into the transcript and so we can
- get it on the screen. It's SGV-001031946. If we could
- go to page 34 of that document first of all.
- 23 This seems to be -- it's a few pages long, but it's
- an inspection report by a Mike Stephenson and it's
- 25 a report on an inspection of Oakbank School and the date

- 1 is 1993.
- 2 This seems to be him reporting on an inspection of
- 3 Oakbank as to what they found. If we go to page 40,
- 4 this is the same document, there is a bit that says,
- 5 'Police checks', and there are three paragraphs there.
- 6 I don't know if we can make that a little bit bigger on
- 7 the screen so you can see that. Move it across a little
- 8 bit. This is in relation to them looking into police
- 9 checks that have been carried out by Oakbank on staff
- 10 and at paragraph 2, it says:
- 11 'When examining one file, it emerged that the person
- 12 had declared an unspecified conviction but the police
- 13 check had come back marked "no trace". There was no
- 14 evidence that this discrepancy had been checked and this
- should be followed up with the member of staff as
- 16 a matter of urgency. In future, all such discrepancies
- 17 should be thoroughly checked.'
- 18 This seems to be the first sign that something has
- 19 been uncovered as a result of an inspection in relation
- 20 to these police checks and that person they're talking
- 21 about is you?
- 22 A. Uh-huh.
- 23 Q. If we go then to page 65 of that document. This seems
- 24 to be -- you said things were all over the papers, all
- 25 over the press -- this seems to be a

- 1 'The Press & Journal' article from 1993, so
- 2 a month later, and it's talking about a school social
- 3 worker.
- 4 If I can just stop there. At that time were you
- 5 still a residential care worker?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 Q. Were residential care workers known as social workers at
- 8 that time?
- 9 A. Er, yeah.
- 10 Q. What essentially it's saying here is that:
- 'A school social worker with [they're saying]
- 12 a violent criminal record will have his future decided
- 13 by the board of governors within the next two weeks.
- 14 Aberdeen's Oakbank School yesterday admitted the man
- 15 would not have been employed had his record been known.
- 16 His convictions include four for assault, six for breach
- of the peace, one for theft and one for indecent
- 18 exposure.'
- 19 Then there is a quote:
- '"We were caught out on this one and I regret that",
- 21 said HMY , SNR of the school, which deals
- 22 with children with social, domestic or criminal
- 23 problems.'
- 24 Then there's reference to a councillor who had asked
- 25 for an investigation and it goes on to say:

'The 11 governors [this is relating to governors of the school] are now faced with either ending the man's contract, despite his good record at the school, or allowing him to stay on.'

Then there is a quote:

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"What do they do?", asked Mr HMY , "Because of the children we teach, our staff must meet much higher standards than ordinary teachers and social workers". said the man was one of 30 residential social workers employed at the school. "This member of staff is held in high regard and the last offence occurred well before he was employed here. I would hope that parents had total confidence in me and the board of governors to make the right decision regarding his position. The man admitted having a criminal record when he filled in his job application form two years ago, but a routine check with the Scottish Criminal Record Office turned up no trace of his past". A regional inspector later questioned the application form and a double check revealed 17 convictions dating from 1978 to 1990. Mr HMY said, "The member of staff has told me the assault and breach of the peace charges arose from his previous job as a nightclub doorman when he was put in some difficult situations. The indecent exposure charge apparently relates to an incident where

- 1 he was caught urinating in a public place. He has never
- 2 posed a danger to the children. The police have to
- 3 accept part of the responsibility for this, for failing
- 4 to pick up his record when we first asked and we do have
- 5 a letter of apology from them".'
- 6 Then it's said that the board of governors were
- 7 going to hold an urgent meeting to decide the man's
- 8 future.
- 9 What's recorded in this article, 'Kevin', is it
- 10 seems Mr HMY is telling them that you filled out
- 11 an application form and admitted that you had a criminal
- 12 record, but then when he did a criminal record check
- 13 with the Scottish Criminal Record Office, that came back
- 14 with no trace. Is that what you understand about that?
- 15 A. That's what I understand, yeah.
- 16 Q. Then he seems to recount speaking to you about it and
- 17 giving further information about the fact that the
- 18 assault and breach of the peace charges came from your
- 19 job as a nightclub doorman and that the indecent
- 20 exposure charge 'relates to an incident when he was
- 21 caught urinating in a public place'.
- Do you remember speaking to Mr HMY and giving him
- 23 that information?
- 24 A. I possibly could have. I think I did. Aye, after this
- 25 all came out, but I did -- I told him before I got the

- 1 job definitely.
- 2 LADY SMITH: 'Kevin', I see the report details 17
- 3 convictions between 1978 and 1990, so that would have
- 4 been for you between the age of about 17 to about the
- 5 age of 29.
- 6 A. Aye. I don't know. They were all '78 to '82 really.
- 7 LADY SMITH: There must have been something later to get
- 8 that time span. I think you mentioned earlier that you
- 9 didn't go to prison as a result of any of these
- 10 convictions; is that right?
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 LADY SMITH: How were you sentenced? What were you
- 13 sentenced to?
- 14 A. Fines.
- 15 LADY SMITH: Were there any community sentences?
- 16 A. I think I might have got a year's probation or something
- 17 at one point.
- 18 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 19 MS FORBES: 'Kevin', just to go to pages 66 and 67, so we'll
- 20 do 66 first. This is actually a copy of your
- 21 convictions that were, I think, made available at this
- 22 point to Mr HMY after the inspection report uncovered
- 23 the discrepancy.
- 24 I think we can see that the first conviction dates
- 25 from 1978, so at that time, I think, you would have been

- just still 16 because your birthday is not until
- 2 A. Okay.
- 3 Q. We can't see -- the month date on the left-hand side, it
- 4 has been redacted, but I can see it on my copy. I think
- 5 for that it's a charge of assault and you were given
- 6 probation for a year.
- 7 Then we can see further down, there is assault,
- 8 breach of the peace, malicious mischief in 1979, and
- 9 that's in the , so I think you would have been 17
- 10 at that point. That was a fine.
- 11 Then there's a breach of probation a month later,
- 12 and again that's a fine.
- Then later that year, in 1979, you would have
- 14 been 18 by that point, there is obstructing a police
- 15 constable and that's a fine.
- Then the next year, I think you're 19 by this point,
- in 1980, it's a charge of assault and breach of the
- 18 peace and again it's a fine, although it's a little bit
- 19 higher of a fine, it's £180.
- 20 Then there is a breach of the peace, again, it's
- 21 difficult to make out, but I think that might be
- 22 1981. Again, it's a fine.
- Over to the next page, page 67, there's a contempt
- of court in 1982. That was a fine.
- 25 Then there's a theft in 1983. That's the

- 1 date of the conviction, of course, and that is again
- 2 a fine from Peterhead at that time.
- 3 Then we have a breach of the peace in 1986 and
- 4 again that's a fine.
- 5 1987, we have assault and breach of the
- 6 peace, which was originally sentence deferred for
- 7 a short period I think, and then there was a fine on
- 8 each charge.
- 9 Then 1988, we have a breach of the peace,
- 10 a fine. This time it's a bigger fine, £250.
- 11 Then we have the last two.
- 12 The second-last one, the date is sort of obscured
- 13 because of the punch hole, but I think from later
- 14 records -- I think from information that you provided to
- Mr HMY , we know that that is from 1989. It
- 16 says indecent exposure. There is a fine of £50.
- 17 Then below that, it's 1990, and that is
- 18 a Civic Government (Scotland) Act contravention of
- 19 section 47, which is urinating in public, and that's
- 20 a fine.
- 21 I think by the time we get to the end of your
- 22 previous convictions that we have here, you would have
- 23 been 29, I think, by that point, is that right?
- 24 A. Aye, yeah.
- 25 Q. The last conviction there, for urinating in public, did

- 1 that occur before you took up your position at Oakbank
- 2 in 1991?
- 3 A. It must of.
- 4 Q. So I think we can see from these previous convictions,
- 5 'Kevin', that all of them, apart from one, resulted in
- 6 fines of various amounts, is that right?
- 7 A. Uh-huh.
- 8 Q. We touched on this earlier, you had this view that after
- 9 a period of time, convictions would be spent?
- 10 A. Mm-hmm.
- 11 Q. I think in relation to fines, I might be corrected about
- 12 this later, but I think in relation to fines involving
- 13 matters that are not serious, instances of sexual
- 14 offences or violence, that a conviction would be spent
- 15 after only 12 months, I think.
- 16 A. Okay.
- 17 Q. But in any event, the position seems to be that when you
- did apply for the job at Oakbank, you did make Mr HMY
- 19 aware that you had convictions, whether or not you
- 20 thought they were spent, is that right?
- 21 A. Yeah.
- 22 LADY SMITH: Did he ask you what they were for?
- 23 A. Pardon?
- 24 LADY SMITH: Did Mr HMY ask you what the convictions were
- 25 for?

- 1 A. I can't remember.
- 2 LADY SMITH: That's fine, and I know it's a long time ago.
- 3 A. I struggle to remember yesterday.
- 4 MS FORBES: We do have a little bit more information,
- 5 'Kevin', about what seems to have transpired at the
- 6 time. I think, if we go to page 68, this starts
- 7 a letter from Mr HMY , it's dated 19 May 1993, to the
- 8 Registrar of Independent Schools. He's dealing with
- 9 a few issues that have been raised and one of them is in
- 10 relation to you.
- If we can go to page 69, we can see, if we go
- 12 further down the page, there is a heading number 3, and
- 13 this is the third thing he is dealing with, it says:
- 14 'Member of Oakbank staff, criminal offences'. This
- is where Mr HMY seems to be explaining the background
- 16 to this to the registrar and he's saying:
- 17 'The background to this issue is that the member of
- 18 staff did indicate on his application form that he had
- 19 offences. We then, as part of our procedure, contacted
- 20 the Scottish Criminal Records Office in Glasgow and they
- 21 returned a "no trace" reply.
- 'This discrepancy between the reference and his
- 23 application form to having convictions and the "no
- 24 trace" reply from the police was noted during a routine
- 25 registration and inspection officer's visit, who brought

- 1 this item to my notice.
- 2 'I wrote once again to the police asking for
- 3 a second check and the police forwarded to me the staff
- 4 member's record of offences.
- 5 'In addition, the police apologised for the mistake
- 6 which they had made.'
- 7 He references the fact that there is a letter from
- 8 the police attached, dated 14 April 1993.
- 9 If we then go over to page 70, it says:
- 10 'Having received the list of offences, I wrote to
- 11 the registration and inspection officer asking for
- 12 guidance on how we should proceed. I received
- 13 a response which will assist me in making a report to
- 14 the staffing committee of our board of governors.
- 15 'In the interim period, the criminal records of the
- 16 staff member became known to a Grampian regional
- 17 councillor who has, in addition to writing to yourself,
- 18 and also to Grampian Regional Council, contacted the
- 19 local press.'
- 20 If I can pause there, I think that resulted in that
- 21 article that we went to earlier, 'Kevin'.
- 22 I'll just go on:
- 'With regard to the staff member's offences, there
- 24 are 13 spread over the period 1978 until
- 1990. The offences are assault, breach of the

- peace, theft and indecent exposure. I am advised that
 the indecent exposure offence relates to urinating in
 a public place. This has happened on two occasions,

 1989 and 1990. There have been no
 offences since 1990.'
- If I can just stop there for a minute, 'Kevin'. It
 seems that Mr HMY, in writing this letter, is giving
 more information to the registrar about the details of
 these offences and, in particular, he's focusing on the
 indecent exposure offence and is saying that that
 relates to urinating in a public place. He mentions
 that this has happened on two occasions, 1989,

1990.

- When we looked at the convictions, 'Kevin', you saw
 that there was the indecent exposure charge from

 1989 and then there is this contravention of the
 Civic Government Act in 1990 that relates to
 urinating in public.
- Mr HMY here seems to be saying that both of those offences relate to urinating in a public place, however, we have seen there are two different charges, one is urinating in a public place and one is indecent exposure.
- What is your understanding of the indecent exposure charge and how that came about?

- 1 A. It was urinating in a public place.
- 2 Q. So that's your recollection of that?
- 3 A. Aye.
- 4 Q. But you weren't charged with urinating in a public place
- on that occasion. You were on the second time, but not
- on that occasion. Do you know why that was?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. Do you remember anything about the incident that meant
- 9 that it was charged as indecent exposure rather than --
- 10 A. No, it was something to do with a policewoman. I was
- 11 drunk. I can't remember.
- 12 Q. Your understanding is this has happened when you were
- drunk, was this at nighttime?
- 14 A. It was after -- aye, after a club or something, I think.
- 15 Q. In relation to that, you say that this was you
- 16 attempting to urinate in a public place or urinating in
- 17 a public place?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 Q. You say a policewoman was involved. Do you recall --
- 20 did she happen upon you when this was --
- 21 A. I don't know.
- 22 Q. You don't remember.
- 23 But from your point of view, despite the fact that
- there are two different types of charges, your point of
- 25 view is that it was the same incident, similar incidents

- that you're talking about, urinating in a public place,
- 2 and it's not more than that?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. When Mr HMY is setting out that information in this
- 5 letter, he's getting that from you, is that right?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 Q. Now, just to go on and finish what he says about your
- 8 employment in that, on page 70, he says:
- 9 'With regard to his employment, we have had no
- 10 concerns about this staff member's behaviour whilst he's
- 11 been a residential social worker at Oakbank School. The
- 12 board of governors are in the process of calling
- 13 a special meeting where this staff member's record and
- 14 his continued employment will be the agenda item. It's
- 15 recognised that the initial mistake was on my part,
- 16 where I should have probed further when the staff member
- 17 indicated he had a criminal record, although it was
- 18 explained to me that these offences had happened when
- 19 the member of staff was in his youth and I wrongly
- 20 assumed that when I received a "no trace" response from
- 21 the police, that the convictions were categorised as
- 22 spent.'.
- 23 It seems at this part of his letter to the
- 24 registrar, 'Kevin', that he is saying at some point it
- 25 was explained to him that these offences had happened

- 1 when you were younger. Do you recall when that
- 2 conversation took place?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. Can you recall whether it was at the time of you --
- 5 A. I think I probably turned round to him and said most of
- 6 it was a long time ago when I was -- which most of them
- 7 were, yeah.
- 8 Q. Most of them were from when you were younger?
- 9 A. Yeah.
- 10 Q. He's then saying that he's wrongly assumed that the
- 11 convictions were categorised as spent when he got the
- 'no trace' response?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- 14 Q. That's why there was no information.
- Just going forward then, I think we can see that, if
- 16 you go to page 92, this appears to be a letter by the
- 17 chairman of the board of governors. It's a letter from
- 18 the chairman of the board of governors to the registrar
- 19 and this is dated 28 June 1993.
- 20 It deals with some other things, but it does deal
- 21 with the outcome of what the board of governors has
- 22 decided in relation to you. If we can go to about the
- 23 third paragraph down, it starts:
- 'With regard to the member of staff, 'Kevin', with
- 25 13 convictions, this item was discussed at our board

meeting on 25 June. The decision of the board of
governors, having considered the matter in some detail,
was for the staff member to continue in employment. The
reason for this decision was based on the following (a)
'Kevin' has been in our employment since December 1991
....'

If I can stop there for a moment. I think this is the first time we can actually see a reference to the actual month that you were employed, so December 1991, that would have been a year after that last conviction that's on your record, is that right? We saw that was 1990.

So:

'... and he is regarded as a capable and competent staff member with considerable potential for this type of residential care work.

- '(b) he is viewed very favourably by the children, with whom he has appropriate professional relationships.
- '(c) whilst he has always had good support from his colleagues, he has during this latter period where he has been under some pressure, been visibly supported by colleagues from our different disciplines within the school ...'

If I can stop there, I think you have told us, 'Kevin', in your written response to the questions that

- 1 this was quite a stressful time for you when this was
- 2 leaked to the press and all this was going on and your
- 3 job security was uncertain?
- 4 A. Not necessarily that bit but I was named in the paper.
- 5 Q. You were named in the paper and that meant that people
- 6 in the local area would know that you had these previous
- 7 convictions?
- 8 A. Yeah.
- 9 Q. There was a period of time, as we have seen, whereby
- 10 there had to be a decision taken about what was going to
- 11 happen with your employment?
- 12 A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. (d):
- 'Since his employment, he has not committed any
- 15 further offences and all reports suggest that he has now
- 16 found the type of employment where he sees a good career
- 17 opportunity. In fact, we feel his employment at
- 18 Oakbank School has been an important part in his
- 19 rehabilitation process ...'
- I think we saw, 'Kevin', looking at those previous
- 21 convictions obtained in 1993 by Mr HMY , that there
- 22 hadn't been any further offending since that last
- 23 conviction in 1990, is that right?
- 24 A. Uh-huh.
- 25 Q. Going on then, (e):

1 'Perhaps the most important point of our 2 deliberations was that at no time have we ever felt that the children referred to Oakbank were in any way at risk because of the staff member's previous history.

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'(f) with regard to 'Kevin's' criminal convictions these were discussed. We acknowledge that there were 13 convictions, albeit they are spread out over a period of time from 1978 to 1990. Some of these offences did occur in his youth and some of the offences, particularly relating to the assaults, occurred while he was employed as a doorman at Aberdeen city nightclubs. The explanation given to us is that people employed in this kind of work are very much at risk with the occasional aggressive customer, some of whom might be under the influence of alcohol.

'(g) the most serious incident for us was that of indecent exposure. We are aware that 'Kevin' was not truthful in his account and it was not the case of urinating in a public place. We are aware that he behaved inappropriately, although we have accepted that he was probably under the influence of alcohol. According to him, he does not remember the incident and it was not intended to have any sexual connotations. The fine itself was not excessive, which would seem to substantiate his interpretation.'

- If I could stop there, 'Kevin'. It seems to be
- 2 recording there, in this letter to the registrar, that
- 3 the chairman of the board of governors and the board
- 4 have come to the view that you weren't truthful about
- 5 your account of it being urinating in a public place.
- 6 What do you remember about that?
- 7 A. Either that or the police weren't.
- 8 Q. Sorry?
- 9 A. Either that or the police weren't.
- 10 Q. Do you remember any discussions going on at that time
- 11 about what were the circumstances surrounding this
- 12 incident?
- 13 A. Aye, yeah.
- 14 Q. There is reference thereafter they're saying, 'We are
- 15 were aware that he behaved inappropriately', albeit they
- 16 accept, 'He was probably under the influence of
- 17 alcohol'. They seem to be saying that something has
- 18 happened whereby there has been indecent exposure by you
- 19 whilst --
- 20 A. I never said that.
- 21 Q. What's that, sorry?
- 22 A. I never said that.
- 23 Q. You never said that. But do you accept, 'Kevin', that
- 24 the charge of indecent exposure would mean that you
- 25 would have to have indecently exposed a private part of

- 1 your body at some point?
- 2 A. Possibly.
- 3 Q. Okay, I think we have your account on that. You don't
- 4 remember it, but it is something you say was related to
- 5 urinating in public, albeit we can see that it hasn't
- 6 been treated simply as a contravention of that part of
- 7 the Civic Government Act.
- 8 LADY SMITH: 'Kevin', did you go to trial or did you plead
- 9 guilty to that?
- 10 A. Sorry?
- 11 LADY SMITH: Did you go to trial or did you plead guilty?
- 12 A. No, no.
- 13 LADY SMITH: You didn't go to trial?
- 14 A. They knew it was a trivial thing. It wasn't worth going
- 15 to trial.
- 16 LADY SMITH: You pled guilty to the offence of indecent
- 17 exposure?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 20 MS FORBES: I think they comment there, 'Kevin', that the
- 21 fine that you were given in relation to that seems to be
- 22 not significant, so I think they seem to be relying on
- 23 that fact to substantiate your account that it wasn't
- 24 anything too sinister that was happening.
- 25 A. Not really, no, but knowing what I know now, I would

- have pled not guilty at the time, but at the time I just
- 2 thought (Inaudible) plead guilty, just accept it.
- 3 Q. You didn't appreciate at that time that something like
- 4 that, that common law charge of indecent exposure, might
- 5 come back later to haunt you --
- 6 A. No, not really.
- 7 Q. -- and could be seen quite differently in comparison to
- 8 contravention of the Civic Government Act, which was
- 9 urinating in a public place?
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. Just going on then to finish this part, 'Kevin'. It
- 12 says:
- 13 'At the conclusion of our board of governors
- 14 meeting, I was requested to write to you and advise you
- of our decision, namely that we are continuing with
- 16 'Kevin's' employment. Naturally his performance within
- 17 the school will be monitored closely and, of equal
- importance, his behaviour outwith the school. 'Kevin'
- is in no doubt as to the vulnerability of his position,
- 20 should he break the law.'
- 21 It then goes on to say that he's attached
- 22 information provided by SNR which the board
- 23 of governors considered. I think you can see at the
- 24 bottom of that letter, just at the bottom of the page,
- 25 an addendum, and it says:

- 1 'There is a briefing paper supplied to us by SNR
- 2 SNR
- 3 There is the conviction inquiry response from SCRO
- 4 from December 1991, there is the conviction inquiry
- 5 received from SCRO dated March 1993. There is a letter
- 6 of apology from SCRO, indicating that they made an error
- 7 in not providing accurate information. Then at number 5
- 8 we can see letters of support from colleagues, children,
- 9 friends, referee et cetera.
- 10 It appears that letters from your colleagues in
- 11 support of you continuing at Oakbank were provided to
- 12 the board of governors to assist with them making their
- 13 decision about whether you should be kept on?
- 14 A. Yeah.
- 15 Q. Was that something that you had to ask colleagues to do
- 16 for you?
- 17 A. No.
- 18 Q. It seems that children have also written letters of
- 19 support. Were they children at the school, at Oakbank?
- 20 A. I don't know, I just knew there was a lot of letters
- 21 went in. I didn't know who from or what. All I was
- 22 told there was one from chief of police.
- 23 Q. There is reference to a referee et cetera. Certainly,
- 24 there seems to have been people who were supportive of
- 25 you remaining in your position?

- 1 A. Yeah.
- 2 Q. That included adults and children.
- 3 We saw in that letter, 'Kevin', that the reference
- 4 to the fact that you should be in no doubt as to the
- 5 vulnerability of your position should you break the law,
- 6 is this perhaps where --
- 7 A. I didn't break the law.
- 8 Q. No, is this perhaps where this reference that
- 9 makes later to you comes from?
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. From your point of view, 'Kevin', in relation to this
- 12 situation that we have been talking about and your
- 13 previous convictions coming out later, do you think you
- 14 did anything wrong --
- 15 A. No.
- 16 Q. -- when you were seeking your employment at Oakbank in
- 17 relation to your disclosure of convictions?
- 18 A. No. I told the truth. I was open about it.
- 19 Q. Now that we have dealt with that matter, we can take
- 20 that document off the screen. We know that you were
- 21 kept on at Oakbank and from what you've told us, you
- 22 remained there until 2000 and we've talked about the
- 23 circumstances that led to you leaving Oakbank.
- 24 During your time then in Oakbank as a residential
- 25 social worker, what types of duties did you have towards

- 1 the children?
- 2 A. To start with, it was mostly just looking after -- being
- 3 with the kids and doing various activities with them and
- 4 all that and then I got some training as a key worker
- 5 and, er, representing children at hearings and meetings
- 6 and courts, et cetera.
- 7 Q. So there was a time you did some training to become
- 8 a key worker?
- 9 A. Yep.
- 10 Q. You were saying that was to help support children at
- 11 hearings and places like that?
- 12 A. Just writing reports about them and sort of look after
- 13 all their needs.
- 14 LADY SMITH: Who gave you that training, 'Kevin'?
- 15 A. What's that, sorry?
- 16 LADY SMITH: Who gave you that training to be a key worker?
- 17 A. It was more in-house training, it was, like, more in
- house, and just, er, like, unit manager, don't know, or
- 19 whoever, people who had been there longer than me, sorta
- 20 teaching you the ropes, kinda thing.
- 21 LADY SMITH: Was that training on the job rather than having
- 22 a course that you had to attend?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 25 MS FORBES: That is something that took place during the

- 1 course of your period of employment?
- 2 A. Aye, almost on a daily basis (Inaudible).
- 3 Q. Did that start straightaway then, after you took up the
- 4 position?
- 5 A. After a couple of weeks, yeah.
- 6 Q. There was this sort of informal on-the-job sort of
- 7 training as to how to do it?
- 8 A. Uh-huh.
- 9 Q. Did you have to shadow anyone?
- 10 A. Er, no, not as such, no.
- 11 Q. Were you ever sent away on any courses outwith Oakbank?
- 12 A. Er, I did do a few courses. Erm, I really can't
- 13 remember what, like, but ...
- 14 Q. Do you remember what types of training that you
- 15 undertook outwith Oakbank?
- 16 A. I remember one about restraints. We did one on
- 17 restraints.
- 18 Q. There was training on restraint. Did that happen in
- 19 Oakbank or outside a separate place?
- 20 A. I think it was in Oakbank. Aye, people -- people came
- 21 in.
- 22 Q. People came in. Do you remember any type of names that
- 23 were called for these restraints? We have heard about
- 24 CALM. Does that ring a bell or anything?
- 25 A. Aye. I couldn't remember the names.

- 1 Q. You do remember getting some training on restraint?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 Q. Was that soon after you took up the position or did that
- 4 happen some years later?
- 5 A. I can't remember that year.
- 6 LADY SMITH: Do you remember the term TCI?
- 7 A. TCI?
- 8 LADY SMITH: To do with restraint training. Does that ring
- 9 any bells?
- 10 A. I can't remember.
- 11 LADY SMITH: It stands for therapeutic crisis intervention.
- 12 A. Oh, aye, yeah, yeah. I do remember that.
- 13 LADY SMITH: Were you trained in that?
- 14 A. I must've been.
- 15 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 16 MS FORBES: I think we have heard, 'Kevin', in evidence that
- 17 there was this TCI therapeutic crisis intervention for
- 18 a period and then there was a change in thinking and
- 19 there was another technique, which was CALM, that was
- 20 brought in.
- 21 A. Uh-huh.
- 22 Q. You have told us, 'Kevin', that when you first started,
- 23 it was Mr HMY who was SNR . Did that
- 24 change at some point? Did SNR position
- 25 change and Mr HMY left?

- 1 A. I can't remember exactly what happened, yeah, but it did
- 2 change, aye. I can't remember.
- 3 Q. Who became SNR after Mr HMY , can you
- 4 remember?
- 5 A. A teacher that was there, was there when I started.
- 6 Er, went away somewhere and then came back as
- 7 SNR
- 8 Q. Is that
- 9 A. Yeah.
- 10 Q. I think you have said that was in about 200 ?
- 11 A. No, it would have been before that. was there in
- 12 200 when I left, yeah.
- 13 Q. Okay, so was SNR by that point?
- 14 A. Uh-huh.
- 15 Q. Was there anyone that you remember in between Mr HMY
- 16 and
- 17 A. No, I don't think so.
- 18 Q. The restraint training that you have mentioned, do you
- 19 know who was SNR at the time you received
- 20 that, or SNR
- 21 A. I'm not sure.
- 22 Q. Certainly you do remember restraint training --
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. -- at some point. You have mentioned there might have
- 25 been some other training as well, but you can't remember

- what the details of that were?
- 2 A. There definitely was, but I really can't remember.
- 3 Q. What about qualifications whilst you were at Oakbank?
- We have heard evidence that some people, whilst they
- 5 were working at Oakbank, undertook certain
- 6 qualifications that started to come in in relation to
- 7 childcare, was that something that you did?
- 8 A. I started doing my HNC or -- was it HNC? I can't
- 9 remember again.
- 10 Q. That was in relation to the type of work you were doing?
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. Was that something that you would have to be on day
- 13 release for or did you have to do distance learning for
- 14 that?
- 15 A. Was I sent somewhere away? I'm trying to remember.
- 16 I can't remember. Something like Open University or
- 17 something like that, I'm not quite sure.
- 18 Q. When we were talking earlier, 'Kevin', about the types
- 19 of duties that you had, you said that sometimes you
- 20 would be involved in taking young people on trips or
- 21 doing activities with them. What type of activities
- 22 would you do with the young people?
- 23 A. Use the gym, swimming pool, play football with 'em, er,
- take 'em to various different places like, er, maybe the
- 25 pictures or ten-pin bowling, something like that.

- 1 Q. We've heard that there were two minibuses, I think, at
- 2 least, that had to be shared between different units?
- 3 A. Yeah.
- 4 Q. Is that what you recall? Would you sometimes take young
- 5 people out in the minibus places?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 Q. Where would you go in the minibus?
- 8 A. Wherever they wanted to go.
- 9 Q. Was it up to the young people where they wanted to go?
- 10 A. It'd usually be discussed before we went out,
- 11 (Inaudible) wanted to go bowling or -- bowling or
- 12 anything like that.
- 13 Q. Did you ever hear of young people being taken on trips
- 14 round Aberdeen city centre?
- 15 A. Yep.
- 16 Q. Do you remember what that was for?
- 17 A. Just out for a run.
- 18 Q. Out for a run. That was something that happened?
- 19 A. Uh-huh.
- 20 Q. Who would do that? Were you involved in that?
- 21 A. Once or twice, yeah.
- 22 Q. Were there other members of staff that would also do
- 23 that?
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. Do you remember any of their names in particular?

- 1 A. Er, every member of staff that could drive.
- 2 Q. There wasn't anybody in particular that would be --
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. -- the minibus driver, if you like, on these trips?
- 5 A. No.
- 6 Q. There was a practice whereby young people could just go
- 7 out for a run with somebody in the minibus, with no
- 8 particular destination, just out for a run? Do you know
- 9 what took place on those runs?
- 10 A. Just driving, nothing in particular.
- 11 Q. I'm just going to put a situation we've heard to you.
- 12 I'm not suggesting in any way, 'Kevin', that this
- 13 relates to something that you've done, just to be clear,
- 14 but were you ever aware of any staff member taking young
- 15 people out in the minibus to the red light district in
- 16 Aberdeen?
- 17 A. Yep.
- 18 Q. What do you know about that? What do you recall about
- 19 that?
- 20 A. I did it once.
- 21 Q. You did it once?
- 22 A. I didn't actually take them to the red light district.
- 23 We went down to the beach and down to the point in the
- 24 harbour and when we came back, there was a long red
- 25 light district -- well, it was along the harbour, that's

- 1 where it was.
- 2 Q. From what you're saying, you are driving through it to
- 3 go back?
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. What I'm talking about is intentionally going to the red
- 6 light district in the minibus --
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. -- perhaps to look at the prostitutes or shout at them,
- 9 things like that?
- 10 A. No, I never done that.
- 11 Q. I'm not suggesting you did that. But did you ever hear
- 12 about that happening?
- 13 A. I think somebody did, because I remember there was
- 14 a thing -- you weren't allowed to go that area, kind of
- 15 thing.
- 16 Q. So there was a point in time when it was said -- is this
- 17 by somebody higher up?
- 18 A. Yeah. I can't remember if there was a letter coming out
- or -- I do seem to remember something coming out about
- 20 that.
- 21 Q. That related to the fact that people weren't to go with
- 22 young people in the minibus to the red light district?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. You remember that being something that had to be put out
- in a letter or a memo or something like that to staff?

- 1 A. Yeah.
- 2 Q. 'Kevin', you're aware that an allegation has been made
- 3 by a particular young female from Oakbank?
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. You have been told what her name is. I'm just going to
- 6 refer to her as 'Kelly' --
- 7 A. Yeah.
- 8 Q. -- but you have been told what her name is and is she
- 9 somebody that you remember from your time at Oakbank?
- 10 A. Not at all. I remember her, but I've no reason to
- 11 remember her.
- 12 Q. I think when you were asked to answer certain questions,
- one of them was: what do you remember about the person
- 14 making the allegation? Your response was:
- 15 'A reasonable lass, although hot-headed and often
- 16 felt victimised.'
- 17 A. Uh-huh (Inaudible), yeah.
- 18 Q. That's what you recall about her?
- 19 A. Uh-huh.
- 20 Q. When you say 'hot-headed', can you tell us a little bit
- 21 about that?
- 22 A. Just like most of the lassies that were there, just, er,
- 23 hot-headed, lost their temper easily.
- 24 Q. When she lost her temper, how would she show that?
- 25 A. Screaming and swearing, shouting.

- 1 Q. It was screaming and swearing and shouting. Was there
- 2 anything more than that?
- 3 A. Not really, no.
- 4 Q. When you say 'often felt victimised', when you say that,
- 5 what do you mean? Victimised by who?
- 6 A. She was one of these people that, as far as I can
- 7 remember, I don't think she was very popular and she
- 8 always -- er, she brought a lot of it on herself.
- 9 Q. Are you referring, 'Kevin', to issues with other young
- 10 people at Oakbank and her?
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. Was there some bullying going on?
- 13 A. Not to my knowledge.
- 14 Q. There were certainly issues that you were aware of?
- 15 A. Yeah.
- 16 Q. That she didn't get on with --
- 17 A. She didn't get on with a lot of them, yeah.
- 18 Q. You are saying you think she brought a lot of it on
- 19 herself. Why do you say that?
- 20 A. She was always, I'm trying to explain, er -- I think she
- just -- she actually riled a lot of people by her manner
- 22 and shouting and swearing and things.
- 23 Q. There's a particular part of 'Kelly's' statement,
- I think, that you have been made aware of and I'm not
- 25 going to read all of it out in relation to that, but

- 1 I think she's talking about an incident where she's on
- 2 a bus that you're driving, I think she says to us in her
- 3 evidence. So it's in this minibus, after a trip, and
- 4 she ends up involved in some sort of altercation with
- 5 a boy and other children and then she ends up putting
- 6 her arm through the minibus window.
- 7 I'm just leading up to when she then talks about
- 8 you. First of all, do you remember the incident on the
- 9 minibus?
- 10 A. I wasn't driving.
- 11 Q. You say you weren't driving?
- 12 A. No.
- 13 Q. Do you remember this incident?
- 14 A. No, because I would specifically remember a minibus
- 15 window getting --
- 16 Q. Sorry?
- 17 A. I would specifically remember a minibus window getting
- 18 smashed.
- 19 Q. So then you don't recall an incident that you became
- 20 aware of whereby 'Kelly' put her arm through the minibus
- 21 window?
- 22 A. No.
- 23 Q. You're not aware of that, first of all?
- 24 A. No, I didn't.
- 25 Q. Her position seems to be that you were the driver.

- 1 I think she has given that information in her evidence.
- 2 Then I'll just read out the part that relates to you
- 3 after that in paragraph 138 of her statement, and she
- 4 says:
- 5 'To calm me down, I was taken into the family room
- 6 by 'Kevin', a teacher at Oakbank. It was just 'Kevin'
- 7 on his own and he threatened me in there. He said he
- 8 was going to get a group of girls from the unit to come
- 9 into my room and give me a hiding.'
- 10 If I can stop there, 'Kevin'. What's your position
- in relation to that?
- 12 A. No chance I'd do that to any kid.
- 13 Q. Whilst you remember this girl in particular, 'Kelly', is
- 14 your position that this didn't happen?
- 15 A. Yeah.
- 16 Q. She goes on, this is at paragraph 139:
- 17 'The person who was particularly abusive to me was
- 18 'Kevin'. I don't know if he had a dislike for me
- 19 because I was quite lairy.'
- I think she was asked in her evidence, 'Kevin',
- 21 about what did she mean by abusive and she said verbally
- 22 abusive. Just to ask you about that. Were you ever
- 23 verbally abusive to 'Kelly'?
- 24 A. I wasn't verbally abusive to any kid.
- 25 Q. She goes on at paragraph 140:

- 1 'I did a lot of gymnastics when I was younger and
- 2 I broke my wrist, as a result my wrists were weaker and
- 3 that was on my records that when I was in care, I had
- 4 weak wrists and wasn't to be restrained. One day,
- 5 'Kevin' got me, I was probably gobby and swearing, but
- 6 he really used force on me that time. He took my arm by
- 7 the wrist and put it right up my back. I was really
- 8 screaming and crying and I told him I had to go to the
- 9 hospital as he'd hurt me. He said no, but I demanded to
- go or I would walk there myself and I got taken along.
- I came out the hospital with a plaster cast on. 'Kevin'
- 12 literally broke my wrist. There was no apology,
- 13 nothing. It wasn't long after that I was moved to the
- 14 Rosemount unit.'
- 15 'Kevin', what is your position in relation to what
- 16 'Kelly' says there?
- 17 A. No recollection. In fact, I would say it didn't happen.
- 18 Q. You were involved in restraining children sometimes; is
- 19 that right?
- 20 A. Sometimes, yeah. Never put a child's arm up their back.
- 21 Q. If you were to restrain a child, how would do you that,
- 'Kevin', are you able to describe it?
- 23 A. It would depend on the situation.
- 24 Q. What do you remember being the most common way that you
- 25 would restrain?

- 1 A. I can't remember the name of it, but like this, round
- 2 the child's body.
- 3 Q. So you are indicating --
- 4 A. Then lay them back down.
- 5 Q. You are indicating there, 'Kevin', two arms, is that
- 6 right? You are putting two arms around a child's body?
- 7 A. I cannae remember exactly. I don't want to say, but it
- 8 was something like that. It certainly wasn't putting
- 9 a kid's arm up their back.
- 10 Q. You are saying two arms around, sort of in a hug, like
- 11 a bear hug?
- 12 A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. Would that be from behind or from the front?
- 14 A. From the side usually.
- 15 Q. From the side. I think you mention something about
- going down, what are you saying in relation to that?
- 17 Would you go down to the ground with the young person?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 Q. What position would you be trying to get them into on
- 20 the ground?
- 21 A. I can't remember. I really can't remember all the
- 22 moves, that type of thing. I could be telling you a lie
- 23 if I told you, so I'd better not say.
- 24 Q. Certainly what 'Kelly' is describing there is something
- 25 different. She's describing taking an arm by the wrist

- and putting it up behind her back. Did you ever
- 2 restrain any children in that way?
- 3 A. No.
- 4 Q. Could it be that this happened and you don't remember or
- is your the position, 'Kevin', that this didn't happen?
- 6 A. No, I've thought it over 100 times. It never happened.
- 7 Q. I think you were asked in your written questions what
- 8 your response was to hearing about this allegation and
- 9 your reply was 'shocked'?
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. Is that how you feel about this allegation being made?
- 12 A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. You were asked whether you had ever abused a child and
- 14 you said 'never', is that right? That's your position?
- 15 A. Yeah.
- 16 Q. Also, 'Kevin', you were asked whether you would ever
- 17 sanction or punish a child and the response you gave is
- 18 that you can't really remember, but if you had carried
- 19 out a punishment, you mention that the individual would
- 20 have dropped levels in the system, but that wouldn't
- 21 have been your decision.
- 22 Now, 'Kevin', we have heard about levels at Oakbank
- and I think levels 1 to 6 have been talked about?
- 24 A. Yeah.
- 25 Q. Is that something you recall, there being these levels?

- 1 A. I remember that, yeah.
- 2 Q. I think we have heard that 6 was the highest level and 1
- 3 was the lowest; is that right?
- 4 A. Yep.
- 5 LADY SMITH: We have also heard that children would all on
- 6 admission start at 6; was that right?
- 7 A. I can't -- I don't think so, but I can't remember.
- No, I can't remember. Sorry.
- 9 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 10 MS FORBES: Certainly, 'Kevin', you say that wouldn't have
- 11 been your decision to drop a child down a level?
- 12 A. No, you'd have to go through your unit manager.
- 13 Q. That was taken by someone higher up?
- 14 A. Yeah.
- 15 Q. You were also asked, 'Kevin', that if a child was
- 16 treated in the way that was described by 'Kelly', with
- 17 the arm being put up her back and her wrist broken, do
- 18 you accept that that would be abuse --
- 19 A. Yep.
- 20 Q. -- and I think you have said, 'Yes, that would be
- 21 abuse'.
- Now, is there anything else, 'Kevin', you want to
- 23 say about the two allegations that have been made
- 24 against you by 'Kelly', the verbal abuse, the threat and
- 25 the restraint?

- 1 A. Basically what I'd like to say is (Inaudible) I never
- 2 operated in that way wi' any of the children over
- 3 a ten-year period, so I wouldn't have operated in that
- 4 way for one.
- 5 Q. You say you wouldn't operate in that way, can you tell
- 6 us what way did you operate? How did you see yourself
- 7 as a residential social worker at that time?
- 8 A. I always operated trying to build relationships with
- 9 kids, er, build relationships, get their trust. That
- 10 way you can get more work done with them and things and
- 11 --
- 12 Q. Can you tell us a little bit about how you would go
- about trying to do that, 'Kevin'?
- 14 A. I think everyone was different. Everyone was different.
- 15 Depended on reading up on why they were in care and --
- 16 Q. It would depend on the young person?
- 17 A. Yeah, it would depend on the young person.
- 18 Q. The approach that you would take.
- 19 How did you see yourself in the scheme of things?
- 20 Did you see yourself as someone who was quite easygoing
- 21 and supportive of the children --
- 22 A. Yeah.
- 23 Q. -- and young people? Was it a job that you enjoyed
- 24 doing?
- 25 A. Yeah.

- 1 LADY SMITH: 'Kevin', you mentioned understanding how
- 2 different everybody was would depend on reading up and
- 3 why they were in care. Were you able to read their
- 4 records?
- 5 A. Yeah, when they were admitted there was usually records
- 6 came from social workers, the field social worker.
- 7 LADY SMITH: Where were they kept?
- 8 A. As in?
- 9 LADY SMITH: In Oakbank, were they kept in the unit, were
- 10 they kept somewhere else?
- 11 A. Er, they were in a file, yeah.
- 12 LADY SMITH: Where were their files kept?
- 13 A. The files would be there -- locked drawers in the
- 14 office.
- 15 LADY SMITH: Where was the office?
- 16 A. Eh?
- 17 LADY SMITH: Where was the office?
- 18 A. In the unit.
- 19 LADY SMITH: Each unit had its own office?
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 LADY SMITH: And files would be in locked drawers?
- 22 A. Yeah.
- 23 LADY SMITH: So to see any child's file, you would have to
- get permission to use the key to get into the file,
- 25 would that be right?

- 1 A. I think so (Inaudible) -- no, only staff could go in
- 2 there.
- 3 LADY SMITH: Right. Okay. So are you telling me that
- 4 reading children's files wasn't part of daily life?
- 5 A. That?
- 6 LADY SMITH: It wasn't part of your daily life --
- 7 A. What wasn't?
- 8 LADY SMITH: Reading children's files.
- 9 A. Yeah, it was.
- 10 LADY SMITH: Right. How did you get them?
- 11 A. I was a member of staff.
- 12 LADY SMITH: Was it a routine part of the day that you would
- 13 be looking at a file --
- 14 A. We tried to read up -- not only the young people you
- 15 were working with, ie directly as key worker, you tried
- 16 to get a bit of knowledge about all the children that
- 17 you were working with in the unit.
- 18 LADY SMITH: I suppose you might get more opportunity to
- 19 read what was in the file if, for example, you were
- going to a Children's Hearing with them?
- 21 A. Yeah, but a lot of that you did when the children were
- 22 at school during the day.
- 23 LADY SMITH: Okay. Thank you.
- 24 MS FORBES: 'Kevin', we talked about there being different
- 25 units in Oakbank and that you moved between units at

- some points, is that right, that you went from one to
- 2 the other?
- 3 A. Aye.
- 4 Q. You were in Oakhill at one point?
- 5 A. Yep.
- 6 Q. When you went to a new unit, would you try and find out
- 7 about the children that were there, the young people
- 8 that were there?
- 9 A. Yep. I knew most of them anyway, because you come
- 10 across 'em, but, yeah.
- 11 Q. For how many children would you be a key worker for at
- 12 any one time?
- 13 A. Two, three maximum.
- 14 Q. Would they be children within your unit?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. So over the period of your employment at Oakbank, you
- 17 would have been a key worker at some point for a number
- 18 of different children?
- 19 A. Yep.
- 20 Q. Just to get an idea at the time that you were there of
- 21 the numbers of children. On average, how many children
- 22 were in a particular unit at any time?
- 23 A. Er, when I first started I remember something like
- 24 25/26, but it came down. I think it used to be about 17
- 25 or 18.

- 1 Q. It decreased over the time you were there?
- 2 A. Yeah.
- 3 Q. But still quite a significant amount of --
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. How many staff members would be in relation to the
- 6 number of children?
- 7 A. There used to be at least -- there had to be at least
- 8 four, I think, per unit.
- 9 Q. So there could be four staff members and 18 children?
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. That would be during the day and the evening, would it?
- 12 A. Including what?
- 13 Q. Would that be on shifts during the day and the evening?
- 14 A. Aye, per shift, yeah.
- 15 Q. Then there would be some night workers. I think we have
- 16 heard about perhaps sometimes there being as few as two
- 17 overnight?
- 18 A. Uh-huh.
- 19 Q. 'Kevin', what was your impression, when you think back,
- of your time in Oakbank of the culture there among
- 21 staff? How did staff, as you saw it, how did they see
- 22 young people?
- 23 A. I thought the young people were treated quite well. Erm
- 24 -- aye, generally I thought they were treated well.
- 25 Q. Were you aware of any concerns being raised by young

- 1 people to you or anyone else about the way they were
- 2 treated when you were at Oakbank?
- 3 A. There was always one or two, aye, but generally, no.
- I mean, I still see young people I worked wi'. I bump
- 5 into them in the town and things and the majority tell
- 6 me it was the best years of their life and they had
- 7 a great time at Oakbank.
- 8 Q. When you say one or two issues but in general there
- 9 wasn't, what were the one or two issues that you
- 10 remember?
- 11 A. When you're working in that environment, I just --
- 12 I can't really remember issues, but when you're working
- in that kind of environment, I mean, er ... the young
- 14 people could be very, very hard to deal with.
- 15 Q. Can you give us an idea of the type of thing, the
- 16 concern that was raised? Was this in relation to --
- 17 A. There are always --
- 18 Q. Assaults, restraints --
- 19 A. It's nae just like schools and homes like that, young
- 20 adolescents are like that anyway. There's always --
- 21 there's always issues with 'em. Always issues with
- 22 certain ones. I'm just speaking generally, and
- generally, I thought they were treated very well there.
- 24 I still do.
- 25 Q. We have talked a little bit about restraint and you've

- 1 explained a little bit about what you remember being
- 2 involved in, but when you think back about restraint
- 3 being used during your time in Oakbank, are you able to
- 4 give us an indication as to how often young people would
- 5 be restrained? Was this something that happened on
- 6 a daily basis?
- 7 A. Er, it really depended. It was like -- if they were
- 8 going to be a danger to themselves or to others by what
- 9 they were doing, that's when you, er -- you basically
- 10 had to restrain them.
- 11 Q. You are saying a danger to themselves or others, that's
- 12 the phrase that you remember?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- 14 Q. What about being restrained for not following
- instructions, things like that?
- 16 A. No, I wouldn't have said that, no.
- 17 Q. To get to the point of restraint, would it have to be
- 18 something more than that?
- 19 A. Usually, yeah. As I say, if they were getting to the
- 20 stage that they were going to injure themselves or
- others, that's usually when you stepped in to restrain.
- 22 Q. If a child was restrained, would you have to fill out
- 23 forms in relation to that afterwards?
- 24 A. Aye, I'm sure you did, aye.
- 25 Q. Were there times when children were restrained whereby

- they received injuries as a result of that?
- 2 A. I can't remember that.
- 3 Q. We have heard evidence about the carpet or the flooring
- 4 at Oakbank being made of a material that was not very
- 5 soft, perhaps, is the way to put it, but sometimes would
- 6 result in carpet burns and things like that on the young
- 7 person's face. Were you aware of things like that
- 8 happening on occasion?
- 9 A. No, not that I can remember.
- 10 LADY SMITH: Do you remember children being put face down on
- 11 the carpet?
- 12 A. I think that probably did happen on occasion.
- 13 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 14 A. It was more -- maybe people trying to restrain them and
- 15 they were struggling to restrain them, because there
- 16 were some -- I mean, some of the -- you can imagine some
- 17 16-year-old, 17-year-old guys. It sometimes wasn't
- 18 easy.
- 19 LADY SMITH: Thank you, 'Kevin'.
- 20 MS FORBES: This face-down restraint, I think we have heard
- 21 it referred to as the prone position/prone restraint.
- Is that something that you had to do on occasion?
- 23 A. No.
- 24 Q. No?
- 25 A. No.

- 1 Q. You don't recall doing that?
- 2 A. No.
- 3 Q. If you had to take a child or young person to the
- 4 ground, what position would you put them in?
- 5 A. Sorry?
- 6 Q. If you had to, during a restraint, take a young person
- 7 down to the ground, what position would you try to put
- 8 them in?
- 9 A. Usually they were always on their back or their side.
- 10 Q. Was there any particular reason why you would do that?
- 11 A. I can't remember exactly, but I think just from the
- 12 training sorta ...
- 13 MS FORBES: 'Kevin', I don't have any more questions for
- 14 you, so thank you very much for coming today and
- 15 answering the questions that I've asked you.
- 16 LADY SMITH: 'Kevin', can I add my thanks. It's been so
- 17 helpful to hear from you this morning. I'm very
- 18 grateful to you for coming and helping us with that.
- 19 I'm now able to let you go and I wish you a safe journey
- 20 back home.
- 21 A. Thank you.
- 22 (The witness withdrew)
- 23 LADY SMITH: I'll take the morning break now, Ms Forbes, and
- 24 we'll start the next witness at about 11.45 am, I hope.
- 25 Thank you.

- 1 (11.25 am)
- 2 (A short break)
- 3 (11.45 am)
- 4 LADY SMITH: Ms Forbes.
- 5 MS FORBES: My Lady, the next witness is someone who is
- 6 anonymous and known as 'Iain'. He's also is someone who
- 7 would require a warning.
- 8 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 9 'Iain' (affirmed)
- 10 LADY SMITH: Thank you for coming along this morning to help
- 11 us with your evidence. I have your written statement,
- 12 it's been really good to have that in advance. Thank
- 13 you for all the work that's gone into that and,
- of course, we won't be going through that page by page,
- 15 but there are some particular parts of it we'd like to
- 16 discuss with you this morning. 'Iain', one or two other
- 17 things I want to say.
- 18 The first, I do understand that it's a big ask, as
- 19 we say, to be in a public place and have to talk about
- 20 things that happened quite a while ago in your own life,
- 21 some of the discussion that we need to have might be
- 22 quite stressful for you. If you need a break, that's
- 23 not a problem. Just say, or if there's anything else
- 24 I can do to make the whole experience of giving evidence
- 25 more comfortable than otherwise, just speak up. If it

- works for you, I'm sure it will work for me.
- 2 A. Thank you.
- 3 LADY SMITH: That statement that I've referred to is in the
- 4 red folder, so it will be available for you there in
- 5 hard copy, and we can also bring up the sections of it
- 6 we're focusing on, on the screen in front of you. So it
- 7 will be there in larger font as well.
- 8 One other important thing I want you to understand
- 9 is although this is a public inquiry and not a court
- 10 setting, you have all the rights and protections you
- 11 would have in a court and that includes that if you are
- 12 asked any questions, the answers to which could
- incriminate you, you don't have to respond to them. If
- 14 you do, of course, I expect you to do so fully, but it's
- 15 your choice as to whether you answer or not.
- 16 Do bear that in mind. If you're in any doubt
- 17 whether it's one of those sorts of questions, just ask
- us or, indeed, if you're in any doubt about anything
- 19 else we're asking you, and we're not making sense to
- 20 you, that's our fault not yours. So you ask us to
- 21 explain better.
- 22 A. Thank you very much.
- 23 LADY SMITH: If you're ready, I'll hand over to Ms Forbes
- 24 and she'll take it from there.
- 25 A. Thank you.

- 1 LADY SMITH: Ms Forbes.
- 2 MS FORBES: Thank you, my Lady.
- 3 Questions by Ms Forbes
- 4 MS FORBES: Good morning, 'Iain'.
- 5 A. Good morning.
- 6 Q. Your statement is in front of you in that red folder and
- 7 for our purposes, we give it a reference number and
- 8 I'm just going to read that out for the transcript.
- 9 It's not something for you to worry about, but it's
- 10 WIT-1-000001496.
- 11 'Iain', if I could start by getting you to just go
- 12 to the very last page of that statement. It all has
- 13 numbered paragraphs. You don't have to look in the
- 14 folder, you can just look on the screen as well. The
- 15 last paragraph there is 312 and that's where it says:
- 16 'I have no objection to my witness statement being
- 17 published as part of the evidence to the Inquiry.
- I believe the facts stated in this witness statement are
- 19 true.'
- 20 Although it's redacted out on the screen, that's
- 21 something you've signed and it's dated
- 22 30 September 2024, is that right?
- 23 A. That's correct, yes.
- 24 Q. Is that still the position, 'Iain'?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. Okay, we can just go back to the beginning of the
- 2 statement. 'Iain', you tell us that you were born in
- 3 1948, is that right?
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 5 Q. You give us a bit of information about your background
- and what led you to working in Oakbank from paragraph 2
- 7 onwards. You say that you graduated from Moray House
- 8 college in 1970; is that right?
- 9 A. That's correct.
- 10 Q. That was with a diploma in technical subjects?
- 11 A. That's correct.
- 12 Q. You were going on to teach with that qualification,
- 13 technical subjects?
- 14 A. That's correct.
- 15 Q. Would that be woodworking and things like that?
- 16 A. And things like that.
- 17 Q. Yes, things like that. I think we'll come on later in
- 18 your statement to see when this happened, but I think
- 19 further on in your career, you obtained a postgraduate
- 20 BA in social science, is that right?
- 21 A. Yes.
- 22 Q. Then you also completed the Scottish Centre for Studies
- in School Administration, Moray House headship course?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. You also completed the postgraduate certificate in

- 1 special educational needs at Northern College?
- 2 A. That is correct.
- 3 Q. That was at various times. Not all at once or one after
- 4 the other --
- 5 A. It wasn't a continuum.
- 6 Q. No, but as things went on.
- You tell us that prior going to work in Oakbank you
- 8 worked for eight years as a teacher at
- 9 Midlothian County Council?
- 10 A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. That was just in a high school?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. You say you were mostly in the main school for the
- 14 timetable, but that there was a small part of your week
- 15 where you would spend at a nearby special educational
- 16 needs school?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. Was that something that you particularly were interested
- in doing?
- 20 A. No. It's 'cos I wanted the job.
- 21 Q. Right. You wanted the job at --
- 22 A. At that particular location, yes.
- 23 Q. You tell us that at that time, you felt that your
- 24 promotion prospects were perhaps restricted because you
- 25 had obtained a diploma and you weren't a graduate?

- 1 A. That's correct.
- 2 Q. You explain there was so far that you could go in the
- 3 career path and I think you mention assistant principal
- 4 teacher of guidance, but promotion prospects beyond that
- 5 were limited?
- 6 A. Very limited.
- 7 Q. You go on to say, 'Iain', that mentors of yours
- 8 suggested that you should get another qualification and
- 9 consider a more specialist career?
- 10 A. That's correct.
- 11 Q. Is that what led you then to taking the decision to
- 12 apply for the post at Oakbank?
- 13 A. Essentially, yes.
- 14 Q. You tell us about Oakbank from paragraph 8 of your
- 15 statement, 'Iain'. You say that you went to Oakbank in
- October 1978 and you stayed there until June 1997?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. So a period of just under 20 years?
- 19 A. That's correct, yeah.
- 20 Q. You tell us about how you became aware of the post
- 21 there. It was a technical teacher role that was
- 22 advertised, which you applied for and were successful in
- 23 obtaining?
- 24 A. That too is correct.
- 25 Q. That meant that you had to make a conscious decision to

- 1 move with your wife up north to take up that post?
- 2 A. Again, that's correct, yes.
- 3 Q. You tell us because you wanted to specialise not only in
- 4 SEN -- so that's the acronym that I mentioned earlier,
- 5 special educational needs -- but also social, emotional
- 6 and behavioural difficulties, SEBD?
- 7 A. Yes, yes, ma'am.
- 8 Q. You go on to say, 'Iain', that whilst you were working
- 9 at Oakbank, that's when you did your postgraduate study
- 10 with Open University and obtained your bachelor of arts
- 11 degree in 1983, is that right?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Within two years of that, you were appointed to the post
- of SNR at Oakbank?
- 15 A. That's correct.
- 16 Q. You tell us a little bit about Oakbank. We have heard
- 17 quite a lot evidence about Oakbank as a school and the
- 18 type of children that went there and the fact that
- 19 originally it was boys and then latterly it became
- 20 co-educational; is that right?
- 21 A. That's correct, yes.
- 22 Q. If we go to paragraph 16 of your statement, 'Iain', you
- 23 say that you had a little bit of an insight into the
- 24 workings of List D schools before you went to Oakbank
- 25 and I think you mention being involved a little bit at

- Dr Guthrie's; is that right?
- 2 A. Yeah. I was never engaged by Dr Guthrie but I supported
- 3 my colleague who had moved into that role.
- 4 Q. That was supporting him setting up his department there?
- 5 A. Absolutely, yes.
- 6 Q. That was in technical subjects?
- 7 A. Technical subjects again, yes.
- 8 Q. Then you say at paragraph 17 that the way you viewed it,
- 9 your purpose at Oakbank was that you were going there to
- 10 work with and educate a group of pupils who, for some
- 11 reason or other, had fallen foul of either the law or
- 12 the education system?
- 13 A. That's correct.
- 14 Q. We have heard evidence, 'Iain', that a lot of the
- 15 children who were in Oakbank were there because either
- 16 they weren't going to school, and had been truanting, or
- 17 they'd been coming to the attention of the police for
- 18 various different offences.
- 19 You say that what was marked to you when you arrived
- 20 there, this is at paragraph 19, was that whilst there
- 21 was an air of bravado, toughness, sort of couldn't care
- less, among many of the boys, there was also very much
- 23 a gentler, softer, almost innocent naivety element to
- 24 them in their behaviour?
- 25 A. That's very much the case, yes.

- 1 LADY SMITH: Are you telling me 'Iain', they were children?
- 2 A. Pardon me?
- 3 LADY SMITH: Are you really telling me they were children?
- 4 They were children.
- 5 A. Absolutely, they were bairns, yes, they were children.
- 6 MS FORBES: Whilst they could act tough on some occasions,
- 7 at the core of it they really were just youngsters who
- 8 were looking for guidance and support?
- 9 A. They were children who had actually been denied
- 10 a childhood because of the circumstances that had
- 11 preceded their entry to Oakbank.
- 12 Q. You tell us at paragraph 23, 'Iain', that many of these
- boys, as you saw it, had had bad experiences of dealing
- 14 with adult male figures in particular, and had come from
- 15 abusive homes with alcohol issues and violence, and some
- of them had suffered abuse at the hands of their
- mother's new partners. Is that how you saw it, there
- 18 was perhaps an issue, particularly in how they would
- 19 relate to an adult male figure?
- 20 A. Very definitely, yes.
- 21 Q. This was something that you recognised when you went
- 22 there?
- 23 A. Oh, it was markedly different from mainstream education,
- 24 where you could approach a desk from either side and
- 25 tutor the pupils, for want of a better way of describing

- 1 it, yes, provide tuition.
- 2 Q. You go on to say, this is over the next page, that this
- 3 is something that you really had to think about and that
- 4 even related to how close you would stand to or over
- 5 a boy?
- 6 A. Oh, definitely, yeah.
- 7 Q. You mention always approaching from where you could be
- 8 seen?
- 9 A. Line of vision, absolutely.
- 10 Q. That meant, because of the particular type of subject
- 11 that you were teaching, which was hands-on workshop
- 12 procedures, that meant it was quite difficult?
- 13 A. You had to be alert to different things, because a child
- 14 could be working with a tool in a dangerous manner and
- 15 you would want to bringe in, sorry, approach directly,
- and get it sorted, but as a health and safety issue.
- 17 Whereas you had to circumnavigate, just take an extra
- 18 second or two, but I never lost any fingers, I was
- 19 pleased to say.
- 20 Q. That sounds like a success then.
- 21 'Iain', you say that even getting some of these
- 22 children to attend daily classes was a great achievement
- and then getting them to participate in the classes was
- 24 a victory for the child and yourself?
- 25 A. Again, that's the case. Many of them, as you say, were

- 1 truants, who didn't like school or for some reason had
- 2 an aversion to school, and the fact that when they came
- 3 to Oakbank, the expectation was they would go to classes
- and they drifted along, if that's the right way, with
- 5 the class group but perhaps didn't engage with it. And
- 6 the fact that they were actually coming into the
- 7 classroom without any resistance was a victory in
- 8 itself. It's a victory not for me, but for the child,
- 9 because overcoming these difficulties were quite
- 10 significant, and depending on the reason that they had
- 11 for having an aversion to school, if they had
- 12 an unpleasant experience in the school itself, you just
- 13 had to take account of all this. It wasn't quite
- 14 a guessing game, it was more intuitive, but something
- 15 you just had to be aware of and alert to.
- 16 Q. Another factor that you point out that's particular to
- 17 Oakbank, this is at paragraph 30, is you say that these
- 18 boys at that time were away from home, so they were sent
- 19 sometimes quite far from where their family home was?
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 Q. That meant that perhaps, you know, it was to give them
- 22 a fresh start, but actually it often meant that they
- 23 were losing these family connections?
- 24 A. Again, they were being disenfranchised. They were
- 25 getting treated well; fed, cled and watered, given good

- 1 accommodation, they were given compensatory experiences,
- but, er, that was being done apart from home. When they
- 3 went back the -- well, the connection was less and
- 4 sometimes they were seen as different now because they
- 5 weren't quite -- they were changing and by changing,
- 6 they were difficult for the family they were going back
- 7 into, and it was just difficult for them, and again,
- 8 it's something -- you weren't aware of at the time, but
- 9 it's something which on reflection you pick up.
- 10 Q. We've heard evidence about that in relation to losing
- 11 the relationships with siblings, for example --
- 12 A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. -- and with the local community and then finally, when
- 14 they're released, going back to the local community and
- not feeling like they had a place?
- 16 A. That's exactly correct. Some kids came back and said
- they were too posh to go back to their own homes,
- 18 because they'd -- it sounds silly, but learned table
- 19 manners and more careful about their personal hygiene
- 20 and things like that.
- 21 There were small things that you take for granted in
- 22 a family home, but when you haven't done it -- weren't
- 23 brought up that way and you're then going back and being
- 24 seen to be different, I can imagine it being
- 25 exceptionally difficult for them.

- 1 Q. One of the things, at that time anyway, that went on in
- 2 Oakbank, this is at paragraph 33, was the practice of
- 3 giving pupils cigarettes. I think this is something
- 4 that you saw as being irresponsible. I think they had
- 5 initially -- told us a little bit earlier they maybe had
- 6 an allowance --
- 7 A. That's correct.
- 8 Q. -- but at some point they were given rod tobacco to roll
- 9 their own and that was if you didn't roll your own you
- 10 didn't get a cigarette, but you point out that that
- 11 meant that there was no filter on these own-rolled
- 12 cigarettes?
- 13 A. No. I think smoking is abhorrent, so I come with
- a bias, but the fact that we were giving the children
- 15 these cigarettes, raw tobacco. They got a tin with so
- 16 much tobacco in it and they were rationed how many --
- 17 they had six cigarettes a day and roll-up papers and
- 18 things like that, the concept of that -- I thought it
- 19 was bad childcare, bad parenting, and they -- the idea
- 20 behind it was, it was going to go on anyway, so you were
- 21 as well having it and controlling it as having folks ...
- 22 the old gag, 'smoking behind the bike sheds', because
- 23 that sort of thing was prevalent. And it went on
- despite it, because as a child left the smoke room, you
- 25 were supposed to witness them discarding their cigarette

- 1 end into a bucket of water, but by various means, they
- were able to only smoke part of it, tear a bit off, put
- 3 it up their sleeve so that you see a bit getting flung
- 4 away. It was a way of limiting as opposed to
- 5 controlling the thing.
- 6 LADY SMITH: 'Iain', am I right in thinking, certainly when
- 7 you started in 1978, many of the children arriving at
- 8 Oakbank would already be established smokers and
- 9 addicted to nicotine?
- 10 A. Yes, absolutely. The children who were -- they had to
- 11 declare that as part of the admission process and
- 12 parents had to sign off that they knew that the
- 13 school -- that they had a tobacco habit, that the school
- 14 would continue to support it, or provide for it but,
- 15 yes, many of them came. I couldn't say without any
- 16 certainty that no child who came then didn't learn to
- smoke, because of the bike shed scenario, but no, they
- 18 came as affirmed smokers, yeah.
- 19 LADY SMITH: The school wasn't purporting to undertake
- 20 education that would have the effect of stopping them
- 21 smoking?
- 22 A. As part of the health education programme in the
- 23 classroom, it was -- that information was shared with
- them and they received encouragement, verbal, but there
- 25 was no tangible reason for them to stop doing it and it

- 1 was seen as a cultural thing, that you are one of the
- 2 boys, the thing we discussed earlier about the bravado
- 3 thing. It was very much part of that.
- 4 LADY SMITH: Maybe the school had to be careful in which
- 5 battles with the children it was going to pick?
- 6 A. Don't pick a fight you can't win.
- 7 LADY SMITH: At least, if they were smoking, that might calm
- 8 their behaviour to some extent?
- 9 A. Whether it was the effect of tobacco upon them or
- 10 whether it was just the mindset that they had
- 11 a cigarette or fag, then I'm not in any position to
- 12 confirm one way or another.
- 13 LADY SMITH: Thank you, 'Iain'.
- 14 MS FORBES: 'Iain', during your time at Oakbank, did the
- 15 position about smoking change, did the rules change
- 16 about smoking whilst you were there or not?
- 17 A. Yes. They were allowed 'tailor mades' as they were
- 18 referred to, cigarettes that were bought for them, and,
- 19 er, I think the habit of smoking was reinforced by the
- 20 fact that at the time staff could smoke anywhere,
- 21 walking about the school, except the classrooms. That
- 22 was forbidden.
- 23 But eventually, we got it that smoking was
- 24 restricted to two specific smoking rooms, which were
- 25 provided for that purpose, and staff had to adhere to

- 1 that. And I think there was a lot of latent
- 2 reinforcement of the boys of the habit of smoking, that
- 3 it was okay for adults to walk around the school doing
- 4 it, 'Why can't we do it?' That's an opinion as opposed
- 5 to scientific fact.
- 6 Q. During the period you were there though, young people
- 7 were allowed to smoke for that --
- 8 A. Yes, smoking was still persistent when I left in '97.
- 9 Q. 'Iain', I'm just going to move on to talk briefly about
- 10 the management structure when you were there and you
- 11 tell us about that from paragraphs 34 onwards.
- 12 You say that SNR was is that
- 13 right?
- 14 A. That's correct, yes.
- 15 Q. You say was a really nice and a very progressive
- 16 type of . There was GZG , who was SNR
- 17 SNR and SNR . Then there
- 18 was EJU , who was the other SNR
- 19 SNR
- 20 A. That's correct.
- 21 Q. There is SNR and then there's SNR
- 22 SNR who's also SNR , and another
- 23 SNR who's SNR
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 Q. That was the management structure?

- 1 A. That was the management of the school, yes.
- 2 Q. You tell us a little more about
- 3 paragraph 35 and say that was someone who was always
- finding ways to improve things, an example of that is
- 5 decided that the school should have a swimming pool?
- 6 A. Mm-hmm.
- 7 Q. This was the self-build project that you go on to tell
- 8 us about?
- 9 A. Pardon me?
- 10 Q. This is the self-build project that you go on to tell us
- 11 about?
- 12 A. Pardon me?
- 13 Q. This is the self-build project that you go on to tell us
- 14 about?
- 15 A. Yes, yes, indeed.
- 16 Q. This was converting a former workshop block and dressing
- 17 rooms and showers into a swimming pool?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 Q. You go on to tell us about that. I won't go into detail
- 20 about it all, but I think you go on at paragraph 38 to
- 21 say that there was a senior assistant, LL , the
- 22 PE teacher, who was the driving force behind the
- 23 swimming pool and you and him teamed up to work on it as
- 24 a project with some of the boys?
- 25 A. That's correct.

- 1 Q. There is also an instructor's team, who were on hand to
- 2 provide specialist support and advice et cetera as
- 3 required?
- 4 A. That's right. The instructor's team had -- there was
- 5 various trades, builder, joiner, painter and decorator.
- 6 Their job was a dual role, they had to maintain the
- 7 campus. It was a category B listed Victorian building
- 8 which had to be maintained, and there were seven acres
- 9 of grounds, and all the associated maintenance that had
- 10 to go on with that. And the idea of creating a swimming
- 11 pool was a good one, but these guys could not do both
- jobs, so fortunately LL and I were able to work
- 13 together under their guidance, I mean, we drove on and
- 14 did things. When there were tricky bits they either
- showed us how to do it, which was a learning curve for
- 16 me, which was beneficial eventually, or they actually
- 17 came and did it and we had to find a way of compensating
- 18 for the work they were unable to do.
- 19 Q. This was something that Oakbank had to fund themselves?
- 20 A. Self-funded entirely. The Scottish -- at that time, we
- 21 were controlled -- administered by the
- 22 Social Works Services Group in Edinburgh, based in
- 23 Jeffrey Street, and the school received a budget from
- them and savings were made from these headings, but the
- 25 rest of the money was raised by the staff group,

- 1 Friends of Oakbank Association, from a variety of
- 2 resourceful events.
- 3 Q. You explain there was a problem with being able to get
- 4 planning permission to be able to bring in a mechanical
- 5 excavator, which meant that it had to be done manually?
- 6 A. Yes. That was a very, very unfortunate turn of events.
- 7 A member of staff was very determined to do things right
- 8 and he knew you couldn't do anything in Aberdeen without
- 9 getting planning permission. He didn't realise with
- 10 Crown exemption. We applied to widen the door to bring
- 11 the digger in and they denied it to us. The absolutely
- 12 irony was that the door was then built over, as
- an extension was put on that side, so it was an internal
- 14 door anyway. It didn't affect the visual amenity of the
- 15 building whatsoever.
- 16 Q. I think you say it took nearly four years for staff and
- 17 pupils to manually excavate the site?
- 18 A. Yep, it was a long haul.
- 19 Q. I think you make the point that pupils who did
- 20 participate in that did so on a voluntary basis?
- 21 A. Absolutely, there was no coercion at all. Also, the
- 22 point is there was 100-odd boys in the school at the
- 23 time. There was only ever a dozen working because the
- 24 class average size was six, so LL and I had six each.
- 25 So we'd be working there and boys could opt in and out

- 1 of that group, because it was a relief for them to get
- 2 out the classroom, as if they weren't coping in the
- 3 classroom, a couple of days or week or whatever working
- 4 out besides us, there was a therapeutic effect to the
- 5 whole thing as well as a physical advantage of getting
- 6 the facility built.
- 7 Q. I think you make that point, because you had sight of
- 8 a statement from a former pupil, where reference is made
- 9 to the digging out of the hole in relation to the
- swimming pool as being 'slave labour', but that's not
- 11 how you saw it?
- 12 A. Not at all. As I say, they opted in. The great sadness
- is that the pupils who began digging out the hole four
- 14 years previously had left by the hole was finished and
- 15 turned into a swimming pool. And it was quite lovely
- 16 that, as time wore on, and these young men grew up, some
- of them would come back with their family to visit the
- 18 school and let their kids have a swim in the pool, which
- is something we were always able to accommodate.
- I know there are concerns about the memories folks
- 21 have of being in the school but -- having been at the
- 22 school 'cos of some of their experiences, but there are
- other children, I hope a great many others, who
- 24 benefited tremendously from being there and were quite
- 25 happy to come back wi' their wife and kids and show them

- 1 where they'd been educated.
- 2 Q. Just to finish off about the pool. You say that it took
- 3 60 months to build altogether and then at the end it was
- 4 valued at £250,000?
- 5 A. Yes, the social services group work valuers were up
- 6 quite quickly then. They hadn't put much into it, but
- 7 they certainly claimed it as an asset thereafter.
- 8 Q. Just moving on, 'Iain', in your statement, to where you
- 9 talk about children and how they came to be at Oakbank.
- 10 That's not something that you were involved in, these
- 11 decisions as to who got to come to Oakbank, is that
- 12 right?
- 13 A. No, I wasn't part of the admissions team, no.
- 14 Q. One point that you do make is that not all applications
- for a child to come to Oakbank were successful?
- 16 A. That's true.
- 17 Q. If we go on to paragraph 48, you say when you started,
- 18 you could roughly split the pupils that came into
- 19 Oakbank into broad categories, and you set out what you
- 20 saw them as being.
- 21 There was the children who were willing to engage
- 22 with the school and benefit from the service that was
- 23 provided. That was one category?
- 24 A. Correct, yes.
- 25 Q. Then there were those children who were more difficult

- 1 to engage with, but who could benefit from the service
- 2 once they became engaged, another category?
- 3 A. Yeah.
- 4 Q. Finally, there were those children who were very
- 5 reluctant to become engaged in the school and saw their
- 6 placement at Oakbank as a punishment rather than
- 7 a chance to restart or reset things in their lives?
- 8 A. That's exactly correct. Whilst there were three
- 9 categories, I'm not saying it was a third, a third and
- 10 third. It was a very fluid population. Therefore just
- 11 because a resistant child left, didn't mean you had
- 12 a resistant replacement, hopefully you got a more
- 13 compliant one, to be perfectly honest with you.
- 14 Q. Children could become one or at different times they
- 15 could move through these different categories that you
- 16 have mentioned. They could start off as being
- 17 reluctant, but then be people who were willing to engage
- 18 as time went on.
- 19 A. Oh yes.
- 20 Q. Did you see that?
- 21 A. That would be a victory for both, because it would be
- 22 a victory for the teaching team to have persuaded him,
- but, more importantly, for the young person to have
- 24 realised that there was an opportunity and a change of
- 25 mindset could be beneficial and that did happen, but,

- er, on a lesser rate than the other two groups.
- 2 Q. You tell us about the daily routine and how Oakbank was
- 3 set up, but I'm not going to go through all of that. We
- 4 have heard quite a lot of evidence about it, but there
- 5 were units and there were dormitories, is that right,
- 6 where children slept?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. You have described them as being subdivided into
- 9 cubicles in the dormitories, where there were areas
- 10 partitioned off?
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. Were these partitions that didn't go all the way to the
- 13 ceiling?
- 14 A. No, no, they were eight-feet tall.
- 15 Q. You tell us a bit more about the set-up -- excuse me --
- in the following paragraphs. (Coughs)
- I do apologise.
- 18 'Iain', you go on to talk about -- (Coughs)
- 19 Apologies, ma'am. It might be that I need a short
- 20 break.
- 21 LADY SMITH: Five minutes. We'll take a five-minute break.
- 22 (12.18 pm)
- 23 (A short break)
- 24 (12.20 pm)
- 25 LADY SMITH: Ms Forbes, hopefully you are good to carry on?

- 1 MS FORBES: Yes, hopefully.
- 2 Apologies for that, 'Iain'.
- 3 A. No need.
- 4 Q. We reached a part of your statement where you're talking
- 5 about the layout and how things changed in Oakbank
- 6 during your time there. You tell us about a shower room
- 7 that had showers on three sides. Were these open
- 8 showers or did they have a curtain of some kind?
- 9 A. Open showers.
- 10 Q. You say there were also two individual showers. Were
- 11 they ones that --
- 12 A. They just adjoined onto the main block of showers.
- 13 Q. I think you say on completion of the swimming pool
- 14 project, a modern toilet block was constructed. This is
- 15 at paragraph 55. Now, I don't know if that just related
- 16 to toilets or if it also related to showers?
- 17 A. No, no, the showers were a terrazzo finish, it's
- 18 a synthetic marble, they were actually very, very good
- 19 for what they were, but the adjoining toilet block was
- Dickensian, pre-medieval. It was appalling and once the
- 21 swimming pool project was finished, that was completely
- 22 reconstructed.
- 23 Q. The improvements were made to the toilets but not the
- 24 shower areas?
- 25 A. No, the showers maintained as they were.

- 1 Q. At paragraph 56, you tell us about this routine that the
- 2 boys had at nighttime, and they would put their clothes
- 3 into bins to be washed, and then they would fold up
- jeans and clothes and hand them to the clothing store.
- 5 You say that clothing was placed into a doocot, is that
- 6 how you say it?
- 7 A. Doocot, dovecote.
- 8 Q. Or a pigeonhole?
- 9 A. Yeah.
- 10 Q. With their shoes in the compartment below.
- In return, the boys received their pyjamas and
- 12 slippers, would that be from the doocot?
- 13 A. From the same doocot, yes.
- 14 Q. They then went for their nighttime shower and wash. The
- 15 doocot or pigeonholes that the boys had, did they have
- 16 numbers assigned to them?
- 17 A. That was all they had. It was impractical to put
- 18 nameplates on them, they were 10 inches wide, foot tall.
- 19 At the time they had stuff in there and there was just
- 20 18mm, three-quarter plywood or block board panelling.
- 21 There was no room to put anything on 'em. It was very
- 22 utilitarian, very functional.
- 23 Q. A boy, for example, when arriving at Oakbank, would be
- 24 told what their number was for their doocot, their
- 25 pigeonhole?

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. I think you say, 'Iain', there was supervision in the
- 3 shower area by staff, is that right?
- 4 A. Yes, it was quite impersonal. The member of staff got
- 5 a dozen boys in, turned the valve on, they got wet,
- 6 turned the valve off, they soaped up, turned the valve
- 7 back on again, they rinsed, dried themselves off and
- 8 then moved out. It was not a pleasant experience for
- 9 anyone.
- 10 LADY SMITH: 'Iain', this matter of numbers, when a boy
- 11 arrived, was he given a number that was the number
- 12 relating to him for everything or were you talking about
- 13 a number for the pigeonhole?
- 14 A. No, it related to everything. It would be on his smoke
- 15 tin, it would be on his clothing, it would be on his
- 16 doocot.
- 17 LADY SMITH: It wasn't unusual in boarding school
- 18 circumstances for a boy to have a number that was his
- 19 unique number.
- 20 A. It was absolutely the case. Though it's worth pointing
- 21 out that in the classrooms, they were never referred to
- 22 by their number. We made a point of not knowing the
- 23 boys' numbers. The boys were people in the classrooms.
- 24 LADY SMITH: I get that, and I wasn't thinking about that.
- 25 I was just wanting to confirm, say I was number 23 in

- the school, my pigeonhole would have number 23 on it.
- 2 It wouldn't have a different number?
- 3 A. No, no, it was the number in the school roll.
- 4 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 5 A. Thank you.
- 6 MS FORBES: You go on to tell us a little bit more about the
- 7 facilities. There was a TV room and a snooker room as
- 8 well as a gymnasium and outside sports facilities, such
- 9 as five-a-side football pitches, a basketball court and
- 10 a full-size football pitch, is that right?
- 11 A. That's correct, yes.
- 12 Q. You tell us at weekends, most boys got home leave. This
- is at paragraph 62, whilst others had to stay for
- 14 different reasons. You then go on to say some of the
- 15 reasons. I think, first of all, you say some parents
- 16 didn't want them home?
- 17 A. That's correct.
- 18 Q. You say others weren't allowed home leave due to
- 19 misdemeanours?
- 20 A. What I should have said there was they had not earned
- 21 leave. It should always be a positive spin, that the
- 22 incentive is: perform well in the school and earn your
- 23 weekend leave. Though the misdemeanours could have been
- 24 conducted when they were on leave themselves and as
- 25 a result, there was a sanction.

- 1 Q. So when you were there, during your time there at
- 2 Oakbank, there was a situation where boys would not be
- 3 allowed home at the weekend because they had misbehaved
- 4 and that was being denied to them?
- 5 A. That would be a sanction for misbehaviour in the school.
- 6 Q. As you have said, it could also be for something that
- 7 happened outside, for example, whilst they were on leave
- 8 --
- 9 A. Yes.
- 10 Q. -- if they didn't come back on time?
- 11 A. Failure to return or committing offences of some sort,
- 12 misbehaving. Not being compliant with the parents'
- 13 requests, because a lot of the children we had were
- 14 outwith parental control and one of the
- 15 targets/objectives of giving them weekend leave was to
- 16 go home and be compliant with their parents' wishes or
- 17 to work as a family unit.
- 18 Q. During your time at Oakbank, 'Iain', in relation to home
- 19 leave being denied due to misdemeanours and the like,
- 20 did that change? Was there a move away from that being
- 21 used as a sanction or not?
- 22 A. Not that I'm aware of.
- 23 Q. During your period there, that was something that would
- happen on occasion to boys?
- 25 A. Yeah.

- 1 Q. When they first arrived at Oakbank, what was the status
- 2 quo in relation to home leave initially? Would it be
- 3 that you got it or did you have to work your way towards
- 4 getting it?
- 5 A. To the best of my recollection, when a boy was admitted,
- 6 I think two, three, possibly even four weeks, when they
- 7 had to settle into the school first, before they then
- 8 went on leave. But that's not to say that special
- 9 arrangements could not be made as part of an admissions
- 10 programme. I'm not completely 100 per cent certain on
- 11 that. I'm aware of the fact there was a settling-in
- 12 period. You didn't come in in the course of the week
- 13 and go home that weekend. There was definitely
- 14 a settling-in period.
- 15 It was for two reasons, (a) to help the child settle
- in and (b) let the parents get used to the idea that the
- 17 child was not at home and they had to make adjustments
- 18 to that.
- 19 Q. In relation to denial of home leave, were you ever
- 20 involved in making that decision, that a child wouldn't
- get home for the weekend?
- 22 A. No.
- 23 Q. Who would make that decision?
- 24 A. The care team, the care staff, who looked after the
- 25 child. Behaviour in classrooms or misbehaviour or

- 1 lack -- misbehaviour in the classrooms, that could be
- 2 a cause or a contributory cause of denial of leave 'cos
- 3 they hadn't learned -- pardon me -- earned it as part of
- 4 their individual programme that they were working to.
- 5 Because where children had difficulties, as you say,
- 6 reluctant to come to school or to participate, targets
- 7 were then set for them as incentives to encourage them
- 8 to join in, to participate. And the trick was trying to
- 9 get the children to understand that they're -- they were
- in control of their future, it's a very abstract way of
- 11 describing it, but the more they learned to co-operate
- 12 with the system and show the benefit of what was being
- 13 provided for them and engage with it, the better it
- 14 would be for them.
- 15 Q. From what you're saying then, 'Iain', were educational
- 16 targets a reason for children not being able to go home?
- 17 A. In terms of educational achievement, ie becoming better
- 18 at numeracy and literacy, no, that was never a factor.
- 19 It was behavioural aspects and the fact that the
- 20 individual child went with the timetable. There was no
- 21 reluctance to go to different places.
- 22 If there was a legitimate reason, that was okay. It
- 23 was getting the children engaged in the education
- 24 programme, the fact that they did not improve their
- 25 level of literacy or numeracy was never a factor.

- 1 Educational attainment, never.
- 2 Q. Educational attainment wasn't one of the factors, but,
- 3 from what you're saying, 'Iain', was attendance at
- 4 education one of the factors?
- 5 A. Attendance and engagement, yes.
- 6 Q. You go on to tell us about some of the other things that
- 7 the children did at the school, you talk about an annual
- 8 show, and there was also a cottage beyond Banchory that
- 9 the staff and boys could spend time at doing outward
- 10 bound activities?
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. Did you get involved in that?
- 13 A. Oh, yes, aye.
- 14 Q. Is that something you enjoyed?
- 15 A. Oh, yes, I was younger and fitter then.
- 16 Q. You also say you went on west coast adventures on the
- 17 islands as well?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. It was adventure training centre there run by
- 20 an ex-commando and there was abseiling, rock climbing,
- 21 confidence and team building and water-based activities?
- 22 A. Yeah.
- 23 Q. There was also some pupils who were doing
- 24 Duke of Edinburgh Award as well?
- 25 A. Yes, went to Austria to do their expedition section.

- 1 There was an arrangement wi' the Duke of Edinburgh Award
- 2 people with the British Army. If you got out to Austria
- 3 -- I didn't realise we had troops there, but we did,
- I knew we had them in Germany, and they would host us.
- 5 They would make the arrangements to have the boys over
- 6 there, which was good.
- 7 Q. The picture, 'Iain', that you're painting in this part
- 8 of your statement, that there were opportunities for
- 9 young people to undertake outside of Oakbank?
- 10 A. Yes, definitely. What I haven't mentioned --
- 11 Q. Sorry, 'Iain'?
- 12 A. Just -- it's come to me just now, you wouldn't think it
- now, but you used to get a lot of snow in those days and
- 14 there was skiing and, erm, skiing in the north of
- 15 Scotland, and there was a storeroom, every boy had
- 16 a pair of salopettes, a pair of skis and they could go
- 17 up to -- I can't remember the name of the slope we went
- 18 to and the guys got that as well.
- 19 That was one of the things -- when I was saying
- 20 about going home and being posh, was -- you go home wi'
- 21 salopettes, tell folk you have salopettes and skis and
- 22 they're living in a scheme in a lesser part of some of
- 23 the major conurbations, that was one of the
- 24 differentials.
- 25 Q. Some of these things, they're exposing these young

- 1 people to activities they would never have been given
- 2 the opportunity to?
- 3 A. Absolutely, compensatory experiences, because widening
- 4 their horizons was part of the game plan.
- 5 LADY SMITH: I suppose you weren't too far from places like
- 6 Glenshee, The Lecht?
- 7 A. The Lecht.
- 8 LADY SMITH: Aviemore.
- 9 The Lecht is the one that would be the nearest?
- 10 A. Yes, The Lecht.
- 11 LADY SMITH: And also Aviemore, a bit further.
- 12 A. They enjoyed it tremendously.
- 13 MS FORBES: You do mention though a figure about absconding,
- 14 this is at paragraph 66, and you say, 'I think there
- 15 were about 1,500 incidents of absconding during
- 16 HMY SNR ?
- 17 A. Yeah.
- 18 Q. Is that a figure that had been bandied about that you
- 19 recall? Was that a figure that had been mentioned that
- 20 you recall it?
- 21 A. I recall the figure. There was a brand new book. SNR
- 22 SNR didn't like the way we recorded it previously and
- got a new book, so 0001 at the front and they just kept
- 24 going on and on and I think there was a couple of
- 25 volumes by the time we were finished.

- 1 Q. You say that was during HMY time that the
- 2 book --
- 3 A. He was SNR at that point, yes.
- 4 Q. You talk a little bit about absconding and you make the
- 5 point when does a child become an absconder, and you say
- 6 it was a very fine judgment as to when you would report
- 7 them missing rather than to give them a chance to come
- 8 back, if they'd just changed their mind, or gone away
- 9 for a little bit of thought?
- 10 A. It was a judgment call, because, as you can imagine, the
- number of 1,500 over a few years, that's a heck of a lot
- of kids and these are the ones we did report.
- 13 A number of kids would blow up hot and cold or
- 14 whatever it is and just need time out and, whilst
- 15 they're not encouraged to do it, it depended on the
- 16 relationship you had with the child. A new child coming
- in and running away, that was an automatic: they've got
- 18 to be found. But as you got to know people, the way
- 19 they worked, and what had happened, what were the
- 20 antecedents, what had contributed to it, you could have
- 21 a lot more -- the practice was to have a lot more
- 22 latitude, I'm sure if it was a policy, you wouldn't
- 23 write it down that way, but you had to be commonsensical
- 24 about it, because if a child was reported as
- an absconder, he automatically lost their leave, lost

- 1 his or her leave, and you were anxious not to do that
- 2 for an impulsive act, a moment of impulsive action.
- 3 Q. You make the point that, given Oakbank's location, some
- 4 of these children lived quite far away, so it was quite
- 5 a trek to get back to where they were from?
- 6 A. Yes, indeed.
- 7 Q. But some of them, I think you say, got a fair distance?
- 8 A. Absolutely. They got to know the layout of the city.
- 9 If you know Aberdeen at all, all roads led out the
- 10 Bridge of Dee road at the south end of the town, unless
- 11 you go round the harbour route, but that's starting to
- get a bit complicated. And, er, generally speaking, you
- 13 could find them there, but any way they turned,
- 14 basically they never left much of the district. They
- 15 wandered around Mid Stocket, down to Rosemount or back.
- 16 Thing is, they knew the bus routes, because part of the
- 17 training for leaving was to get the kids able to travel
- 18 themselves.
- 19 We used to take them up and down in a coach,
- 20 a 41-seater coach, up and down the coast, but as part of
- 21 the training for leaving the school, to be more
- 22 independent, so you got the bus down from the school to
- 23 the railway station or the bus station, then down the
- 24 road. They soon knew the geography.
- 25 Q. You then go on to summarise your time at Oakbank. There

- was the time when you started as a technical teacher,
- that was between 1978 and 1984.
- 3 A. Yeah.
- 4 Q. You tell us about the induction, really, that you had
- 5 into Oakbank at that time, which I think, from what you
- 6 say, was just a case of you just getting on with it?
- 7 A. I was deemed to be suitable when I was appointed and
- 8 probably they thought I would fit in, and I was
- 9 fortunate I did.
- 10 Q. You say that at paragraph 74 you were told it was okay
- 11 to just go in and tell a boy not to do that or tell them
- 12 to behave yourself and away you go:
- 13 '... but if the tariff was going up, I was to get
- 14 somebody else to come and help me.'
- 15 If the situation was escalating then you would have
- 16 to get someone else, otherwise you could deal with it
- 17 yourself?
- 18 A. Yeah. No different from a mainstream school. If
- 19 a couple of kids were scrapping, you could get in
- 20 between them and push them apart, if you needed to hug
- 21 someone and turn them round, just very low key,
- 22 informal.
- 23 Q. You have mentioned there, 'Iain', hugging them --
- 24 hugging a child. I think you talk about restraint
- 25 training at 75 and say:

- 1 'There was no formal restraint training, but
- 2 Mr EJP explained the restraint method that you were
- 3 to use if you couldn't get anyone else to help and you
- 4 had to deal with the situation yourself.'
- 5 You say:
- 6 'That restraint method was like a rugby smother
- 7 tackle from behind.'
- 8 A. Forgive me, my parlance is rugby. I speak rugby, but
- 9 essentially enclose the kid, restrict their arm
- 10 movement, and then try to move them aside, away from
- 11 whatever was the problem.
- 12 Q. So you are indicating two arms wrapped around the child?
- 13 A. Across the chest, yeah.
- 14 Q. Would that be from behind --
- 15 A. From the front -- I beg your pardon, from behind.
- 16 Q. You indicate then you would try to move them away?
- 17 A. Yeah.
- 18 Q. Standing up?
- 19 A. Oh, yes. You just walk them -- shuffle, walk, however
- 20 you want to describe it, depending on how co-operative
- 21 they was. Some were quite relieved to be relieved from
- 22 the situation they were in. Others were less so.
- 23 Q. Was there ever instances where restraint involved having
- 24 to take a young person to the ground?
- 25 A. Yes.

- 1 Q. What would those occasions be?
- 2 A. If the young person chose not to comply with being --
- 3 you have them securely held, 'Let's calm down, let's go
- for a walk', et cetera, et cetera, putting hands on is
- 5 the absolute last thing you want to do. It's unpleasant
- for the child, it's unpleasant for you as an individual
- 7 to have to do it.
- 8 The idea is you get them securely held in a comfort
- 9 hold without damaging them and move them out of the way.
- 10 If they struggled and resisted, invariably there would
- 11 be a high likelihood of falling down, because they were
- 12 -- they weren't very polite when these situations were
- going on and young men, early teens, adrenaline, once
- 14 they get quite excited or agitated, it can become a very
- 15 difficult issue to maintain. And the key thing at all
- 16 times is try not to damage either the child or yourself.
- 17 Invariably, if it went to ground, the idea was to
- 18 hold them firmly there. By that time you were no longer
- 19 hugging them, you would release yourself and have hands
- on their back, shoulders, and hopefully that would work.
- 21 They may have struggled, be kicking legs, goodness knows
- 22 what else. So you are then spreading yourself across
- 23 the torso trying to get the child to remain still, calm
- and settle down. And dependent on the circumstances,
- 25 the child himself could be quite upset or agitated by

- 1 that time and quite difficult to control.
- Other children around could do one of two things.
- 3 They could be very quiet and try and calm things down,
- 4 or they could wind things up big time and these were the
- 5 circumstances that you were working in.
- 6 Q. 'Iain', when you are indicating that they would be on
- 7 the ground, does that mean they were face down?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. We've heard reference to prone restraints. Would that
- 10 accord with that, it would be prone, face down on the
- 11 ground?
- 12 A. That's the term, yeah.
- 13 Q. You are indicating then that you would be using your
- 14 body weight across their body?
- 15 A. Yeah.
- 16 Q. From their back and to the rest of their body or was it
- just on particular parts?
- 18 A. Shoulders and basically lower back, buttocks, try to
- immobilise them in that way until they can calm down,
- 20 until order is restored.
- 21 Q. At that point, would other members of staff become
- 22 involved?
- 23 A. Hopefully, yes, depending on where the incident had
- 24 taken place.
- 25 Q. This is you having to carry this out without any

- 1 particular formal restraint training, this is the
- 2 technique you would use?
- 3 A. Other than as was demonstrated to me by my team leader
- 4 at the time when I went to the school. Yeah, no. Up
- 5 until then there was no -- the only formal training
- about restraint methodology came in after HMY was
- 7 SNR
- 8 Q. That was after HMY left, did you say?
- 9 A. No, after left and HMY became
- . I beg your pardon, apologies for lack of
- 11 clarity.
- 12 Q. That's my fault, sorry.
- 13 So when HMY became SNR , there was
- 14 some formal training?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. What form did that take?
- 17 A. Gosh, essentially the same CALM approach, but it was to
- 18 be done as a team affair. A second and third member of
- 19 staff there. One of the things that was difficult for
- 20 the child was, whilst you're restraining him and trying
- 21 to calm him down, you're the guy who's really annoying
- 22 the living daylights out o' him by doing what you're
- 23 doing and he's not really interested in listening to
- 24 you. So you then became a quiet member of the team,
- 25 a second member of staff came in and applied -- and

- 1 attempted to reason with the child to have a calming
- 2 influence. Almost a negotiator-type situation.
- 3 And there was preferably a third member of staff
- 4 there to take notes. I mean, it became quite a complex
- 5 issue and it would be quite difficult to do when it
- first started, because of the lack of -- the shortage of
- 7 staff numbers, but as the staff teams grew and
- 8 an awareness of the likelihood of these situations
- 9 arising, there was more effort, more thought, more
- 10 resources put into addressing the issue.
- 11 Q. You make the point, 'Iain', at paragraph 75 that before
- 12 any restraint happened, you would try to deescalate the
- 13 situation?
- 14 A. Absolutely.
- 15 Q. To try and avoid a restraint becoming necessary?
- 16 A. You would attempt to talk the situation down in the
- 17 style of a negotiator, to -- depending on whether there
- were protagonists, if it was a one on one, you would
- 19 just simply attempt to persuade that individual to
- 20 withdraw from the conflict -- from the situation that
- 21 had started. I know it sounds silly, but get them away
- from the scenario where the incident took place, get
- 23 them to another place where they could relax and
- 24 hopefully become more compliant.
- 25 Q. You have mentioned the term CALM, was that the training

- 1 that you received at the point later on when it came in?
- 2 A. Yes, yes.
- 3 Q. Was that delivered to you at Oakbank or did you have to
- 4 go somewhere else to take that?
- 5 A. No, a contractor, an expert came in and conducted the
- 6 training in the school.
- 7 Q. At that point, though, would you have been in Oakbank
- 8 for quite a period of time, by the time that came in?
- 9 A. Oh, yes, that was after I was SNR , so HMY
- 10 time.
- 11 Q. I think you say that this was a practice that you
- described at paragraph 75, not a policy, and you never
- 13 saw anything written down. Are you talking about the
- 14 time before that training came into play?
- 15 A. Sorry, I'm not quite sure where --
- 16 Q. I think at paragraph 75, 'Iain', you have described
- 17 a situation when there was no formal restraint training.
- 18 I think this might have been in the early days?
- 19 A. Yes, that paragraph then applies to that time, yes.
- 20 Q. But at that time there wasn't any policies written down,
- 21 it was just a practice that you became aware of?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. By watching other people?
- 24 A. That's right. A practice I assimilated, for want of
- 25 a better way of putting it.

- 1 Q. You go on, 'Iain', just to say during that time, your
- 2 first period as a technical teacher, that when you first
- 3 arrived, it was quite poorly equipped, but you were
- able, at some point, to get new machinery, this is at
- 5 paragraph 80, and to get the place up and running and
- 6 you saw that as being great and the pupils were really
- 7 keen to get on board with you.
- 8 Was that the position when you first arrived at
- 9 Oakbank, you had poor facilities for you?
- 10 A. The machinery was obsolete, getting spare parts was next
- 11 to impossible, and the range of hand tools on offer was
- 12 limited as well. So in order to provide a proper
- 13 technical education, it was necessary for upgrading.
- 14 I had made that clear to the board prior to my
- 15 appointment, because obviously I had a chance to visit
- 16 the school and see what was available.
- 17 The building itself was a very -- remember I went
- there in 1978, so it was a '60s/'70s modern building,
- 19 metal-frame windows and all the rest. But as a space,
- 20 it was an excellent space.
- 21 Q. You say that there was a requirement at one time for you
- 22 to have to work at nights or weekends, but that later,
- 23 I think for new recruits, that later changed, is that
- 24 right and it became optional?
- 25 A. Part of my contractual obligation was to do one evening

- 1 a week and one weekend in four of residential duty.
- 2 Q. You say, 'Iain', that you became a senior assistant in
- 3 1984 to 1985. That meant you were supporting the
- 4 workshops and then that led to you trying to set up the
- 5 SCOTVEC courses?
- 6 A. That's correct, yes.
- 7 Q. That was something that you took on and was something
- 8 that you pushed through; is that right?
- 9 A. That's correct, yes.
- 10 Q. There would be SCOTVEC courses in joinery, building,
- 11 painting and decorating, and health and safety?
- 12 A. Yeah.
- 13 Q. Thereafter, 'Iain', you tell us about this period as
- and that's the position you took up in 1985
- and you remained in that position until you left?
- 16 A. That's correct, ma'am.
- 17 Q. You say at paragraph 92 that you had the autonomy to
- develop the education provision, as long as it was in
- 19 accordance with what HMY wanted?
- 20 A. Yeah.
- 21 Q. Actually, perhaps -- is this maybe the time when you
- 22 developed the SCOTVEC programme, I maybe got that wrong?
- 23 A. No, no, I started it earlier, but with less authority as
- 24 a -- as SNR , you've got a lot more authority
- 25 to take something forward and the instruction team, they

- were very, very skilled tradesmen, but they were not
- 2 particularly skilled at committing to paper what was
- 3 wanted and education is a silly sausage at times. What
- 4 it wants as part of an education programme doesn't
- 5 necessarily accord with how tradesmen would carry out
- 6 that particular action -- procedure.
- 7 So there was a -- reluctance sounds a terrible way
- 8 to describe it, but there was a lack of enthusiasm for
- 9 getting them involved in long-winded statements to say
- 10 that a boy could pick up a piece of timber, measure it,
- 11 mark it out, cut it and do what he's told.
- 12 I've described it to you there in five seconds. By the
- 13 time you write out a narrative to that effect, that's
- 14 good time wasted when a tradesman could be doing
- 15 something and it was changing that mentality what was
- 16 the name of the game, for want of a better phrase.
- 17 And there was -- my early efforts were
- 18 enthusiastically welcomed by some and not so by others,
- 19 but by the time it became official policy, particularly
- 20 after HMI had been in and given me an endorsement of (a)
- 21 what I was doing and (b) the way ahead -- pointing the
- 22 way ahead, that was just -- that was the green light to
- 23 go for it.
- 24 Q. You say, 'Iain', there was a move then at a particular
- 25 time towards proper qualifications, both on the workshop

- 1 side of it and in the mainstream educational subjects as
- 2 well, so there was a movement towards getting official
- 3 qualifications?
- 4 A. Yes, the inspectors were very good and they understood
- 5 the historical base from which Oakbank had come as part
- of the List D system. By the change of circumstance, we
- 7 were now a conventional school and they thought that we
- 8 were underachieving with the children's potential and
- 9 that we should progress it. And the big change that had
- 10 happened in mainstream education was the fact that the
- 11 old O-Grades you passed or failed, that was it, yes or
- 12 no. Standard grades came into being and to start off
- 13 with, they had A, Bs or Cs, which were all passes. They
- 14 then developed and extended the scale to have D and E,
- one was a near miss, E is a no so near miss, and F is
- 16 were you really there? And there was no reason for us
- any more to say, 'Don't educate these children or
- 18 attempt to do it to a national standard'. And
- 19 surprisingly, a great many of them got Bs and Cs,
- 20 because once their confidence was up -- they didn't get
- 21 it in all the subjects, but a couple of Bs, a C and a D
- or an E, that's a wee portfolio that you could take
- 23 forward to a potential employer and that was -- the name
- of the game was to get that -- get the structure in
- 25 place and get the momentum going and get the children to

- 1 buy into it and to see that it wasn't difficult.
- Because where they had come from, they were experts at
- 3 failing, that they knew exactly how to tell a mainstream
- 4 school where to go and where to get off, whereas we had
- 5 a more sympathetic approach to them, understanding what
- 6 had gone wrong and get them engaged by hook or by crook.
- 7 Q. Because I think what we've heard in evidence, 'Iain', is
- 8 that some of these children were in Oakbank because they
- 9 weren't going to school, and the irony was that
- 10 sometimes, if they're put into a residential place, they
- 11 didn't actually receive the proper schooling or left
- 12 with no qualifications that they could use later in
- 13 life.
- 14 A. That was what I meant by saying the inspectors thought
- 15 we were not achieving the children's best potential.
- 16 That was acknowledged.
- 17 Initially, the criteria for success for children at
- 18 Oakbank was that they left school and were able to take
- 19 their place in the world without us at the school ever
- 20 hearing from them again.
- 21 That meant -- well, the quotation we used at the
- 22 time was that we didn't -- the only reason we heard
- 23 about children was if they had subsequently got into
- 24 trouble and social inquiry reports were necessary or
- 25 there were court reports were required or if any one of

- them won the Nobel Peace Prize. Well, we never got any
- Nobel Peace Prize winners, but we got the court ones.
- 3 So the idea was if we could eliminate all three, the
- 4 children could go out and cope in the world.
- Now, that was seen as success at the time, preparing
- 6 them for leaving the school and being -- fitting back
- 7 into society, but post the changes I have described, the
- 8 idea was to take that as a starting point and then give
- 9 them a building block to build upon on top of that.
- 10 Q. 'Iain', you go on to tell us that as well as those
- 11 educational changes, there were female staff coming in,
- 12 there were female pupils coming into the school, and you
- 13 set that out in your statement. I'm not going to go
- 14 through that with you in detail. We have it there and
- 15 it's very useful, but things have changed and you
- 16 explain how things progressed during your time at
- 17 Oakbank in your statement?
- 18 A. It was a very male-orientated institution when I got
- 19 there and the idea was definitely to change that
- 20 culture. Yes, make it a more realistic representation
- 21 of society.
- 22 Q. You also set out, 'Iain', this going forward in your
- 23 statement, to paragraphs 163 and onwards, you are
- 24 talking about three sort of major refurbishments and you
- 25 set out the changes to the school, lounge accommodation

- in the house units, the dormitory cubicles being
- 2 replaced with twin-bedded rooms, and the toilet block
- 3 that we mentioned earlier being improved.
- 4 That's down to paragraph 168 now when we get to the
- 5 toilet block, but certainly there were a lot of changes
- 6 to the structure of Oakbank during your time there,
- 7 a lot of improvements?
- 8 A. Absolutely, and the toilet block you've referred to was
- 9 not the old shower room which we refurbished, it was
- 10 actually a brand new facility in the centre of the
- 11 school, which was good because it stopped the fly
- 12 smokers, that's to allude to an earlier point, but in
- 13 the centre of the building and it was modern, it was
- 14 unisex, it was a complete departure from what had been
- 15 there hitherto.
- 16 Q. We did touch on this earlier, 'Iain', but at
- 17 paragraph 181, you are talking about restraint again and
- 18 you're saying that the only type of restraint you were
- 19 encouraged to use and that you used was the smother
- 20 tackle, and that's the one you have described to us?
- 21 A. Yeah.
- 22 Q. That is something that when it happened, had to be
- 23 recorded, and you say that sometimes though, if it
- 24 didn't progress beyond the initial hug, telling them not
- 25 to be daft, that rarely got recorded, but mostly it

- 1 would be recorded?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Now, I'm not going through the child protection
- 4 arrangements that you talk about. We have that there
- 5 and again, in relation to complaints and concerns we
- 6 have that, but ultimately you never had a child come to
- 7 you and make a disclosure and you don't recall any staff
- 8 member coming to you with any disclosure they'd
- 9 received?
- 10 A. Absolutely not.
- 11 Q. In relation to abuse, you do mention a situation about
- 12 an individual, this is at paragraph 201, who was
- 13 convicted of child abuse from when he worked at
- 14 a different home, prior to coming to Oakbank, and that
- 15 he was somebody who was sacked when that was discovered?
- 16 A. No, he wasn't sacked. He had left prior to that. He
- 17 had taken up a post with Grampian Regional Council as
- 18 a social worker.
- 19 Q. Apologies.
- 20 A. He had completed his CQSW training with Oakbank and was
- 21 contractually obliged to spend four years there
- 22 thereafter repaying and he left after that.
- 23 Then we subsequently heard he had committed -- he
- 24 was convicted for something that happened prior to his
- 25 arrival at Oakbank.

- 1 Q. That didn't come to light during his time at Oakbank?
- 2 A. No, there was never a hint of it.
- 3 Q. In relation to investigations into abuse, this is at 211
- 4 onwards, I think you say there was an incident when you
- 5 first became SNR that resulted in an allegation
- of assault being made against you by a pupil, and that
- 7 was something that was then investigated by the police
- 8 and you were arrested and charged in relation to that
- 9 and a report was submitted to the Procurator Fiscal, but
- 10 after a number of weeks, you were told, I think the
- 11 phrase was 'no case to answer'. That was in relation to
- 12 a letter from the Procurator Fiscal; is that right?
- 13 A. That's correct, yes.
- 14 Q. During that period, you continued to work in your role
- 15 as SNR at that time --
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. -- and you had been told by SNR that he had full
- 18 confidence in you and you were just to carry on during
- 19 that time?
- 20 A. That's correct.
- 21 Q. You do mention an investigation at Oakbank after you
- 22 left and had been appointed SNR and
- 23 that related to a PE teacher, you say, and that ended up
- in a dismissal that was overturned and some compensation
- 25 being paid by the school?

- 1 A. As I understand it, yes.
- 2 Q. You then go on to talk about some of the other staff
- 3 that you recall at Oakbank. I'm not going to go through
- 4 that with you, but in particular, in relation to
- 5 Mr HMY , you talk about him from paragraph 240 and
- I think you say that you didn't believe that that was
- 7 a good appointment for the school and he didn't have the
- 8 same impact that his predecessor, had and to
- 9 Mr HMY , it was a job, and it was being done his way
- or no way. That's the way you saw him. That's
- 11 at paragraph 242, some of that has been blanked out.
- 12 LADY SMITH: It's paragraph 242.
- 13 A. No, beg your pardon? I don't -- I don't think he was
- 14 the right man at the right time. He came from
- 15 an English background, and there's nothing wrong with
- 16 that, but he came from an institution where it was
- 17 a social work institution with classes bolted on. He
- 18 didn't understand, or appear to understand, that Oakbank
- 19 was a school with residential provision and there was
- 20 a difference to it. He was very driven to ensure that
- 21 the care side, accommodation, et cetera, was improved
- 22 and that the services for the children were improved,
- 23 but he was quite difficult to convince that education,
- 24 you need to keep advancing as well, because we had the
- 25 HMI report from previously which was giving us

- 1 directives.
- I personally, I found it quite difficult to work
- 3 with him at times, but -- well, we often had to agree to
- disagree as a way forward, but he was SNR when the
- 5 bottom line -- when push came to shove.
- 6 Q. 'Iain', in relation to corporal punishment at that time
- 7 and in relation to Mr HMY, was he the person who was
- 8 to carry out corporal punishment, if it was to be
- 9 administered?
- 10 A. Corporal punishment was done away with prior to
- 11 Mr HMY appointment. It was still in the
- 12 era, to describe it that way, and I only ever saw one
- 13 incident of corporal punishment being applied and it was
- 14 a SNR , EJU was the guy who
- 15 administered the punishment.
- 16 Q. Was that with the use of a tawse?
- 17 A. Tawse, yes.
- 18 Q. Were you present when that happened?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. There were a certain number of strokes that could be
- 21 administered at that time; is that right?
- 22 A. Yeah.
- 23 Q. Was that adhered to, the incident --
- 24 A. Yes, I witnessed two boys being strapped. They each
- 25 received six strokes on the buttocks and that was it.

- 1 Q. Just thinking about Mr HMY time then, you say that
- 2 was beyond the corporal punishment point, so did you
- 3 ever see him carrying out corporal punishment?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 Q. We have heard evidence of him having a cane?
- 6 A. Wow, no.
- 7 Q. That's not something you were aware of?
- 8 A. News to me.
- 9 Q. So that's not something you heard about or saw?
- 10 A. I'm appalled to hear it now. I certainly would have
- 11 done something about it if I had know about it then, if
- 12 that was the case.
- 13 MS FORBES: My Lady, I'm conscious of the time. I don't
- 14 have too much more to go over with --
- 15 LADY SMITH: I wonder if we should just take the break at
- 16 this point.
- 'Iain', we normally stop at 1.00 pm for the lunch
- 18 break and I'm thinking we should do that now and then
- 19 resume your evidence promptly at 2 o'clock. We don't
- 20 think it will take too much longer after that.
- 21 Would that work for you?
- 22 A. It works perfectly fine. Thank you, ma'am.
- 23 LADY SMITH: Very well. We'll do that.
- 24 (1.03 pm)
- 25 (The luncheon adjournment)

- 1 (2.00 pm)
- 2 LADY SMITH: 'Iain', are you ready for us to carry on?
- 3 A. Yes, thank you, ma'am.
- 4 MS FORBES: Good afternoon, 'Iain', thanks for returning
- 5 after the break.
- 6 I just want to come to part of your statement,
- 7 'Iain', that deals with some allegations that have been
- 8 made and these are allegations that you have been told
- 9 about. This is at paragraph 266, it starts in your
- 10 statement. There's two different people that I'm going
- 11 to ask you questions about, 'Iain'.
- 12 The first person is a boy whose name we'll refer to
- as 'James', but you have been told his full name before,
- 14 and I think parts of his statement have been put to you
- in two particular parts. The first part is from
- page 14, paragraph 71 of his statement, and he says:
- 'One time I was at the hatch to collect fresh
- 18 clothing and Mr EJS was doing that job. He asked
- 19 for my number before he would issue me my clothing.
- 20 I knew my doocot was right next to where he was
- 21 standing. I was just worn out with all the abuse and
- 22 refused to give my number and asked for my clothes.
- 23 Because I was refusing [then he names you] 'Iain' and
- 24 Mr EJT came from behind and started hitting me. It was
- 25 all body blows.'

- 1 'Iain', I just want to ask you, do you recollect any
- 2 incident like this?
- 3 A. None whatsoever.
- 4 Q. This boy whose name that you've been told, 'James', do
- 5 you have any memory of him?
- 6 A. None at all.
- 7 Q. I think you say that if this incident described by
- 8 'James' has ever happened, it would certainly not have
- 9 happened as he's describing it?
- 10 A. That's absolutely correct.
- 11 Q. I think you put forward a potential hypothetical other
- 12 situation, and we can read that in the following
- 13 paragraphs, but this is not something that you recall
- 14 happening?
- 15 A. I never -- I have no record of the incident. I can
- 16 state quite unequivocally I've never struck a child in
- 17 my entire teaching career.
- 18 Q. One of the things, when you're talking about a sort of
- 19 hypothetical situation, this is at paragraph 278, you
- 20 can envisage a situation whereby 'James' is standing
- 21 naked waiting for his clothes to be handed over and how
- 22 a situation might have escalated to staff being involved
- 23 in having to restrain him, but this is all just
- 24 a hypothetical situation. You don't remember anything
- of that nature happening?

- 1 A. I have no recollection of anything like that happening
- 2 at all. I can describe the hypothesis to you, if that
- 3 would be helpful.
- 4 Q. We have it there, 'Iain', but as you fairly say, this is
- 5 just something that you're trying to explain a situation
- 6 that might have been misinterpreted, I think, by
- 7 'James'. In your hypothesis of it, it doesn't involve
- 8 you assaulting 'James' in any way, is that right?
- 9 A. No, I may have become involved in the restraint, as
- 10 things progressed, but in terms of assaulting the boy,
- 11 absolutely not.
- 12 Q. At paragraph 281, you say the only time you've ever laid
- hands on a pupil was when you were restraining them.
- 14 You do go on to say you maybe weren't the most gentle
- 15 handed, depending on how much the pupil was resisting
- 16 and whether they were striking you, but you say you have
- 17 never laid hands on a child, either in secondary school,
- 18 Oakbank or in your subsequent career after Oakbank?
- 19 A. That's absolutely correct. In terms of the possible
- 20 being heavy handed, I explained in an earlier response
- 21 that young people can become quite -- gosh, the
- 22 adrenaline can flow and things can become quite fraught
- and it's a simple law of physics. For every action,
- there's an equal and opposite reaction, and quite
- 25 simply, to quell whatever was being perpetrated, you

- just had to apply an equal and equivalent amount of
- 2 force and that was as much as it ever was.
- 3 Q. You also say at paragraph 282 you are not aware of ever
- 4 having caused any physical injury during a restraint?
- 5 A. None at all. If an incident had occurred and an injury
- 6 had been sustained, it would have been logged --
- 7 reported and logged, and medical treatment, if
- 8 necessary, would have been applied. It would have been
- 9 recorded in both the house unit and the school log,
- 10 because in part of my hypothesis, this is a weekend
- 11 event, because ordinarily I was not in the school in the
- 12 mornings rousing children. My day started when the
- 13 school started.
- 14 Q. At paragraph 283 of this statement, another part of
- 15 'James's' statement is put to you 'Iain'. It's where he
- 16 says:
- 17 ''Iain' was SNR . If you did not
- 18 behave in class or work hard enough, he would beat you
- 19 about the body with his hands. He beat me on almost
- 20 a weekly basis. He would knee me in the back and press
- 21 his thumbs into your back.'
- 22 Again, what is your position in relation to that,
- 23 'Iain'?
- 24 A. Quite simply it never happened again as described.
- 25 However, I have not included it in my statement, I can

offer you another reason for that as well. Elsewhere in
my statement, I report the fact that there was
a shortage of care staff and support staff on the
classroom floor, and how I entered into a negotiation
with SNR to have staff on the floor to be
a support to the classrooms.

Prior to getting that, I had to undertake the classroom support role myself and, I think I quote it,
I was the highest paid child support worker in Scotland,
getting a SNR salary, and undertaking this job.

I had to do that for the better part of a year, so it meant my own managerial duties suffered as a result of that. I was replaced, as I say in my statement, by -- I got the equivalent of three full-time members of the care team working there. There was actually six members of staff working a rota, for the benefit of the argument, there were three full-time equivalent, and the restraints and interventions that 'James' alludes to in his complaint carried on being made, but by six -- up to six different people. Therefore, the frequency of being held or restrained or guided, supported, whatever level of intervention was required, was less frequent because there were six people alternating perhaps.

Whereas for a period, I was the person who was

- 1 responsible for undertaking that role. Hence his
- 2 reference to me beating him almost on a weekly basis.
- I never beat anybody, but I may have had to guide,
- 4 control, ultimately restrain on these occasions.
- 5 Q. In relation to the accusation of beating him about the
- 6 body with your hands, that's not something that you
- 7 accept, 'Iain', is that right?
- 8 A. Absolutely not, other than if he was resisting me trying
- 9 to restrain or guide or control him, there would be
- 10 certainly contact until I was able to secure the
- 11 situation.
- 12 Q. If you were involved, I think you're saying, it would be
- in relation to restraint and you explain that there was
- 14 a time when there weren't as many people available to be
- 15 able to look after or control the children, the young
- 16 people, in the classroom environment and for a time you
- 17 would have to be more involved in restraints, an earlier
- 18 time than you would later on, is that right?
- 19 A. For that period. Again, we've not discussed it, but as
- 20 List D schools were closing down, there were fewer
- 21 places for them to be educated and we alluded to the
- 22 fact that earlier, we had a three-way split of
- 23 compliant, not so compliant and resistant.
- 24 It became the case nationally that the compliant
- 25 children were accommodated elsewhere, and, for example,

- schools in our vicinity, the Dale School in Arbroath,
- Balgowan in Dundee, I think it was Falkland and Fife,
- 3 Haddington in East Lothian, they closed, but they still
- 4 had their third or group of needy kids, and so our role
- 5 swung around from being equal portions, if you want to
- 6 put it that way, to being skewed to having quite a lot
- 7 of resistant pupils and as a result, the potential for
- 8 disruption and lack of co-operation was exemplified and
- 9 that was one of the pressing reasons for needing
- 10 classroom support staff.
- 11 Now, we're talking about mid-'80s. Nowadays there
- is a profession for classroom support assistants in
- 13 mainstream education, never mind the sort of education
- 14 service that the school was dispensing.
- 15 Q. There was a time perhaps when, because of the type of
- 16 young people that were coming to Oakbank and the lack of
- 17 support staff, that there would be more restraints
- 18 perhaps required and perhaps that would fall on your
- shoulders, is that what you're explaining, 'Iain'?
- 20 A. Could I say 'interventions', because restraint is the
- 21 ultimate. Intervention was a much greater frequency,
- 22 yes.
- 23 Q. I think we talked earlier, 'Iain', about how you would
- 24 carry out a restraint and you explained that.
- 25 A. Yeah.

- 1 Q. I think one of the things you said was that you might
- 2 have to put your body weight on a child and that might
- 3 mean that your body weight would be on their back, from
- 4 the way you described it.
- Now, this person is obviously mentioning kneeing,
- 6 being kneed in the back, which is different, and thumbs
- 7 being pressed into his back, but that's not something
- 8 that you accept would have happened in a restraint that
- 9 you would have carried out?
- 10 A. Not at all. Having got the child into the prone
- 11 position, you kneel beside the child, weight on the
- 12 shoulders -- it might not be a hand, it might be a full
- 13 arm pressed down, depending on amount of resistance that
- 14 the child was demonstrating.
- 15 Q. Moving on then, 'Iain', to the other allegation that's
- 16 made, and this is by someone who is referred to as
- 17 'Stewart'. This is at paragraph 285 of your statement.
- 18 The part of 'Stewart's' statement that was put to
- 19 you is from page 22 at paragraph 129, where he states:
- 'There was another man, 'Iain', we used to call him
- 21 ...'
- 22 I think he gives a nickname for you at that time,
- 23 which was a shortened version of your surname?
- 24 A. That's correct.
- 25 Q. '... he was aggressive and in your face, he used to grip

- 1 you and clout you on the ear. That's what my mum used
- to call it. I was brought up with that, so didn't
- 3 really question it.'
- 4 That is the one thing that 'Stewart' says in his
- 5 statement that relates to you. What's your position in
- 6 relation to that, 'Iain'?
- 7 A. I would imagine it applies to the same period, whether
- 8 'James' or 'Stewart' were pupils at the same time,
- 9 I've no idea, but the frequency that he's describing to
- 10 me indicates that he would be involved in that situation
- and I think I read in his statement that he was a pupil
- 12 there three times, including a member of the day
- 13 education programme. So it's a high likelihood that he
- 14 would have been involved in that around that time though
- 15 without the details of their actual terms of residence
- 16 at Oakbank, I couldn't be specific.
- 17 But there was no question, if he got clipped on the
- 18 ear, it was in the process of effecting an intervention
- or a restraint, depending on how the thing escalated or
- 20 was de-escalated, if it would have been done
- 21 successfully.
- 22 Q. Just to clarify, 'Iain', I think when 'Stewart' gave
- 23 evidence, it was clear that he was supposed to be a day
- 24 pupil after the summer, but actually that never happened
- and he just simply came back as a residential pupil, so

- he was only ever residential and I think you're right,
- 2 there were three separate occasions.
- 3 You say that again you have never laid hands on any
- 4 child, other than to restrain them legally and
- 5 legitimately. Is that the position?
- 6 A. Absolutely.
- 7 Q. Now, you have mentioned things that could happen in the
- 8 course of a restraint. Gripping could happen,
- 9 I suppose, in the course of a restraint?
- 10 A. Absolutely.
- 11 Q. But what's described, apart from that, is a clout on the
- 12 ear. That's not something that you would accept,
- 13 'Iain', that would happen in a restraint, is it?
- 14 A. I would -- certainly would not. However, I have no idea
- 15 how -- the height of this child. I'm six foot two.
- 16 Whilst your arms are flailing, you could certainly be
- 17 struck on the ear, but in terms of deliberately going
- 18 out and clipping folk on the ear, I've never done it and
- 19 wouldn't do it.
- 20 Q. In relation to this individual, I think the position is
- 21 you don't remember him, is that right?
- 22 A. I have no recollection of either 'Stewart' or 'James'.
- 23 Q. You don't recollect or accept that this incident would
- 24 have happened, or these incidents would have happened,
- in relation to him with you?

- 1 A. They did not happen at my instigation. During the
- 2 course of an intervention or restraint, contact was
- 3 obviously made. It was minimal and it was totally
- 4 unintentional.
- 5 Q. I think you say at paragraph 288 that you are six foot
- 6 two and at that particular time you were extremely fit
- 7 and you had no need to go round clipping and holding
- 8 pupils. I suppose, apart from what you've told us,
- 9 about having to restrain on occasions?
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. Is that the position? I think you say that you had no
- 12 need to go round clipping -- I think you mean clipping
- 13 people round the ear or holding pupils back then?
- 14 A. No. I've said in my statement, my only physical contact
- 15 with children was a comforting arm round the shoulder,
- or reassuring, that was it. I'm a second row rugby
- 17 player. It was sort of, say, a natural action that you
- 18 would do that and that was part of -- I think I alluded
- 19 to earlier, about the fact of breaking down barriers
- 20 with young men who had aversion to male contact. That
- 21 was seen as a positive thing, the fact that you could do
- 22 that. But when we became co-educational, it became
- 23 entirely inappropriate and I ceased that practice at
- 24 that time.
- 25 Q. You say that you accept you did engage in restraint when

- 1 you had to and when you did, it was undertaken, the way
- you've put it at paragraph 290, 'Quickly, quietly, as
- 3 efficiently as possible and it was proportionate'?
- 4 A. Absolutely, yes, the law of physics, equal and opposite
- 5 reaction.
- 6 Q. At paragraph 291, you again talk about a situation that
- 7 might happen with adolescent boys in relation to
- 8 restraint, and that you would have to draw immense
- 9 reserves of strength to try to resist -- they would
- 10 have -- they would sometimes draw immense reserves of
- 11 strength to try and resist and fight against the
- 12 restraint and that in turn required an equivalent level
- of strength to counteract it?
- 14 A. Yeah.
- 15 Q. From your point of view, 'Iain', did you ever feel that
- 16 you went too far in relation to restraining any young
- 17 person at Oakbank?
- 18 A. No, quite the contrary. Aye.
- 19 Q. You do tell us, 'Iain', that latterly you weren't
- 20 enjoying your work at Oakbank and you began looking for
- 21 other career opportunities and then you were able to
- 22 obtain a suitable post and left in 1997?
- 23 A. That's correct.
- 24 Q. What was it that you weren't enjoying about your time at
- 25 Oakbank?

- 1 A. Well ... pardon me, give me a second, please.
- 2 The work of developing the education programme and
- 3 using SCOTVEC, the SCE, getting the instructors trained
- 4 in Glasgow and the introduction of the day boy
- 5 programme, day pupil provision was -- that was
- 6 successful and that was very enjoyable.
- What was less enjoyable was the working with the
- 8 care team and with SNR , because they -- you
- 9 would almost say that the educational achievements were
- 10 attained despite them, because it was not a focus.
- 11 I explained earlier that SNR saw the place as
- 12 a home with a school, as opposed to a school with
- 13 a home. And working within these parameters, I felt
- 14 I had gone as far as I really could in terms of taking
- 15 the thing forward. I'd made the developments that I had
- and there wasn't much -- well, there was very little
- 17 else I think I could achieve in these circumstances,
- 18 I was getting older.
- 19 LADY SMITH: You would be 49 by then, I think, is that
- 20 right?
- 21 A. Yes, yes, my Lady.
- 22 LADY SMITH: In 1997.
- 23 A. Yes, yes, aye.
- 24 MS FORBES: It sounds, from what you're saying 'Iain', that
- 25 you became frustrated with the position ultimately at

- 1 Oakbank or is that not fair?
- 2 A. Frustrated, no. I mean, I think I said earlier that
- 3 I didn't think the appointment of SNR was he was
- 4 the right man at the right time. I think I'd had my
- 5 time and there was -- I'd done as much as I could do and
- 6 it was time to start looking at other life
- 7 opportunities. And, as her Ladyship says, I was getting
- 8 older so I had to start thinking about career planning
- 9 beyond that.
- 10 Q. The subsequent role you went into, did that involve
- 11 teaching?
- 12 A. Yes.
- 13 Q. Was that in a residential school or somewhere else?
- 14 A. No, it was a day education provision centre.
- 15 Q. Did you continue doing that until you retired?
- 16 A. I stayed with the authority that I was with, but I moved
- into a different department after so many years.
- 18 Q. Thank you, 'Iain'.
- 19 You go then just finally to talk about lessons to be
- 20 learned or helping the Inquiry and you do talk about
- 21 having to have this recognition about children with
- 22 behavioural issues and what society and the local
- 23 authorities really need to be trying to do.
- 24 If we go down to 304 onwards, I think you are
- 25 talking about the Kilbrandon Report and the findings

- there and what Kilbrandon envisaged was this creation of
- 2 a single joined-up service comprising housing, education
- 3 and social work all working together, the way they put
- 4 it, as a single, cohesive, child-centred, unitary
- 5 service designed to address and focus upon the issue of
- 6 children in trouble.
- You say in a lot of detail there about that, that
- 8 that hasn't happened from your point of view and that's
- 9 something you think should still be achieved?
- 10 A. I wish it were likely to happen. I realise it's a pipe
- 11 dream, that the horse has bolted, but a great
- 12 opportunity was missed, because children with
- 13 behavioural difficulties, they're comparable with the
- 14 deaf, the dumb, the blind and the lame, but it's not
- 15 perceived that way in society, badly behaved kids are
- 16 kids who should be punished.
- 17 I quote something, I think, when I was in my -- my
- 18 period beyond Oakbank. The place I was managing, the
- 19 children there, who were same age group as at Oakbank,
- 20 but when I worked with a health visitor, we discovered,
- 21 when checking our records, that of the children of the
- 22 community -- I can't remember the exact figures, but
- 23 more than half of them from our community, who were at
- 24 my school, had been identified as preschool, as families
- 25 in need of support and families 'born to fail' was the

- 1 phrase that was popular at the time, and the early
- 2 intervention then, money invested there, not on
- 3 a short-term basis but for a long term, for
- 4 a generation, could obviate what was happening.
- 5 The example is the -- 'Stewart', the gentleman who
- 6 you referred to earlier, he has spent 30 years behind
- 7 bars, what has that -- in addition to the distress for
- 8 him, what has that cost society when you compare that
- 9 with the cost of providing a health worker to nurture
- 10 and support a mother through a difficult phase in her
- 11 life, helping her bring up her children?
- 12 It's -- I realise I'm an old man, having a rant, but
- it's -- I feel quite strongly about it.
- 14 MS FORBES: 'Iain', it's very helpful to have your insight
- into that looking back, especially given your experience
- 16 over the years.
- 17 That's all the questions I have for you today, so
- 18 thank you very much. Is there anything you want to say
- 19 that you haven't had a chance to say about anything
- 20 I've asked you about today?
- 21 A. You've been very accommodating, allowing me to go off at
- 22 tangents, thank you.
- 23 LADY SMITH: 'Iain', I wouldn't call them tangents at all,
- 24 I would call it sharing valuable thoughts and
- 25 information with us.

- 1 A. You're very kind, thank you.
- 2 LADY SMITH: Can I just check a couple of things. At
- 3 paragraph 240 of your statement, you refer to Mr HMY
- 4 and at the end of the paragraph, you say:
- 5 'He was an ex-paratrooper.'
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 LADY SMITH: I wonder if you're mistaken about that, is it
- 8 possible that actually he was in the RAF?
- 9 A. Crikey. I believe he was RAF parachute instructor.
- 10 Does that sound a way of melding the two thoughts
- 11 together?
- 12 LADY SMITH: That would fit. He was in the services for
- 13 quite a number of years earlier on in his life, I think.
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 LADY SMITH: You offer the view at paragraph 248 that his
- 16 interaction with children was poor and he didn't have
- any rapport, he was very formal with them. Do you have
- 18 any examples you could share with me that would help me
- 19 understand that a little more fully?
- 20 A. Compared to his predecessor, and it's always bad to --
- 21 LADY SMITH: I can understand that.
- 22 A. His predecessor would abandon office, and wander
- 23 round the school, unannounced, spontaneously, dropping
- in, seeing how things were going on.
- 25 Any time Mr HMY walked round the school, he had

- one or other of SNR with him, er, and it was
- 2 an event rather than a process.
- 3 His ability to relate to the kids, he was just very
- 4 stiff and very formal. I don't think he bought into the
- 5 culture. I know we're in the north-east -- we were in
- 6 north-east of Scotland, and it's Doric and Parliamo
- 7 this -- the local language, but a lot of these children
- 8 were from other parts of the country, but he didn't
- 9 have, the phrase: the common touch.
- 10 LADY SMITH: Yes, I understand what you mean.
- 11 A. Where he could relate to kids. He would never -- when
- 12 he was addressing one or engaging with one, it was
- 13 a distance apart or -- it just wasn't a natural ambience
- 14 with where he was or what he was doing.
- 15 LADY SMITH: So maybe both harder for him and harder for the
- 16 children, given what you describe as something of
- 17 a mismatch?
- 18 A. Yes, without any question of a doubt.
- 19 LADY SMITH: You tell me at paragraph 249, that when it came
- 20 to colleagues referring to each other, he didn't like to
- 21 use his Christian name, his first name to be used?
- 22 A. He was SNR . He was 'Mr HMY ' to everyone. The
- 23 SNR , SNR as we used to call
- 24 ourselves, there was LL -- there was two , and then
- 25 there was a LIQ and myself --

- 1 LADY SMITH: You used first names.
- 2 A. It was very informal. We could do formal in front of
- 3 the children where appropriate, but that was the
- 4 demeanour. But he just didn't do it, he wasn't having
- 5 it, he had his distance and that was it.
- 6 LADY SMITH: I get the impression that your idea of what
- 7 builds an effective team in these circumstances is one
- 8 that really is collaborative in which, although there
- 9 will be a leader, in essence you're working on a level
- 10 with each other, do I have that right?
- 11 A. Absolutely. If you'll forgive me for saying so, respect
- 12 can be commanded, it can't be demanded, and I think
- 13 that's as succinct as I think I should be.
- 14 LADY SMITH: On that gold nugget of wisdom, I'll stop asking
- 15 you questions.
- 16 Thank you so much, 'Iain', it's been really helpful
- 17 to hear from you and I'm glad to be able to let you go
- and have a more restful afternoon than you have had in
- 19 the early parts of today.
- 20 Safe travels home.
- 21 A. Thank you for your courtesy.
- 22 (The witness withdrew)
- 23 LADY SMITH: Before I rise so we can get organised for the
- 24 next witness, five names. Again, these are people who
- 25 are not to be identified as referred to in our evidence

- outside this room; GZG , EJU ,
- 2 LIL , Mr EJT and Mr HMY names have always
- 3 been used today so far and please don't repeat them.
- 4 Thank you.
- 5 (2.30 pm)
- 6 (A short break)
- 7 (2.36 pm)
- 8 LADY SMITH: Mr Peoples.
- 9 MR PEOPLES: My Lady, the next witness has the pseudonym
- 10 'Bryan' and this witness will, I think, require
- 11 a warning in the usual terms.
- 12 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 'Bryan' (affirmed)
- 14 LADY SMITH: 'Bryan', thank you for coming along this
- 15 afternoon to give your evidence in person to us.
- 16 I'm sorry we're a bit later starting your evidence than
- 17 we'd hoped to be. Other evidence that was running
- 18 before you took a bit longer than we expected.
- 19 A. No problem.
- 20 LADY SMITH: We are where we are and I wish it hadn't
- 21 happened, but we'll make progress as soon as we can.
- 22 There are a couple of things I want to explain to
- 23 you first.
- 24 The red folder there has your statement in it, your
- 25 written statement. Thank you for that. It's already

- evidence to the Inquiry, so we don't need to go through it in detail this afternoon. We'll focus on particular aspects we're interested in discussing with you.
- You'll have that -- when you're giving evidence -available to you, but we'll also bring up the parts that
 we're looking at on the screen. You might find that
 helpful too.

- If you have any concerns or questions as we go along, please don't hesitate to raise them with me. My mission is to make this difficult task of giving evidence, in public, about things that happened a long time ago, in ways that may stress you at times, as comfortable as I can. I know it's not going to be particularly comfortable experience or so you think. Perhaps we can prove you wrong about that. We'll try.
- Otherwise, do bear in mind that, although this is a public inquiry and not a courtroom, you have all the protections that you would have if you were in a courtroom giving evidence. That means that if you're asked any question, the answer to which could incriminate you, you don't have to answer it. It's your choice. Of course, if you do choose to answer it, I expect you to do so fully, but make your choice as you choose.
- 25 If you're in doubt as to whether we're going in that

- direction or not, just say and we'll confirm it to you.
- 2 If you don't have any questions at the moment,
- 3 I'll hand over to Mr Peoples and he'll take it from
- 4 there. Is that all right?
- 5 A. Thank you.
- 6 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 7 Mr Peoples.
- 8 Questions by Mr Peoples
- 9 MR PEOPLES: Good afternoon, 'Bryan'.
- 10 A. Good afternoon.
- 11 Q. Can I begin by giving our reference for the statement
- 12 you have provided. You don't need to worry about this,
- 13 but we'll put it into the transcript. It is
- 14 WIT-1-000001504.
- 15 That's come up on the screen, 'Bryan', but you also
- 16 have the hard copy in front of you in the red folder.
- 17 Can I ask you to open the folder and go to the final
- 18 page of your statement and can you confirm for me that
- on that page, page 43, you have in fact signed and dated
- 20 your statement?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 Q. If we could go to the second-last page, at the very
- 23 foot, paragraph 214, you say that you have no objection
- 24 to your witness statement being published as part of the
- 25 evidence to the Inquiry and you believe the facts stated

- in your witness statement are true.
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. Can I go back to the beginning of the statement,
- 5 'Bryan'. I'm going to, as her Ladyship said, take you
- 6 to some parts and other parts we have read and it's part
- 7 of your evidence to this Inquiry.
- If I don't mention something, it's not because
- 9 I necessarily think it's less important, but there are
- 10 certain things I'd like to cover with you today, if
- 11 I may.
- 12 First of all, and I don't want your date of birth,
- 13 but can you confirm for me that you were born in the
- 14 year 1948?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. You have a section beginning at paragraph 2 which is
- 17 headed 'Background', which gives some information about
- 18 your background before starting work at Oakbank.
- 19 I think we can read that for ourselves, but I'll just
- 20 take a little from that, if I may.
- 21 You obtained a diploma of education in physical
- 22 education in 1970, from what was then known as
- 23 Jordanhill College of Education, but it has since become
- 24 part of the University of Strathclyde?
- 25 A. Correct.

- 1 Q. It is now I think referred to as the faculty of
- 2 education --
- 3 A. Yeah.
- 4 Q. -- of the university?
- 5 A. Yeah.
- 6 Q. You tell us that having obtained your diploma, you
- 7 worked for four years as a physical education teacher at
- 8 Summerhill Academy in Aberdeen and then you were looking
- 9 for an opportunity and that you applied and obtained
- 10 a job at Oakbank School in October 1974?
- 11 A. Yeah.
- 12 Q. We know from other evidence about the history of
- 13 residential schools like Oakbank that Oakbank had been
- 14 historically an approved school and in 1974, it would
- 15 have become what was then known as a List D school?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. It obtained 50 per cent of its funding from central
- 18 government and the rest was derived mainly from
- 19 local authority placements?
- 20 A. A bone of contention.
- 21 Q. Yeah. I think it was a bone of contention. Don't
- 22 worry, we are aware that it caused some consternation,
- 23 but as did the attempts, I think, of government to
- 24 relinquish responsibility directly for such schools.
- 25 You probably are aware of some of the history of that --

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. -- which I'm not going to go into with you today, but
- 3 you can take it we have some knowledge of what a tricky
- 4 period it perhaps was between 1971 and 1986, when List D
- 5 schools were finally abolished, as it were.
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 Q. You say that when you were at Oakbank, this is
- 8 paragraph 4, you obtained further qualifications,
- 9 including a bachelor of arts at the Open University, it
- was a degree in social science, in 1979?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. Again, when you were still employed at Oakbank, you were
- 13 sent to a course at Glasgow University and you completed
- 14 a bachelor of arts certificate in childcare in 1996, is
- 15 that correct?
- 16 A. Residential childcare.
- 17 Q. It's a residential childcare qualification. Indeed, you
- 18 say it was a new course and you were sent there. When
- 19 you say you were sent there, was that a residential
- 20 course or was it one that you attended?
- 21 A. One I attended. Mr HMY , who was SNR at
- 22 the time, thought it would be a good idea if I went on
- 23 a course so I sampled the course and see whether it was
- 24 a meaningful experience for residential care.
- 25 Q. You have a section that follows headed 'Experiences at

- 1 Oakbank'. I would just like to ask you a few questions
- 2 about when you started there.
- 3 First of all, you tell us at paragraph 6 that you
- 4 were interviewed by the then SNR ,
- 5 along with SNR and a senior staff
- 6 member and that you had to provide references, although
- 7 you can't recall, I think, now whether you provided
- 8 written references or not?
- 9 A. That's true, I can't remember actually. I mean, there
- 10 were people there who knew me and suggested that I --
- 11 well, that there was a post for me there and did I want
- 12 it and, after due consideration, I thought, yes, so --
- 13 Q. You had some knowledge of people who were already at the
- 14 school?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. Were these the senior members of the school or other
- 17 people?
- 18 A. A mixed bag.
- 19 Q. Can I ask you, how did you get to know these people?
- 20 Was it just through working at Summerhill or was it --
- 21 A. Again -- well, one of the ways I got to know them or
- 22 they got to know me was through football connections and
- 23 social connection.
- 24 Q. You say that so far as you can now recall, your
- 25 induction really amounted to being shown around the

- place at that time?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. I suppose, having come from a state school, particularly
- 4 Summerhill Academy, and we'll come to that at some
- 5 point, you found it was, as you describe it, an eye
- 6 opener and a bit of a shock to your system to see what
- 7 you were coming into?
- 8 A. Yeah. Well -- obviously I'd been at Summerhill Academy,
- 9 which was seen as quite a forward-thinking
- 10 establishment. The headmaster there had very modern
- 11 ideas.
- 12 Q. Was that RF Mackenzie?
- 13 A. Yes. And then -- so stepping back into the environment
- I found Oakbank, it was a bit of a, quote, 'eye opener'.
- 15 Q. You would not have had any prior experience of also
- 16 a residential school at that stage?
- 17 A. No, none.
- 18 Q. Just in terms of 'eye opener', if you can help us with
- 19 that. Can you maybe tell us what were the main things
- 20 that either shocked you or, as it were, opened your
- 21 eyes?
- 22 A. Well, I think, as I've said, in some of my account
- 23 there, the first contact I had was the boys lined up in
- 24 what they called a play ward, which was the hall on the
- 25 ground floor, and every time -- every day and every

- 1 break, the young people would gather there in a parade
- 2 setting, so to speak, and actually at the end of this
- 3 play ward, so all these young men, basically dressed in
- 4 very poor attire, shall we say, jeans, T-shirts and
- 5 maybe overalls or something, and I just thought, 'Well,
- 6 okay, that's a bit institutionalised this', and it was a
- 7 question of thinking, 'Okay', I'd say here it was a bit
- 8 of a shock to the system to see this.
- 9 Q. You are describing in one sense, a bit of a paradox,
- 10 you're saying in one way it almost seemed slightly
- 11 militaristic, but at the same time, you have people who
- 12 are on parade in fairly scruffy clothing?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- 14 Q. I think we have heard in other schools that certainly
- 15 there was that type of regime in the days of approved
- 16 schools and List D schools, but perhaps they did have
- 17 perhaps more of a uniform like the forces. There was
- nothing of that when you came there?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 Q. You tell us about -- you progressed within Oakbank and
- 21 you started, you say, as a PE teacher. That's at
- 22 paragraph 8, you tell us. You obtained your first
- 23 promoted post as a senior assistant and you think that
- 24 was around 197 ?
- 25 A. If I've said that, that's --

- 1 Q. Paragraph 8.
- 2 LADY SMITH: You have been there about --
- 3 A. The gentleman who was in that post left to go back to
- 4 mainstream education, so there was a vacancy, and
- 5 was SNR at the time, decided I was
- 6 a suitable candidate and I obviously replaced that
- 7 member of staff who had left in a senior position.
- 8 LADY SMITH: 'Bryan', you had been there about three years
- 9 by then?
- 10 A. Er, would have been, yes. I'm just looking at the
- 11 figures.
- 12 LADY SMITH: So you had a bit of experience of Oakbank under
- 13 your belt at that stage?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 LADY SMITH: Thank you.
- 16 MR PEOPLES: Then retired, I think, and there was
- 17 a change of SNR and a new SNR , HMY , came?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. I think we've been told he came in 198 . Would that be
- 20 about right?
- 21 A. Yeah.
- 22 Q. You say that certainly shortly after he arrived in 198,
- 23 he promoted you to a new post of SNR
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. Then in 199, if we go on to paragraph 9, you tell us

- 1 that you obtained the post of SNR
- 2 is that correct?
- 3 A. The idea there was obviously you had care staff, you had
- 4 education staff, and I'm not going to say they didn't
- 5 always see eye to eye, but there were differences in
- 6 situations and I was given this post to sort of try and
- 7 bring the whole situation in the school together
- 8 staffing-wise, make it a better environment.
- 9 Q. You tell us, and I think at that stage there were
- 10 effectively three SNR below SNR as
- 11 the senior management team, you being one of them as
- , the other being SNR
- 13 who was responsible for , that's LIQ
- 14 and -- oh no, I'm sorry, was he made redundant, do you
- 15 say, at that time?
- 16 A. He was made redundant when there was a big change in the
- 17 staffing situation.
- 18 Q. Sorry, I ran ahead. I'm reading this. No, at that
- 19 stage you became SNR , LIQ
- 20 was the SNR
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 Q. The other SNR was
- 23 a Mr ILG
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. Then you say that there were some changes in or around

- 1 199, when I think there was another change
- 2 when HMY was replaced by , who
- 3 became SNR of the school?
- 4 A. Er --
- 5 Q. I'll ask you a bit more about that, but you tell me what
- 6 you remember?
- 7 A. Er, it wasn't quite as straightforward as that.
- 8 Obviously Mr HMY , I don't want to go into detail, but
- 9 it was very much a political thing, because -- do you
- 10 want me to go into the detail?
- 11 Q. Well, can I put it this way: I think you tell us
- 12 a little bit that one of the things that maybe
- 13 complicated matters was that there was a local
- 14 government reorganisation in 199, which meant that the
- 15 old Grampian Regional Council was broken up and there
- 16 were unitary authorities created, including
- 17 Aberdeen City Council?
- 18 A. Yeah.
- 19 Q. I think, and picking up from what you were saying in
- 20 your statement, that the complexion of the majority
- 21 party was Labour?
- 22 A. Yes.
- 23 Q. And that they seemed to have some issues with the
- 24 school, with Mr HMY , and that that led to certain
- 25 things happening?

- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. Including that Mr HMY took early retirement?
- 3 A. Under pressure, yes.
- 4 Q. Under pressure, and that there was a change
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. I think around that time, because we've already heard
- 7 some evidence about this, that Aberdeen City Council
- 8 conducted quite a rigorous audit in late 199 and were
- 9 critical of the operating costs of the school and were
- 10 seeking ways to reduce those costs and also reduce the
- 11 cost of the fees of pupils being placed there by them,
- is that pretty much one of the things that was going on?
- 13 A. Yes, but that's a biased point of view from the city
- 14 council's point of view.
- 15 Q. It was a fact. We have seen an audit report that was
- saying, and I think Mr HMY , on behalf of the school
- 17 was saying, 'We need the money that we are asking for
- and if we don't have that money, we can't address
- 19 problems and we can't provide a high quality service'?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 Q. But he didn't really win that battle, did he?
- 22 A. That's the reason he was under pressure and at the end
- of the day, he bowed to the pressure and took early
- 24 retirement.
- 25 Q. You say around the same time, one of the other senior

- 1 members, Mr ILG , as you put it, saw the writing
- 2 on the wall and he decided to move on as well?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. Indeed, a third member of the senior management team,
- 5 Mr LIQ , who you say was in fact made redundant?
- 6 A. He was actually made redundant before Mr LG saw
- 7 the writing on the wall and decided to join him.
- 8 Q. Within a short time, most of the senior management team
- 9 had disappeared, leaving only you?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. I think we may see a bit of this later on, but Mr HMY
- 12 retired, or resigned, and I think then there was
- a process of appointment of a new SNR and
- that for a time, you were SNR , SNR
- 15 SNR , of the school for about, what, six months?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. Before was appointed to the post?
- 18 A. Yeah. Obviously, I was interviewed, I can't say really
- 19 interviewed, but the board of management called
- 20 a meeting, which I was asked to attend, and basically
- one of the councillors, who had a lot to offer, choose
- 22 my words carefully, asked me very directly, 'Mr
- 23 do you want the SNR job?'. And I was
- 24 thinking, well, this is a bit of a shambles here,
- 25 because from going from three members of staff before,

- 1 to one senior member of staff left, me. So I gave it
- a bit of thought but then this councillor said, 'You
- 3 want the job or don't you?', that sort of tone, and
- 4 I thought, well, putting aside my considerations,
- 5 I thought if I don't take this post in the interim, who
- 6 is going Oakbank School? So I said yes.
- 7 Q. I think you were seeking to become SNR
- 8 A. Yes, there were four applicants for the post. I decided
- 9 to apply for that post and, obviously, at the end of the
- 10 day didn't get it, but the director of education at the
- 11 time, John Manger, who was sitting in, in the process,
- 12 took me aside and said, quote:
- 13 'Look, LL , if you don't get SNR post
- 14 you must apply for SNR post, because
- 15 you're the only one basically maybe with experience in
- 16 the role at Oakbank.'
- 17 So that's how that came about.
- 18 Q. You tell us about that in paragraphs 10 and 11 and you
- 19 have summarised what has happened.
- 20 Can I just ask you one thing about paragraph 11.
- 21 You tell us, towards the foot of page 3, that you
- 22 discovered that the incoming SNR had made some
- 23 derogatory comments about the old senior management team
- 24 and found out later that didn't want you there as
- 25 wanted to have a clean sweep or a new group of

- 1 people at the top.
- 2 When did you first discover that had been
- 3 critical of the old management or the senior management
- 4 team? Was that at the time of applying for the post of
- 5 **SNR** ?
- 6 A. I couldn't actually detail the exact time, but because
- 7 then I was then obviously SNR , I was
- 8 attending board meetings on a regular basis, so I was
- 9 finding out things in the background which I had no
- 10 knowledge of before. And the statement I heard,
- 11 attributed to , was that thought the management
- 12 team up 'til then were corrupt, whatever that meant.
- 13 Q. Now, if I can move on in your statement, we'll maybe
- 14 come back to some of this as well, but you have
- 15 a section dealing with training and supervision of staff
- and you tell us that there were training days where
- 17 topics were discussed amongst -- is this training days
- 18 for the whole staff, or the care staff, or the teaching
- 19 staff, or the senior management, or all three?
- 20 A. A bit of a mixture. Basically, er, the education staff
- 21 were having meetings among themselves. The care staff
- 22 were having meetings, and the care staff were being
- 23 supervised by the unit managers, and that was an ongoing
- 24 thing on a regular basis. And, as I say, the teaching
- 25 staff were having meetings as a group as well.

- 1 Q. We have heard evidence, including from someone who was
- 2 a member of the unit staff in one of the units, who said
- 3 that in his period of employment at Oakbank, almost
- 4 throughout his whole period, he didn't really have much
- 5 in the way of training or formal supervision. Now, is
- 6 that something that's news to you or is that the way it
- 7 was?
- 8 A. Well, I can't detail how much actual supervision they
- 9 had, but one of the tasks for the unit manager was to
- 10 provide the supervision and oversight on a regular basis
- 11 to the staff underneath -- well, under this control.
- 12 And I think it's mentioned there as well that the CALM
- 13 course I thought was critical or crucial to the training
- 14 of staff, and all staff were sent on that and they did
- a two-day residential course to cover the material in
- 16 the CALM.
- 17 Q. I was going to ask you about that.
- This person, who has been referred to as 'Peter'
- 19 before this Inquiry, he was a person who said he didn't
- 20 have training or supervision, other than limited
- 21 training and that in any role he went into I think he
- 22 didn't feel that he got any kind of training to equip
- 23 him to perform the role and he just got on with it as
- 24 best he could.
- 25 You might disagree, I'm not sure. Are you

- 1 disagreeing with that?
- 2 A. Well, the last part there, he got on with it as best he
- 3 could, that's -- fine, I mean, having said that, not
- 4 knowing the person you're talking about, he may have
- 5 been covering his own shortcomings, I don't know.
- 6 Q. Perhaps I need to give you the name. Obviously it's
- 7 protected, but it's a person called IAB , who was
- 8 in a particular unit. I think you know him and he was
- 9 there a long time.
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 LADY SMITH: Can I just confirm, he's not to be identified
- 12 as referred to in our evidence outside this room,
- 13 please.
- 14 MR PEOPLES: Now, we were told that there was what might be
- 15 termed 'restraint training' given at Oakbank and the
- 16 evidence we've heard was that in Mr HMY time as
- 17 SNR , this was before 199 , that there was
- 18 training given and it was given by people who were
- 19 officers from Peterhead Prison. Do you remember
- 20 training of that kind being given?
- 21 A. There was one occasion, selected members of staff were
- 22 invited to attend a course, yes.
- 23 Q. Is that the course you're talking about in paragraph 17,
- in Peterhead or is that a different course?
- 25 A. That's a different course. Sorry, I'm catching up with

- 1 this here.
- 2 Q. Sorry.
- 3 LADY SMITH: It's up on the screen as well if that's any --
- 4 A. It wasn't Peterhead Prison, the Peterhead one was
- 5 carried out in a local hotel by independent training
- 6 staff --
- 7 Q. That was CALM training?
- 8 A. That was CALM, yeah.
- 9 Q. The evidence we've heard so far was that there was CALM
- 10 training given to staff, but that only happened after
- 11 took over, would that accord with your
- 12 recollection? That the CALM training was after took
- over from Mr HMY , although there had been this other
- 14 training, I think, in restraint, from prison officers,
- 15 which had been given during Mr HMY era as
- 16 SNR ? Does that ring a bell?
- 17 A. Two parts of that. In defence of Mr HMY, it was a
- one evening experience, just to show what might have
- 19 been appropriate and certainly not appropriate as well.
- 20 Er, I'm a bit confused with reference to when the
- 21 CALM course was actually set up and carried through, er,
- 22 and I'm surprised I haven't got any dates in here, but
- 23 my own impression was it was Mr HMY time, but I may
- 24 be wrong.
- 25 Q. We can see if we can find out and put it together.

- 1 I suppose it follows though that, whether it was
- 2 Mr HMY time or time SNR , for
- 3 much of the time you were at Oakbank, from 197 onwards,
- 4 staff didn't get any form of restraint or physical
- 5 intervention training, is that not the position?
- 6 A. That's correct. I mean, they may have been given
- 7 advice, but there was no formal training course.
- 8 Q. A lot of the care staff for much of the period that you
- 9 were employed there were unqualified and didn't have the
- 10 sort of qualifications you obtained?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. There was sometimes difficulty getting people to take up
- 13 residential care working posts at Oakbank?
- 14 A. I wouldn't necessarily agree with that, because we were
- 15 very seldom short staffed. I mean, posts were
- 16 advertised and okay, yes, I mean, there were people
- 17 there who were not formally qualified, but they took up
- 18 the post and obviously through experience and advice
- 19 from other members of staff.
- 20 Q. Can I put it this way then, and I think Mr HMY wrote
- in the past to inspectors, or responded to inspectors,
- 22 by saying that he had difficulties perhaps recruiting
- 23 qualified staff?
- 24 A. That's true.
- 25 Q. And that sometimes he had difficulty getting people who

- 1 could provide references and sometimes people were just
- 2 taken on without references, or full references being
- 3 obtained and considered before appointment. There were
- 4 instances where that happened too?
- 5 A. If that's what Mr HMY says, then I would take that as
- 6 read.
- 7 Q. You say also, in terms of training, that you're quite
- 8 frank about it at paragraph 18, you say that training
- 9 was something that was an evolution, if you like, or
- 10 a development, because you started pretty low down the
- 11 ladder in terms of training. I think when you started
- off, that would be the position, that training wasn't
- 13 exactly substantial or significant and many people
- 14 didn't get any training?
- 15 A. Limited, yes.
- 16 Q. Also you say, I think, under 'Policy' at paragraph 20,
- 'Bryan', that when you began in 1974, there were no
- 18 written policies at that time, but that changed when
- 19 Mr HMY took over?
- 20 A. Yeah, sorry. I'm just reading it, yes.
- 21 Q. I think I should put it, he was a great guy for
- 22 paperwork?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. He liked his forms?
- 25 A. I don't mean that in derogatory terms, but no, yes, he

- 1 was, er, keen to put his thoughts in writing and
- 2 obviously issue statements over the place.
- 3 Q. We have certainly seen, and to perhaps echo what you're
- 4 saying, that inspectors, local inspectors, around 1992,
- 5 wrote in a report that there was a sophisticated
- 6 recording system and guidance, but when they actually
- 7 examined the records, they described the situation of
- 8 recording and record keeping as, in some instances,
- 9 non-existent or poor, that there weren't sufficient
- 10 records of important matters, they weren't fully
- 11 completed. In some cases, there were simply gaps in
- 12 records, including children's files.
- I don't know if that's anything that came to your
- 14 attention at that time or not?
- 15 A. Yeah, to put it crudely, I think that report was a huge
- 16 kick up the backside for the organisation and the staff
- themselves, who obviously were maybe not aware of the
- 18 responsibilities, but as far as concerned from then on
- in, there was a big improvement in recordings.
- 20 Q. I suppose, if you're looking at it now and reflecting
- 21 back, that wasn't a great state of affairs, if this was
- 22 being said in 1992?
- 23 A. The fact there was no real formal training, yes, but at
- the same time, I would argue there were people there who
- 25 had the natural capabilities of doing a good job and

- 1 obviously working with young people, disturbed or
- 2 otherwise.
- 3 Q. I know some people dislike the idea of form filling and
- 4 paperwork, but it does, as the inspectors pointed out in
- 5 justification of what they were saying, is that it
- 6 serves an important purpose, records, for example,
- 7 a child's progress, if there's any incidents, it
- 8 provides a contemporaneous record of what is said to
- 9 have happened, how it happened, whether a restraint was
- 10 carried out in a particular way, for example, and they
- 11 weren't finding evidence that would allow them to give
- 12 a clear picture of how an incident was handled or how
- 13 a child was progressing. They were saying things like
- 14 that in the reports.
- 15 I'm not going to take you to them, but I'm just
- 16 saying that was their assessment at the time?
- 17 A. I wouldn't argue with assessment, but I'm just saying
- 18 that that was a learning experience for the staff and
- 19 for the headteacher and the senior staff, and that from
- 20 then on in, I mean, unit staff from the unit leader
- 21 downwards, were obviously having to detail, record and
- 22 make a note of anything that -- go back to stage 1, we
- 23 had a group, myself, an ed psych --
- 24 Q. Dr Frank Woods?
- 25 A. Dr Frank Woods, yeah; Gill Wilson, who was an employee

- of the Grampian Health Board, who was a psychiatrist;
- 2 myself, who headed or chaired the group; a recorder, and
- 3 every time a child would come into the school, they had
- 4 their future sort of marked out, and I'm talking on the
- 5 care side here, but also on the education side, and that
- 6 child was allocated a key worker. It was up to that
- 7 person, with oversight from his unit manager, or her,
- 8 sorry, to make sure that the case or the treatment plan
- 9 or whatever, was followed through.
- 10 Q. Yes, I think we can read, both in your statement and
- 11 others, that certainly when you were there, over time,
- 12 they introduced a more rigorous assessment process for
- 13 pupils who were either being admitted or were being
- 14 considered for admission and that once they were
- 15 admitted, there was an assessment process, which I think
- 16 you were involved in?
- 17 A. Yeah.
- 18 Q. And that that led to preparing for individuals' care
- 19 plans and education programmes, which were reviewed from
- 20 time to time, and that it was a job of the staff,
- 21 education and care staff, to see that the plan was
- 22 implemented and, if necessary, changed in light of what
- 23 was going on when the person was at the school. That's
- 24 the way the system was working?
- 25 A. Yeah. You also had input from the young person's field

- 1 social worker as well, because they were part of any
- 2 forward planning.
- 3 Q. Well, yes, because I think we have heard evidence that
- 4 what were called review meetings, to review progress,
- 5 that there would be people externally from the school
- 6 who would be there. I think you tell us about that in
- 7 your statement. There would be people from the school,
- 8 sometimes yourself, and there would be the young person
- 9 and, in some cases, the young person's parents, if they
- 10 wished to attend?
- 11 A. Yeah. There were regular reviews carried out by
- 12 a review officer, male or female, er, who were employed
- 13 by Grampian Region Social Work Department and it was
- their role, on a regular basis, to call meetings to
- 15 discuss progress or lack of it for young people.
- 16 Q. Forgive me, I'm concentrating on some matters that were
- 17 picked up by inspectors, but I accept that we heard
- 18 evidence about the system. It's just perhaps whether
- 19 the system was always working as intended.
- 20 A. I accept that some of the comments from the inspectors
- 21 were appropriate.
- 22 Q. I think, indeed, there was a major HMIS report, we have
- looked at that, or heard about it, in 1995, where there
- 24 had been a good deal of publicity about the state of the
- 25 school and various allegations about things happening at

- 1 the school and that there had been a major inspection in
- 2 1994/1995 and it had concluded that there were serious
- 3 failings in the areas of standards of management and
- 4 care and that that required an action plan to address.
- 5 I think you probably were part of the group that had to
- 6 tackle that?
- 7 A. Yes, yeah.
- 8 Q. Now, I'll not take you to the section on strategic
- 9 planning, because I think, to some extent, we have
- 10 covered that ground, and you tell us a bit about the
- 11 situation that Mr HMY found himself in following
- 12 reorganisation, and we can read the detail of that for
- 13 ourselves.
- 14 You have a section from page 7, 'Children at
- Oakbank', 'Bryan', and again this is something that
- 16 we're familiar with, how children went to Oakbank,
- either from before 1971, it would have been -- before
- 18 your time -- it would have been mainly the courts
- 19 committing children, and after 1971, it would be mainly
- 20 the children's hearing system making supervision
- 21 requirements, requiring them to reside in
- 22 Oakbank School, or a similar type of institution.
- 23 We also have heard some evidence about Oakbank that
- 24 certainly, for a long period of its history, it catered
- 25 not just for pupils from the north-east but from pupils

- from all down the east of Scotland and also quite
- a number from the west of Scotland, from the Glasgow
- 3 area?
- 4 A. That's correct.
- 5 Q. But that did maybe change more latterly, perhaps under
- 6 some kind of encouragement from
- 7 Grampian Regional Council to make it more of a local
- 8 institution?
- 9 A. I think all the councils were under the same pressure,
- 10 because obviously residential care was an expensive
- 11 thing to obviously accommodate and other councils
- 12 throughout Scotland, as you quite rightly say, were
- 13 getting children from various authorities. But all the
- 14 authorities began to find themselves financially in
- 15 a bit of a pickle and they were trying to keep their own
- 16 young people within their own boundaries.
- 17 Q. That was also, I think, in terms of developing social
- 18 work thinking, that it wasn't a great idea, it was
- 19 thought, to send young people many miles from their own
- 20 community?
- 21 A. I agree with that, yes.
- 22 Q. So that was part of the change of thinking as well?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. Also there was a change of thinking that big places,
- 25 such as Oakbank had been historically, with many pupils,

- should be replaced by smaller units with fewer young
- 2 people? That was the sort of direction of travel?
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. You have a section, 'Bryan', headed 'Discipline and
- 5 punishment'. It starts at paragraph 31 and you say that
- 6 the most severe punishment at Oakbank, and I think this
- 7 was for part of the period you were employed there, were
- 8 that kids were belted over the backside. You tell us
- 9 there you didn't approve of that and that when you had
- 10 been at Summerhill Academy, corporal punishment was
- 11 banned as the headmaster didn't agree with it, and you
- 12 had no problem with that approach, is that right?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 Q. That's where I go back to, the headmaster was
- 15 RF Mackenzie who, I think, had certain views about how
- 16 a school should be run and perhaps he differed from
- 17 mainstream thinking at the time?
- 18 A. He based his thinking on what had happened in the
- 19 Summerhill ASDO --
- 20 Q. ASDO, yes.
- 21 So you had experience of that environment?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. You say thankfully, shortly after you went to Oakbank,
- you say that guidance came in that corporal punishment
- 25 was to be banned --

- 1 A. Yeah.
- 2 Q. -- and it went out the window at Oakbank, which was
- 3 something that you were happy with?
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. We're trying, I think, to probably work out when
- 6 corporal punishment ceased at Oakbank, and I think we've
- 7 heard a little bit of conflicting evidence here that it
- 8 was stopped --
- 9 LADY SMITH: What's your memory?
- 10 A. Sorry?
- 11 LADY SMITH: What's your memory of when it stopped at
- 12 Oakbank?
- 13 A. I'm trying to get the brain cells ticking over here.
- 14 Er, I think I was only aware of it on only one occasion,
- 15 early doors, when there was corporal punishment
- 16 inflicted on a young person, and, I think, quite quickly
- 17 after that, it was taken out of the equation altogether,
- 18 but I couldn't give you the actual --
- 19 LADY SMITH: Do you remember who was SNR when the decision
- 20 was made to stop using it?
- 21 A. I'm pretty sure it was
- 22 MR PEOPLES: So when HMY took over, you think
- 23 corporal punishment was a thing of the past?
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. That may well be right. I'll just say this to you and

- just put it into the transcript that I'm aware, from
- 2 other documents I've seen, that corporal punishment was
- 3 not permitted in Grampian Regional Council's children's
- 4 homes -- I accept this isn't a children's home -- but it
- 5 wasn't permitted from 1 May 1979 onwards. It looks as
- 6 if the Grampian Regional Council's general policy for
- 7 their own children's homes was being followed fairly
- 8 soon afterwards by a similar approach in residential
- 9 schools that were independent, such as Oakbank.
- 10 A. I would concur with that, yeah.
- 11 Q. Okay. Just on another matter on discipline, you tell us
- 12 at paragraph 32 that:
- 13 Loss of home leave was always a tricky one because
- 14 social work partners didn't like kids not being allowed
- 15 home.'
- 16 Did there come a time when this matter was resolved?
- 17 Because we have heard evidence that inspectors thought
- 18 that withdrawing home leave as a sanction or punishment
- 19 was unacceptable and they were saying that in 1992. Do
- 20 you remember that?
- 21 A. I'm aware what the thinking process was about home
- 22 leave. I can understand why that was the case, but
- 23 there were also other considerations. I mean, if young
- 24 people are coming from extremely damaged and broken
- 25 homes, and we were sending them back out into that

- 1 environment, then were we aiding or abetting? I mean,
- 2 quite frankly, it's a very difficult decision, but there
- 3 was a social dogma about not sending -- or not using
- 4 home leave as a punishment, which is fine, but there is
- 5 the other side as well. If we're putting them at risk,
- 6 what do you do?
- 7 Q. Well, in fairness to the inspectors, I don't think they
- 8 had any problem with stopping home leave if it was in
- 9 the best interests of the child. But what they did have
- 10 a problem with was stopping home leave as a form of
- 11 sanction for misbehaviour, if you didn't conform to the
- 12 rules, if you acted up in class or you misbehaved in
- 13 some other way. That, I think, was a sanction used at
- 14 Oakbank for quite some time --
- 15 A. Okay.
- 16 Q. -- for bad behaviour. Do you get the point, the
- 17 distinction?
- 18 A. Yeah. I get the point. I'm sort of mulling over in my
- 19 mind here.
- In some cases that might well have been the case,
- 21 yeah.
- 22 LADY SMITH: I think, 'Bryan', it's essentially the
- 23 difference between regarding home leave as a right of
- 24 the child, subject to it not being in the child's best
- 25 interests to go home, because ultimately the child's

- 1 rights are the child's best interests. That's on one
- 2 side of the fence, if you like, regarding it that way.
- 3 But on the other side of the fence, regarding it as
- 4 -- or regarding withdrawal of it as a tool that could be
- 5 used to punish. Do you see what I mean? And that's
- 6 where the difference lay.
- 7 A. Yes, (Inaudible) I can understand why that thinking was
- 8 around and I've no problem with that. I mean, to me in
- 9 many cases it didn't seem appropriate, but if that was
- 10 the practice at the time, then I'm afraid it was carried
- 11 out sometimes.
- 12 LADY SMITH: I've certainly heard evidence to the effect
- 13 that it was being used as punishment, the withdrawal of
- 14 home leave was being used as punishment.
- 15 A. Okay.
- 16 LADY SMITH: For example, it being made clear to children
- 17 that they have to earn their leave or they don't get it,
- 18 that they only get it if they've earned it. So if they
- 19 hadn't tried hard enough in different ways, they don't
- get leave, that sort of thing.
- 21 A. Yeah, well, I find that a difficult one, because, er,
- 22 merited ... there's a fine line here, I think.
- 23 LADY SMITH: Well, it's hard to say to a child they only get
- 24 to foster their family relationships if they've earned
- 25 it and if they merit it, as you rightly put it,

- 1 isn't it?
- 2 A. I'll accept that, yeah.
- 3 LADY SMITH: Mr Peoples.
- 4 MR PEOPLES: 'Bryan', you have a section headed 'Restraint'.
- 5 We have already had some evidence about the restraint
- 6 training that was given and can I just ask you this, at
- 7 paragraph 38, I'll just read what you tell us:
- 8 'Before CALM training, if you needed to restrain
- 9 someone, there wasn't really any guidance. If a child
- 10 was acting out, it was just a case of holding them to
- 11 stop them doing damage, hurting themselves or others.'
- 12 Is that --
- 13 A. Basically, correct, yes.
- 14 Q. I'm just interested in the expression 'holding them', I
- 15 mean, how was that done in practice before CALM
- 16 training? How did staff hold them or try to calm them
- 17 down?
- 18 A. Well, you take the lead from the CALM situation.
- 19 Obviously if there is a situation where things are out
- of control, you could easily maybe take the situation
- 21 back under control by gently taking a hold of the young
- 22 person and making sure they didn't hurt themselves or
- other people. Sometimes, the cases got to the stage
- 24 that it was very difficult to manage and then you would
- 25 have to obviously maybe involve more than one member of

- 1 staff.
- 2 Q. I am trying to get the picture, before anyone had any
- 3 CALM training, what an individual who came to Oakbank,
- 4 were they all doing the same thing or did they all do
- 5 different things and do the best they could to use that
- 6 expression, can you help us there?
- 7 A. I would think that mostly they would have been doing the
- 8 same thing and again, it was lack of a, shall we say,
- 9 a training programme to keep them on the straight and
- 10 narrow --
- 11 Q. But what was --
- 12 A. -- but people without training and oversight might have
- 13 maybe used inappropriate ways, I don't know.
- 14 Q. Did you ever consider you used an inappropriate method
- of restraint once you had seen what CALM training
- 16 involved?
- 17 A. I would say no to that, because, er, I had experience in
- 18 working with young people.
- 19 Q. We have heard evidence of young people being restrained
- 20 by having their arms put up their backs, having their
- 21 wrists bent back, staff placing their knees on their
- 22 body to hold them down in a prone position. We heard
- 23 evidence to that effect. Did that happen?
- 24 A. It may have happened.
- 25 Q. How did you restrain a child? What was your usual

- 1 method?
- 2 A. Holding that child.
- 3 Q. You are describing with your hands, you have your hands
- 4 and arms out as if you have them round the child's
- 5 body --
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. -- and you behind them, is that correct or where would
- 8 you be?
- 9 A. Ideally behind them, because if you're in front of them,
- 10 you might obviously have a young person headbutting you,
- 11 for example.
- 12 Q. Did you have to take them to the ground at times?
- 13 A. I would say me personally, no.
- 14 Q. Did you ever take a child to the ground?
- 15 A. I would again say -- I'm trying to think back here --
- it's been a long time since I've restrained a child.
- 17 Er, I very much doubt if I was in a situation, unless it
- 18 was an extremely serious one, that I would have taken
- 19 a child to the ground. If a child was acting out, er,
- 20 thrashing their arms, kicking and all the rest of it,
- 21 sometimes, even though you just take them, sitting them
- down, then you restrict their movement.
- 23 Q. We have heard evidence, and we've seen it on records,
- that children on some occasions were put to the ground
- 25 and they were in a prone position, face down. Is that

- 1 something that you saw or were aware of happening?
- 2 A. Er, if this has been mentioned by young people, then
- 3 obviously, er, it gives cause for concern, but at the
- 4 same time, er -- and I've seen some of the complaints
- 5 here -- er, totally inappropriate and sometimes it never
- 6 happened.
- 7 Q. Are you saying -- well, in what circumstances would it
- 8 be inappropriate to put a child in a prone position?
- 9 A. (Pause)
- 10 All things in consideration, a child might have to
- 11 be put in a prone position to protect themselves and
- 12 other people involved, but that's not in terms of
- a punishing situation. That's a situation where we're
- 14 trying to protect the young person and any staff members
- 15 involved.
- 16 Q. If a child had his or her arms put up their back as part
- of a restraint, that wouldn't be right, would it?
- 18 A. Totally wrong.
- 19 Q. If they had their wrists bent back to cause pain or
- 20 pressure to control them, would that be wrong?
- 21 A. Totally wrong.
- 22 Q. If a restraint caused them to feel pain and to cry out
- 23 or scream to let go, if that was a situation that
- 24 occurred, how would you have expected staff to respond,
- 25 if the child was screaming or crying or was visibly

- 1 distressed or in pain?
- 2 A. I wouldn't expect that to happen in the first place and
- 3 if it did happen, then obviously there is something
- 4 wrong there.
- 5 Q. They should desist it?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. Because I think we have heard that there were occasions
- 8 when that didn't happen, that response, that there were
- 9 children who would be in that situation, that you say
- 10 shouldn't have happened, but they cried out but they
- 11 continued to be held, that would be wrong?
- 12 A. That would be wrong, but at the same time, if they're
- 13 crying out because they're in pain, yes, but if they're
- 14 still in a situation where possibly they're causing
- 15 themselves, er, or other staff involved, the possibility
- of injuring themselves or other staff, it's a moot
- 17 point.
- 18 Q. Just more generally about what would be wrong, if one
- 19 was caring for a child of the kind of children that had
- 20 to be admitted to Oakbank, with vulnerability and past
- 21 problems, would it be wrong to skelp or smack them
- 22 around the ear or head?
- 23 A. Absolutely.
- 24 Q. Would it be wrong to slap them with an open hand?
- 25 A. Absolutely.

- 1 Q. Would it be wrong to shout at them in an aggressive way?
- 2 A. Absolutely, although tempers -- well, when I say
- 3 tempers, I mean, sometimes voices are raised, yes.
- 4 Q. Would it be wrong to be verbally abusive to them?
- 5 A. Absolutely.
- 6 Q. Would it be wrong to pull their hair?
- 7 A. Absolutely.
- 8 Q. I take it that, if I asked you would it be wrong to
- 9 punch, whether on the body or the face, that would be
- 10 equally wrong?
- 11 A. Horrendous.
- 12 Q. To elbow them in the ribs?
- 13 A. Unacceptable.
- 14 Q. To grab them by the scruff of the neck?
- 15 A. Same, unacceptable.
- 16 Q. You know I'm asking you this because -- and it's not
- anything specific to you at moment, but I'll deal with
- 18 anything I think -- some things that have been said
- 19 about you, but --
- 20 A. I look forward to that.
- 21 Q. -- we have heard evidence that these things happened to
- 22 young people and it was not just, I think, evidence that
- 23 young people have been saying that to us or to others,
- 24 but some staff, or former staff, at Oakbank were saying
- 25 these things. I think you're aware of that probably?

- 1 A. Yeah (Inaudible).
- 2 Q. You are not suggesting, because I don't suppose you
- 3 could have been everywhere -- as I put it to Mr HMY ,
- 4 you're not all seeing and all knowing so these things
- 5 could have happened, and if they did, they were totally
- 6 unacceptable?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. Did you ever do any of these things?
- 9 A. Specifically what are you saying? Specifically what are
- 10 you alluding to?
- 11 Q. Well, I've just listed the sort of things, I'm just
- 12 asking a general question, I'll come to more specific
- 13 but do you ever consider you did any of the things we've
- just gone through as --
- 15 A. I have restrained young people, yes.
- 16 Q. You have restrained them, but I think I'm telling you
- 17 about situations, not about restraint, because I don't
- 18 think anyone was suggesting that a child can never be
- 19 restrained, it's just what happens in situations which
- 20 are described as restraints, things can happen that
- I think you have accepted would not be acceptable?
- 22 A. Aye.
- 23 Q. Can I go back to your statement, 'Bryan'. You have
- 24 a section which is headed at page 9:
- 25 'Concerns about the institution', I think one of the

- things you tried to bring out there is that a lot
- 2 changed during your time there and, as you put it,
- 3 things moved on, at paragraph 39.
- 4 Indeed, one of the things you tell us about at
- 5 paragraph 40 is that there were a lot of physical
- 6 improvements at Oakbank and you feel that you played
- 7 a large part in bringing about these physical
- 8 improvements to make the facilities better for children,
- 9 is that correct?
- 10 A. That's correct, I feel quite proud of my contribution to
- bringing the school into the -- well, recent century,
- 12 I thought if I provided the facilities on campus to make
- 13 the young people's experience a worthwhile one, there
- 14 were several things I did, in my opinion, to improve
- 15 that environment.
- 16 Q. I'm not going to suggest otherwise, but I'm just
- 17 bringing out the fact that you are telling us that if we
- 18 take, for example, I think you feel is one of the
- 19 notable achievements in which you played a significant
- 20 part, at paragraph 41, you tell us that one of the major
- 21 things was the building of a swimming pool at the site?
- 22 A. Correct, yes.
- 23 Q. With the assistance of young people who were volunteers?
- 24 A. Yes.
- 25 Q. I think we've heard it took 60 months to complete,

- 1 because, for various reasons, to do with planning issues
- 2 and what you could and couldn't use to create, and also
- 3 getting the funding, because you weren't getting funding
- 4 from the usual sources. You had to fundraise and so
- 5 forth?
- 6 A. Well, Oakbank had a history of having regular garden
- 7 sales, because ... over many years and that always
- 8 raised a few pounds or thousands of pounds, which was
- 9 fed back into the school funds, er, and basically that
- 10 was a kickstart for the swimming pool situation and that
- 11 money was used. For example, the building next to the
- 12 gymnasium was a redundant vocational training facility,
- 13 so the money was used to remove the roof off that
- 14 building and enable the rebuild or the building of
- 15 a swimming pool.
- 16 Q. If we go on in your statement, you tell us that one of
- 17 the purposes of making these changes, at paragraph 48,
- 18 was, I think, to to some extent change the ethos of the
- 19 place from the sort of place you first arrived at to
- 20 something that was a bit better for young people to get
- 21 a proper start in life or a better life?
- 22 A. That was my ethos in terms of what I was doing, yes,
- 23 considering I spent 25 years there trying to improve
- 24 their environment.
- 25 Q. Indeed, I'm not going back to it just now, because

- 1 I think you covered it earlier, in paragraph 44 you tell
- 2 us about the systems that were put in place, the
- 3 assessment systems, the preparation of care plans and
- 4 education programmes for individual children and that
- 5 was, I think, you see as again another example of
- 6 bringing about a significant improvement to the whole
- 7 system, is that right?
- 8 A. Can we go back to 44 there?
- 9 Q. Yes, 44, sorry.
- 10 A. I've already alluded to Gill Wilson, the consultant
- 11 psychiatrist, and Frank Woods, our educational
- 12 psychologist. Frank was based at -- in Oakbank. He ran
- 13 the north-east psychological service, he was there and
- 14 his co-worker was at Rossie School and Frank and Gill
- 15 provided an in-house facility, which even mainstream
- 16 schools couldn't obtain, because nobody could get to see
- 17 an ed psych or a psychiatrist and all the rest of it,
- 18 but these two people come in on a regular basis as part
- 19 of the assessment process for the young people and
- 20 helped draw up a care and education plan for going
- 21 for -- for moving ahead --
- 22 Q. I'm not going to go into the detail of this today, but
- 23 they assisted in creating a system called HELP, that was
- 24 the acronym HELP, which involved what might be termed
- 25 a holistic assessment of a child, their social

- development, their educational development, perhaps
- 2 improving their situation at home and so forth, was that
- 3 part of what was done with their assistance?
- 4 A. Yes, they were experienced people who, as far as I was
- 5 concerned, they were very good at their jobs.
- 6 Q. That, I think you would say, should be contrasted with
- 7 the situation when you arrived at Oakbank.
- 8 If we look at paragraph 50, we can perhaps see at
- 9 least one of the contrasts. You say that when you first
- 10 walked in, young people weren't even referred to by
- 11 names, it was numbers. So was that the situation?
- 12 A. Yes, which I found shocking.
- 13 Q. We know that numbers were used for certain purposes
- 14 later on for identification of clothing and for
- 15 pigeonholes for clothing and so forth, but you're saying
- 16 that when you first arrived, they were called by their
- 17 school roll number?
- 18 A. In some circumstances, yes.
- 19 Q. Although you say that did change quite quickly after you
- 20 arrived?
- 21 A. Yeah. I mean, I'm just looking -- I mean, smoking was
- 22 a big thing. Just about every young person seemed to
- 23 have a need to smoke and, er, that was a real bone of
- 24 contention with myself.
- 25 Q. Did you disapprove of that?

- 1 A. Absolutely, because I've never smoked, I never will, and
- 2 obviously I consider that a totally negative situation
- 3 for young people to find themselves in.
- 4 Q. Did you come down hard on children that tried to smoke,
- 5 whether under the policies or having a fly smoke? Did
- 6 you tend to be hard on that situation?
- 7 A. The short answer to that is no, because it was accepted
- 8 as part of the -- what went on in the school, er, and it
- 9 was a case of phasing it out as soon as possible.
- 10 Q. Did you recognise and understand that young people
- 11 coming to Oakbank, many of them would have started
- smoking at a very young age and by the time they got to
- 13 Oakbank, it was an addiction and would be very difficult
- 14 for them to completely control, certainly if they were
- 15 told they couldn't smoke at all? Did you appreciate
- 16 that problem for them?
- 17 A. Yes, yes.
- 18 Q. I think certainly for quite a lot of the time, the
- 19 school's policy was to have a controlled smoking
- 20 situation, where they would get so many cigarettes
- 21 a day, provided they were of a certain age and their
- 22 parents consented?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. There is a section headed 'Reporting of complaints and
- 25 concerns', and really, I suppose, you're telling us

- 1 there the sort of persons a young person could speak to
- 2 if they felt they had a problem. You describe the
- 3 complaints process as being one where the registration
- 4 unit and local inspectors would come round on regular
- 5 basis and speak to children and find out concerns.
- I think we have certainly seen in local inspection
- 7 reports that inspectors were told certain things by
- 8 young people about things either they thought were
- 9 happening they didn't like and so forth, so that was one
- 10 method, you would say, where a concern could be raised?
- 11 A. Yes.
- 12 Q. Another would be that they could speak to their key
- 13 worker?
- 14 A. Correct.
- 15 Q. We have heard some evidence that key workers didn't
- 16 always have much time to give one-to-one attention to
- pupils because there were too many and there were too
- 18 few staff and therefore it wasn't so easy to build
- 19 that sort of trusting relationship that would allow that
- 20 sort of conversation to take place. Would you accept
- 21 that that was a problem?
- 22 A. I wouldn't accept that 100 per cent, no. It might be
- a problem in some circumstances and at some times, but
- 24 if there was a shortage of staff, as far as
- 25 I'm concerned, that's what's expected to happen.

- 1 Q. I suppose I'm making the point, not from the key
- 2 worker's perspective, it is from the perspective of the
- 3 child. If they don't have one-to-one planned time, they
- 4 don't build up that trust and that relationship that
- 5 makes them more confident to speak to that particular
- 6 person. They don't become a trusted person because they
- 7 don't get the opportunity to create that situation. Do
- 8 you see the point I'm making?
- 9 A. I can see the point but at the same time, er, I think
- 10 there were many members of staff who were in a situation
- 11 where they had key children, would not agree with that,
- 12 because they would spend as much time as they could, or
- was available, with the young person who's their key
- 14 child.
- 15 Q. Of course, you tell us that another possible way that
- 16 they could raise concerns is through their external
- 17 social worker?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. Although I think we have heard evidence that the
- 20 regularity with which social workers visited Oakbank was
- 21 variable. Some might come quite often, others,
- 22 particularly if they came from a distance, might come
- 23 very infrequently?
- 24 A. I don't know if the school had much control over that.
- 25 Q. I'm not suggesting otherwise. I'm just suggesting if

- 1 you're trying to have someone that they can speak to,
- 2 they're not going to be quite as happy to speak to
- 3 someone that they only see every six months or perhaps
- 4 even less frequently, and particularly if also the
- 5 social worker changes from time to time, and I think
- 6 that is a problem in social work?
- 7 A. I would agree, yes.
- 8 Q. While you're saying that there were these opportunities
- 9 for young people to voice concerns, if they had
- 10 concerns, about treatment or otherwise, you will
- 11 appreciate, I take it, that young people, particularly
- 12 in institutional settings, might find it difficult to
- 13 speak up because they would be fearful of the possible
- 14 consequences, such as they won't be believed, or they
- 15 might suffer further consequences if they said something
- 16 that they can't control.
- 17 Do you accept that it could be difficult for a young
- 18 person in an environment, a closed environment, to speak
- 19 up about something that they felt was wrong or
- 20 inappropriate?
- 21 A. Yeah, difficult, but hypothetical as well.
- 22 Q. It's only hypothetical if they're not experiencing any
- 23 problem, but we've heard plenty of evidence of people
- 24 who did experience problems and have said that they
- 25 didn't speak up. Some said because they were afraid or

- 1 that they're worried about the consequences?
- 2 A. No problem, I can understand that.
- 3 Q. Going on to your section about abuse, 'Bryan', I'm not
- 4 going into what you understood constituted abuse,
- 5 because I think I've run through a list of things which
- 6 you accept would be abusive conduct if it occurred.
- 7 You say at paragraph 58 that during your whole time
- 8 at Oakbank, I think was it 1974 to -- when did you leave
- 9 Oakbank? 2000?
- 10 A. Yes.
- 11 Q. So from 1974 to 2000, you personally never saw any
- 12 behaviour that was excessive, inappropriate or abusive
- in all that time?
- 14 A. (Pause)
- 15 I've no doubt there were situations where I wouldn't
- 16 have been happy with, yes.
- 17 Q. You wouldn't?
- 18 A. Would not have been happy.
- 19 Q. You wouldn't have been happy about some of the things
- 20 that you came across?
- 21 A. Yeah.
- 22 Q. I suppose the other point that could be made, which
- 23 I think we touched on earlier, is that, unless you were
- 24 all seeing and all knowing, you wouldn't be able in that
- 25 time to be aware of everything that was going on in all

- 1 the units and all parts of the school, in the classrooms
- 2 and so forth?
- 3 A. The short answer is yes.
- 4 Q. Indeed, in the situation where restraint was used,
- 5 I think you accept that things might be done differently
- and, indeed, what was seen as perhaps acceptable or
- 7 appropriate by some member of staff might not be seen as
- 8 appropriate and acceptable by other members of staff?
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 Q. I think you're aware that people would sometimes --
- 11 members of staff or former members of staff would say
- 12 things about, well, children were restrained in
- an inappropriate way, excessive force was used, people
- 14 were far too heavy handed, and so forth. I think you
- 15 must be aware of that?
- 16 A. I'm agreeing with what you're saying there, but at the
- same time you're talking about former members of staff.
- 18 They may have an axe to grind in certain circumstances.
- 19 Q. But they might not?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 Q. They might just be telling it as it was?
- 22 A. That's one side, yes.
- 23 Q. I think you would appreciate that it's difficult in
- an organisation to speak out about colleagues when
- 25 you're still working with them. I think we know that

- from common experience, that whistleblowers often tend
- 2 to be ex-members of staff?
- 3 A. Okay, yes.
- 4 Q. Do you disagree with me?
- 5 A. No, I'm not disagreeing.
- 6 Q. Just so I can be clear, at paragraph 60, you say in your
- 7 statement:
- 8 'I'm confident that during my time at Oakbank from
- 9 1974 to 2000 [you've told us] if any child had been
- 10 abused or ill-treated, it would have come to light.'
- 11 On reflection, do you think that's perhaps something
- 12 that is misplaced confidence? You can't possibly say
- 13 that, can you, because you've just accepted you weren't
- 14 everywhere and you can't know all that was going on?
- 15 A. Well, it says if it had come to light. If it didn't
- 16 come to light, I wouldn't have known.
- 17 Q. You're saying you're confident if things were happening,
- 18 you would have got to know about them, but I'm saying to
- 19 you, can you really be that confident? I think --
- 20 A. There are situations where I would not have been -- have
- 21 knowledge of what has been going on, yes, but normally
- 22 we would expect things to filter through.
- 23 Q. If I could move on to page 16, 'Investigations into
- 24 abuse' is the heading here in your statement. You say
- 25 you had to deal with complaints of abuse as part of your

- 1 remit and you can't recall anything extremely serious
- 2 that still sticks in your memory, is that right?
- 3 A. Sorry, where is this?
- 4 Q. This is paragraph 68, 'Bryan'.
- 5 A. (Pause)
- 6 I'm reading this here:
- 7 'There is nothing of any extremely serious matter
- 8 that I could say I can remember.'
- 9 Now, having said that, there might have been
- 10 incidences where, er, I was unhappy about certain
- 11 things.
- 12 Q. Would you be unhappy, for example, if a young person had
- 13 been assaulted by -- I'll just give you one scenario,
- 14 which I think is recorded in an inspector's report, that
- 15 if a young person had been assaulted by another young
- 16 person in a serious way and there was some delay in
- 17 reporting the matter to the police, would that have
- 18 concerned you?
- 19 A. Yes.
- 20 Q. Because there was some instance of a young person being
- 21 subjected to an assault by another boy, and I think one
- of the people present was the son of SNR , and
- 23 the matter was considered by staff, and it happened at
- 24 the weekend, and it wasn't finally reported to the
- 25 police until the Monday. I think the inspectors were

- 1 concerned about that and they also were concerned that
- 2 some boys who were on the scene were not interviewed,
- 3 including the son of SNR .
- 4 Is that a situation you can recall happening?
- 5 A. I'm being very careful here because you're mentioning
- 6 the son of SNR
- 7 Q. Yes.
- 8 A. Now, I have a son and I was SNR
- 9 Q. But there were three SNR
- 10 A. Yeah.
- 11 Q. It's in the records. It doesn't identify who the person
- 12 was, the record. That's why I can't tell you.
- 13 But you would be concerned about a situation like
- 14 that?
- 15 A. Of course.
- 16 Q. Can I ask you about someone you did have concerns, I
- 17 think, about, paragraph 72, you tell us about a member
- 18 of staff who was friendly with a group of boys and was
- in a unit overseeing four boys, this is paragraph 72.
- 20 It starts to run over to the following page, page 17.
- 21 You say at one stage there were concerns that he was
- 22 grooming one of the boys and a review officer raised the
- 23 matter and that the member of staff concerned was
- 24 removed and left voluntarily. You say:
- 25 'I'm pretty sure it was dealt with in-house and not

- 1 referred to the police.
- 'We had no proof that it was going on, but it was 2
- recorded by the reviewing officer so there should be 3
- a record of it.'
- Now, we have heard some evidence about a member of
- staff who was supposed to be attending a training course
- down south, and a boy at the school went missing, and
- 8 the boy who went missing was observed driving the car of
- 9 the member of staff in Aberdeen, and then subsequently
- 10 it was ascertained, I think, that the member of staff
- 11 had taken the boy down south and had shared a room with
- him. Does that ring a bell, that situation? 12
- A. To be honest, no, but I'm aware there were concerns 13
- 14 about a member of staff possibly grooming a boy. I also
- 15 remember the reviewing officer from the city council,
- who obviously, as part of her regular duties, had picked 16
- 17 up on this and I had a conversation with her about this
- and then she told me that at a later stage, when she'd 18
- written her report about this matter, that she was asked 19
- 20 to tone down the report because it was obviously a
- situation which could have got out of hand in terms of 21
- 22 consequences for all concerned and that she actually
- rewrote and toned down the report because she felt under 23
- 24 pressure to do so by her superiors.
- Q. You have named the person, his first name, AA 25

- 1 A. Yes.
- 2 Q. Is that IAA ?
- 3 A. Yes.
- 4 Q. Do you remember the dismissal of a night care officer,
- 5 LJK , does that ring a bell?
- 6 A. Right, okay.
- 7 Q. Does his name mean anything to you?
- 8 A. He was a night care officer, yes.
- 9 Q. SNR at the time said he had sacked him
- 10 because he had found him sleeping on duty one night. Do
- 11 you recall that happening?
- 12 A. To be perfectly fair to LJK , sorry, not LK --
- 13 Q. Would that have been something that Mr HMY would have
- 14 dealt with personally?
- 15 A. I had no hand in that. That's why I'm a bit confused as
- 16 to the truth of the matter, but if that was
- an accusation which Mr HMY upheld and he sort of
- 18 sacked the guy, then fine, that's what should have
- 19 happened.
- 20 Q. I think you will possibly be aware that a member of
- 21 staff called EJS left Oakbank after something
- 22 came to light?
- 23 A. Yes.
- 24 Q. Can you remember what the something was?
- 25 A. Yes. He'd been on holiday abroad and he'd come back

- through customs with something inappropriate. I don't
- 2 know if it was written material or some other material,
- 3 but that came to light and he was sacked.
- 4 Q. Okay. Was it inappropriate material to do with children
- or do you know? If you can't, just say so.
- 6 A. There 's something in the back of my mind suggests it
- 7 was maybe magazines or something, but I can't remember.
- 8 I just know that's the circumstance and it was deemed
- 9 that it was inappropriate behaviour and he was shown the
- 10 door ASAP.
- 11 Q. Were you aware that some members of staff took young
- 12 people in a minibus to the red light district?
- 13 A. I was latterly. I have to say that the school was a bit
- 14 remiss there. It took a while to catch up with it, but,
- 15 er, certainly one member of staff was very guilty of
- 16 that and it came to light from a complaint through maybe
- 17 a social worker, that some of the -- the ladies who were
- 18 practising down the, shall we say, the harbour area, had
- 19 become aware that they being obviously spied upon.
- 20 Q. I think it was more than that because I think the
- 21 allegation was that they were being shouted at and
- 22 abused by both staff and young people and that that
- 23 matter came back to the school, and I think we have
- 24 heard evidence that that was to that effect, and it was
- 25 almost seen by the young people as it was a trip for

- 1 a bit of entertainment at the expense of prostitutes?
- 2 A. I'd accept that's what it turned out to be but as far as
- 3 I was concerned, I wasn't aware of the full extent of
- 4 the problem until it surfaced much later on. And as far
- 5 as I'm concerned, it was dealt with, not by me, but it
- 6 was a situation which was not allowed to continue.
- 7 Q. What was the policy about staff taking young people to
- 8 their own homes? Was there a policy?
- 9 A. To their own homes?
- 10 Q. Yes.
- 11 A. Er, there wasn't actually, no. I would have to put my
- 12 hand up, because I've taken young people out.
- 13 Q. We did hear evidence that staff would, unaccompanied by
- 14 other staff, take people out in vehicles like the
- 15 minibus or, indeed, their own cars to take them to some
- 16 activity or whatever, but to their own homes, you have
- 17 done that?
- 18 A. Yes. Having said that, I'd qualify it slightly. I can
- 19 think of one young person who I actually took to my
- 20 parents' farm, because he had never experienced anything
- 21 like that in his life, and when I took him out there, he
- 22 thoroughly enjoyed the experience, he was playing with
- animals and seeing a different side of life, shall we
- 24 say, and my parents welcomed him wi' open arms and said
- 25 he can come back any time. That was a real learning

- 1 experience, familiar experience for him, because his
- 2 background was such -- again, he was actually the
- 3 lightest baby ever born in Aberdeen Maternity Hospital
- 4 when he was born, and he was something of a celebrity
- 5 with things along the line, and I saw for myself the
- 6 parenting was -- well, he had a difficult parenting.
- 7 Q. Did he stay overnight?
- 8 A. No.
- 9 Q. The young boy you are talking about?
- 10 A. No.
- 11 Q. Because we have heard evidence that one boy from
- 12 Rosemount unit stayed overnight at the home of
- , who was a member of staff. Would that
- 14 have been news to you?
- 15 A. It would be news to me, but it wouldn't surprise me.
- 16 I don't think there is any malice intended there, but
- 17 I mean ...
- 18 Q. Would you regard that as appropriate, if their base was
- 19 Rosemount, and Mr 40 took them, and they stayed
- 20 overnight?
- 21 A. Inappropriate.
- 22 Q. It's inappropriate?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. You tell us, and I'll just touch on this at paragraph 86
- 25 before, I think, I'll go on to things that were said

- about you, but I'll just deal with this firstly. You
- 2 are aware that certainly, I think, that about the time
- 3 that you left Oakbank, a physical education teacher was
- 4 suspended by after involvement in
- 5 an incident with restraint, where a boy ended up with
- a broken arm and you say that, I think, that he was
- 7 suspended. Was he dismissed, the teacher?
- 8 A. Yes.
- 9 Q. I think you say, however, there was some sort of court
- 10 proceedings and you tell us that in fact the sheriff
- 11 wasn't particularly happy with SNR 's evidence
- 12 on that --
- 13 A. The sheriff upheld the person -- the PE teacher's
- 14 version of events.
- 15 Q. Was the teacher charged with assault?
- 16 A. He was initially, but the sheriff deemed it
- 17 inappropriate.
- 18 Q. Okay. You tell us about staff and I'm not going through
- 19 that. I think the broad position is you were given
- 20 certain names and you have been asked to comment and
- 21 what you tell us at page 24 of your statement is that of
- 22 all the named individuals, there is not one that was
- 23 named in that long list of people whom you saw abuse
- 24 a young person or, indeed, heard of abusing a young
- 25 person and you didn't witness anything --

- 1 A. Where's 24? Where's page 24?
- 2 Q. Page 24, paragraph 119.
- 3 LADY SMITH: Paragraph 119, right at the bottom.
- 4 MR PEOPLES: The short answer is that you didn't see
- 5 anything. These people were there. I think you are
- 6 aware of most of them at least, but you didn't see
- 7 anything that caused you concern in how they conducted
- 8 themselves?
- 9 A. I've no names in front of me here.
- 10 Q. I don't want to go through them. You say 'of all the
- 11 named individuals' and they are all listed from
- 12 paragraph 90 through to paragraph 118. I don't think
- 13 I want to go --
- 14 LADY SMITH: We don't need to go through the names.
- 15 MR PEOPLES: Because I think you summarise your position
- 16 that you don't have anything to say that, when you were
- 17 there, that they as individuals -- you say something
- about one person, but I don't think it's necessarily
- 19 relevant to whether you thought they were ill-treating
- 20 children. You just had some doubts about his honesty.
- 21 A. I'll have to stay -- stick with that.
- 22 Q. You'll stick with what you said?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. I'll move on then.
- 25 Can I move lastly to allegations that have been made

- about you by a number of individuals who have come
- 2 forward to the Inquiry.
- 3 Firstly, the way this is done is that, I think,
- 4 you've been made aware of what the allegations are?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. You've then given us your response to them. I'm not
- 7 going to read everything out but if you feel I've missed
- 8 anything out please say so.
- 9 A. Please do.
- 10 Q. For reasons I'll come to, I'll call the first person,
- 11 girl A, if I may. It's at paragraph 120. You say you
- 12 remember this girl, yes?
- 13 A. Yeah.
- 14 Q. I don't need her name, just call her girl A at the
- 15 moment.
- 16 A. Yeah.
- 17 Q. You tell us in fact that, at 122, that you thought that
- 18 you got on well enough with her and that she wasn't
- someone that caused you a lot of problems?
- 20 A. Right, can I expand about this then?
- 21 Q. Absolutely, you say as much as you want.
- 22 A. Er, okay. Er, as it says here, it's rather a sad case,
- 23 she didn't see any parental involvement. If she did get
- 24 out of school, she visited her grandparents, who
- 25 really -- well, they were older and didn't -- couldn't

- 1 provide the care she needed. They couldn't take her
- 2 overnight, so basically she had no home base.
- 3 Er, if she did get any sort of time out of school,
- 4 she would normally go missing actually, because she'd go
- 5 meet her friends and there was obviously drug taking and
- 6 things going on, but, er -- well, that's the background
- 7 to that.
- 8 Q. You tell us that though you did try to do things with
- 9 her --
- 10 A. I'm coming to that, if that's okay.
- 11 Q. Yes, go on.
- 12 A. Sorry, I'm not being rude, but I was very disappointed
- 13 with this young lady's feedback in my circumstance. She
- 14 and one other young lady --
- 15 Q. Can we call her girl B, by the way, because we'll come
- 16 to her, she's also said something?
- 17 A. Girl B then, er, who was a different kettle of fish
- 18 altogether. Er, she was a very physical, able young
- 19 lady, but she caused some concern, but she had
- 20 an interest in football and, as part of the things I did
- 21 at school, I introduced, on a commercial basis, the
- 22 Aberdeen City Police football team, who used our
- 23 facilities, and she would go and watch them from within
- 24 the grounds of the school.
- 25 She knew I was involved with football. So she came

- and asked if she could come with me, and there were two
- of them actually, not individually, to watch my team
- 3 play football.
- With due consideration, I thought, am I taking
- 5 a risk here? And I thought, well, nothing else is
- 6 working here, so I'll take the two of them out, so at
- 7 mid-week games, if there was a mid-week game, the two of
- 8 them came with me out to the football, sit or stand at
- 9 the side of the football pitch, and never gave me
- 10 a moment's concern, never ran away, never did anything
- 11 silly. Kept their mouths shut and basically were very
- 12 well behaved.
- Now, I did this on a number of occasions mid-week,
- 14 always the two of them, and I was feeling quite pleased
- 15 wi' myself, because I thought I'd made a breakthrough,
- or the school had made a breakthrough, with these two
- 17 young people and were getting some positive behaviour.
- 18 And that's why, when I got the feedback of this sort
- of thing, it was like getting a kick in the teeth from
- 20 these two young ladies, who, as far as I'm concerned,
- 21 were treated with the utmost care, and I thought I was
- 22 doing the best thing for them. Even though my
- 23 colleagues thought, 'Oh, you're taking a risk here
- 24 because it could backfire on you'.
- 25 Q. Could I ask you a question, 'Bryan'. You have said you

- took both girl A and girl B to this mid-week football
- and you didn't have problems with them. Were they
- 3 friends of each other?
- 4 A. Were they friends with each other? It was an unusual
- 5 friendship. I could never work it out actually
- 6 because --
- 7 Q. But were they? Were they friends?
- 8 A. I don't think one of the girls had many friends. In
- 9 fact (Inaudible) both girls didn't really have any
- 10 friends, but these two seemed to latch on to each other
- 11 and certainly used the medium that I'm talking about to
- 12 form a friendship, which got them out of the school,
- got -- behaved themselves and got them back in again,
- 14 and obviously I thought they were making progress.
- 15 Q. If I can go to the gist of the complaint, or the
- 16 allegation that girl A makes, is that -- it's at 124,
- 17 I'm not going to read it all out, but she said if she
- 18 did anything wrong -- and I think she's thinking, for
- 19 example, if she ran away or something like that, she
- 20 would be taken to you and put on a chair, you would tell
- 21 her to turn to face you, you would be right in her face,
- as she puts it and if you didn't listen, she says you,
- 'Bryan', would grab or skelp her ear for her to listen
- 24 to what you were saying. What's your response to that?
- 25 A. Absolute nonsense, and I feel very angry about this,

- because after the way I obviously offered her an avenue
- 2 to be a reasonable person and behave appropriately, this
- 3 came to me as a total surprise and, as I say, a real
- 4 kick in the teeth.
- 5 Q. I'll go through the other things she says. She says
- a couple of other things, but I'll have to deal with
- 7 them if I may.
- At 127, and I'll take this relatively short, she
- 9 says when she was 14 years of age you, 'Bryan', had
- 10 a pint of blood taken and you were running around the
- 11 hall of the main house at night playing football,
- 12 a member of staff told you that girl A had done
- 13 something wrong and the next thing she knew you,
- 14 'Bryan', were laying into her and she said you nearly
- 15 fainted and she can't remember what it was that she may
- 16 have done wrong.
- What do you say to that?
- 18 A. Absolute rubbish. Can I just agree to one thing. I was
- 19 a blood donor, okay, but ... 'I know he was laying into
- 20 me in the lobby. He nearly fainted', this is just
- 21 balderdash, as far as I'm concerned.
- 22 Q. I don't think she says quite what you were doing on this
- 23 occasion, she just says laying into her --
- 24 A. I wasn't doing anything then.
- 25 Q. You weren't laying into her if she was meaning you were

- 1 hitting her or skelping her or smacking her, whatever?
- 2 A. Absolutely no way.
- 3 Q. I think, at 130, she says that you, 'Bryan', punched her
- 4 in the stomach. This may in fact be part of the same
- 5 thing actually, thinking about it, but that you punched
- 6 her in the stomach and told her that she'd better start
- 7 listening to staff in the place. You were swearing at
- 8 her, pulling her hair, and ear, and skelping her round
- 9 the back of her head and she says that this went on for
- 10 20 to 30 minutes.
- 11 Can I ask you to respond to that?
- 12 A. 131:
- 13 'I'm going to use the same words again, rubbish. It
- 14 didn't happen and I'm totally disgusted to hear these
- 15 allegations'.
- 16 Q. At 133, I think we get something further said by girl A.
- 17 She says if she swore or something, you, 'Bryan', would
- 18 come to see her in her room, this would happen once or
- 19 twice a week and you and she would be alone. You would
- 20 make her sit down and listen to you. You would slap her
- 21 head, pull her ear, and punch her on the arm. All of
- 22 which she says was sore and that she says this went on
- for the full time, or the whole time she was there,
- 24 until she left.
- 25 Again, can I ask you for your response?

- 1 A. The same response, so far fetched it's just not true.
- 2 The passing of time has certainly not affected my
- 3 recollection. It has heightened it. I have no idea why
- 4 these things were being said. If she had been treated
- 5 in the way she's describing, it's undoubtedly abuse, but
- 6 not by me.
- 7 Q. Again, something else she says, that she was in the main
- 8 hall, for doing something wrong, she thinks, and she
- 9 says that you, 'Bryan', punched her in the stomach and
- 10 were hitting her ear. Again, can I ask you to respond
- 11 to that?
- 12 A. When I first heard this, my comment was:
- 13 'This is becoming ridiculous. It didn't happen.'.
- 14 And that's all I'm going to say.
- 15 Q. At 138 at least, having said that what she's saying is
- 16 nonsense or rubbish and didn't happen, you tell us that
- she was a person who abused drugs and you offer,
- 18 I suppose, a possible explanation for why she might be
- 19 saying things, that you think that has coloured her
- 20 thinking or thoughts, but you're certainly putting
- 21 forward a possible -- you don't know one way or another
- 22 what has prompted this allegation?
- 23 A. As I say, I considered it a kick in the teeth when
- I heard the allegations and I don't know why she said
- 25 that. It may have been the influence of the other girl

- 1 involved in the original allegations, but she was
- 2 treated with the utmost courtesy by myself and, in fact,
- 3 I encouraged the school to get this young lady into
- 4 an independence training unit, which she functioned
- 5 quite well in, and I said, right, maybe it's time she
- 6 went out in the community and obviously tried living on
- 7 her own in a flat there.
- 8 Then that's reported, in 138, is it?
- 9 Q. You tell us a bit about her history when she was
- 10 certainly a younger person and what did happen, and we
- 11 can read that for ourselves.
- 12 Can I move on to girl B, if I may, unless there is
- 13 anything you want to add?
- 14 A. No.
- 15 Q. We have your full statement in what you said, but so far
- 16 as girl B is concerned, and she's the person that went
- 17 to the football mid-week with girl A, she says, at 140,
- 18 that she tried to run away almost every day. The only
- 19 real punishment she got was not being allowed home, but
- 20 eventually they didn't even do that. The exceptions
- 21 were, and she names you, 'Bryan', and another person or
- 22 persons, '... who would all slap or punch me for running
- 23 away'.
- Is your response the same as for girl A?
- 25 A. Absolutely, 100 per cent.

- 1 Q. She says at 142, if I could go on at page 29, that she,
- girl B, was the only lassie who was physically abused
- 3 and:
- 4 'I think this was because I would fight with the
- 5 other boys and girls almost every week ...'
- 6 She names a few people, including you, as someone or
- 7 the main people who used to assault her regularly, so
- 8 again is it the same response?
- 9 A. 100 per cent.
- 10 Q. I suppose she's saying she's the only girl being
- 11 physically abused and was she there at the same time as
- 12 girl A?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. They knew each other?
- 15 A. Yes.
- 16 Q. And they consorted together or went together to things?
- 17 A. I've no explanation for all this, right, apart from the
- 18 fact I'm fully disgusted.
- 19 Q. Then she does refer to an occasion, girl B, when she
- 20 says that you, 'Bryan', would take her to watch
- 21 a football team and that she says on one occasion, she
- 22 was sniffing gas while you were watching the football.
- 23 She says this occasion was a Saturday and that when she
- saw you on the Monday, you, in her words, 'battered'
- 25 her. She says on one occasion you punched her in the

- head, this may be a separate occasion, it's not clear
- 2 perhaps, you punched her in the head, and it was two
- 3 days after this she took her first seizure and she says
- 4 she's sure that you, 'Bryan', caused it by this punch to
- 5 her head.
- 6 I think you again -- the response is the same, but
- 7 you make the point, I think, that you didn't take girl A
- 8 and girl B to football on a Saturday, it was mid-week?
- 9 A. Never on any occasion did I take them out on a Saturday,
- 10 and I wouldn't take them out individually either.
- 11 Q. Then if we go on to something else she says at 147. She
- 12 recalls -- she would say sometimes a particular member
- 13 of staff would have her in a hold in his office and that
- 14 -- I think it's SNR that would come in, she
- 15 would be on the ground and SNR would stand on
- 16 her ankle or kick her in the ribs and then just walk
- 17 away and if you came in, 'Bryan', and she was in that
- 18 position, you would assault her also and that you and
- 19 the other staff would have a laugh about this and that
- 20 there were times when you and other staff would both
- 21 have a hold of her hands in a very painful position.
- 22 So is it the same response --
- 23 A. Can we go back a bit there? Did she say SNR
- 24 Q. That's, I think, the person that's blanked out?
- 25 A. Never in a 1,000 years.

- 1 LADY SMITH: Which paragraph are you in?
- 2 MR PEOPLES: Paragraph 147. I don't think it's in your copy
- 3 of the statement, but I'm putting it to you that I think
- 4 that that is the person so that you --
- 5 LADY SMITH: I have a copy here.
- 6 MR PEOPLES: Maybe, my Lady, if you can help us here just so
- 7 that I'm not -- I don't want to get this wrong but I
- 8 think that's a matter --
- 9 LADY SMITH: Paragraph 45 of her statement:
- 10 'Sometimes SNR would come in. I'd be on the
- ground and SNR would stand on my ankle, kick me in
- 12 the ribs and just walk off. Then 'Bryan' came in and
- 13 I was in this position ...'
- 14 And somebody else that she refers to as well.
- 15 MR PEOPLES: You have that information, so you seem
- 16 surprised when you learned that that was the person that
- 17 came in. Why were you surprised, 'Bryan'?
- 18 A. He would never do that.
- 19 Q. Right.
- 20 A. And in fact, I mean, this summarises just the whole
- 21 nonsense that this girl or two girls have actually
- 22 been -- that evidence, so to speak, is just a whole lot
- 23 of gobbledygook. Dangerous nonsense so far as
- 24 I'm concerned.
- 25 Q. The final matter that I want to raise about girl B, if

- 1 I can just deal with that now at 149, girl B also says
- 2 that on her 16th birthday, a member of staff and you,
- 3 'Bryan', along with another older man, whose name she
- 4 can't recall, grabbed you and cut off her ponytail and
- 5 the following day, she went to their office and saw that
- 6 they had framed her ponytail and put it up on the wall
- 7 of the office.
- 8 She says she was horrified. She had grown it for
- 9 years and loved it and says that on the days leading up
- 10 to her birthday, they had said that they were going to
- 11 do this, but she simply didn't believe that someone
- 12 would do something so nasty and that the incident was
- 13 very upsetting for her.
- 14 Now, what is your response to that? You have been
- named as one of the people involved in this.
- 16 A. This is beyond belief, this is -- it's another another
- 17 fairytale. In fact, it's not a fairytale, it's
- 18 dangerous nonsense.
- 19 Q. Can I at this point, because I think it's something
- I want to provide. I think you produced this for me
- 21 today and it's a school photograph --
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. -- in colour, showing a large number of pupils at the
- 24 school, as well as members of staff in rows in front of
- 25 the school building. You will be familiar with this

- 1 photograph that you've provided. It bears to have
- 2 something at the side that says 85/87, but I'm not sure
- 3 what that signifies. It's in pencil.
- 4 A. I have photographs of all my pupils from the day I went
- 5 there -- sorry, from the day Mr HMY went there, he
- 6 would like to take a group photograph every year and for
- 7 some reason the pupil list, which accompanied the
- 8 photograph, I haven't got. There's nothing mysterious
- 9 about that.
- 10 Q. I'm going to take you to a couple of other photographs,
- 11 but just before I do that -- perhaps her Ladyship
- 12 I could perhaps pass it over so that we can see --
- 13 LADY SMITH: Yes, pass it round here. You give a date for
- this as being 1985, or thereabouts?
- 15 A. I'm not sure about that. I was trying to work out.
- 16 LADY SMITH: You have written in pencil '85/87', when did
- 17 you write that?
- 18 A. When I was trying to work out which year that was taken.
- 19 LADY SMITH: Okay.
- 20 MR PEOPLES: Did you write that recently though?
- 21 A. Er, when all this nonsense started coming out, I decided
- 22 to try and trace back any evidence I could find which
- 23 would dispute the stories or the concoctions that these
- 24 two young ladies are coming up with.
- 25 LADY SMITH: Might it have been later than 1985?

- 1 A. Well, I've got the photographs, er, and they don't
- 2 appear in any of the later photographs.
- 3 MR PEOPLES: If I have this right, 'Bryan', I'm about to
- 4 make sure that I have it right, the girl in question
- 5 would have celebrated her 16th birthday in 1991.
- 6 LADY SMITH: She would only have been ten in 1985.
- 7 MR PEOPLES: I think that she would have been at Oakbank,
- 8 according to her evidence, in 1990/1991, between the
- 9 ages of 15 and 16.
- 10 LADY SMITH: About 1990 to about 1991.
- 11 MR PEOPLES: Yes. She would have turned 16 in the
- 12 that year. I just wonder if that helps you at all.
- 13 A. Aye, I'm just relating to 85/87. The reason I wrote
- 14 that down is because Mr HMY working at
- 15 Oakbank around about that time and he was the first one
- 16 to instigate a group photograph.
- 17 MR PEOPLES: Just for the record though, the photograph that
- 18 we've been looking at, you are not able to put a date on
- 19 it at the moment, but I've told you when this person
- 20 celebrated their 16th birthday and I think you can take
- 21 it that that's an accurate date.
- 22 If we look at the photograph, it shows the whole
- 23 school in front of the building --
- 24 A. Correct.
- 25 Q. -- on what appears to be on a perfectly pleasant day,

- 1 we'll maybe come back to the timing of this photograph,
- but I think in the third row from the back --
- 3 A. Correct.
- 4 Q. -- we see a row of people, including both, I think, one
- 5 or more staff members and a group of girls?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 Q. On the photograph, as you look at it, the person fourth
- 8 from the left, in the third back row, or the third row
- 9 from the back, the person who is number four from the
- 10 left is girl A. The first girl that we spoke about?
- 11 A. Aye, yes, okay, yeah.
- 12 Q. Wearing some sort of green T-shirt or top?
- 13 A. Correct.
- 14 Q. The girl who is number six from the left, as you look at
- 15 the photograph --
- 16 A. Yeah.
- 17 Q. -- is girl B?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. She's also wearing a green top?
- 20 A. Correct.
- 21 Q. What's the significance of the green, is that because
- 22 a particular unit?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. Maybe if I take this from you as well, and I haven't got
- 25 this noted down, but I think you're in the front row,

- 1 are you?
- 2 A. Yes.
- 3 Q. Are you to the right of --
- 4 A. Looking at the photograph, I'm at the left of Mr HMY .
- 5 Q. SNR ?
- 6 A. Or the right, as he's sitting.
- 7 Q. That shows what you looked like at that stage?
- 8 A. Unfortunately, yes.
- 9 Q. I'm asking that for a reason, and you know why I think
- 10 I'm asking that and we'll come back to this.
- 11 A. Sorry for that remark.
- 12 Q. I'm not wanting to run ahead, but that shows you in that
- 13 photograph as how you looked then?
- 14 A. Yes.
- 15 Q. You're in the front row next to SNR , who
- 16 I think --
- 17 A. Specifically the second row, but yes, I'm next --
- 18 Q. Yes, there are boys or girls sitting, kneeling or
- 19 sitting, they're not on chairs or benches, is that
- 20 right?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 Q. Okay, can I --
- 23 (Pause)
- 24 LADY SMITH: Well, I was about to ask you because I'm
- 25 conscious of the fact of how long you've been working.

- 1 How much longer do you think you need, Mr Peoples? 10
- 2 or 15 minutes do it, if we come back after a break of 15
- 3 minutes?
- 4 MR PEOPLES: Well, I hope so, yes. I don't think there is
- 5 much to cover. I think this one had more than some of
- 6 the other --
- 7 LADY SMITH: We'll take a break just now.
- 8 (4.32 pm)
- 9 (A short break)
- 10 (4.39 pm)
- 11 LADY SMITH: 'Bryan', are you ready for us to carry on?
- 12 A. I am, thank you.
- 13 LADY SMITH: Thank you very much.
- 14 Mr Peoples.
- 15 MR PEOPLES: My Lady.
- 16 'Bryan', just before I leave the girl B, and we had
- 17 looked at the photograph. Can I just bring out from
- 18 paragraph 151 that the purpose of referring us to this
- 19 photograph is that the person who you have identified as
- girl B, you say appears in that photograph to have short
- 21 hair and you can't see any evidence of a ponytail, is
- 22 that really the point you're making?
- 23 A. Yeah. She never had a ponytail.
- 24 Q. You don't think she had anyway?
- 25 A. No.

- 1 Q. Now, moving on to someone else -- sorry, before I go on,
- 2 can I correct something I suspect you said in your
- 3 statement, which I think is the wrong expression, at
- 4 154, you say:
- 5 'The passage of time has not affected my
- 6 recollection of any these allegations, it's made it [you
- 7 say] as clear as mud ...'
- 8 I think you mean 'as clear as day'?
- 9 A. I was aware of when I said it actually, yes.
- 10 Q. Well, it's an easy mistake, but you meant as clear as
- 11 day or crystal clear on this matter?
- 12 A. Either or.
- 13 Q. Okay, that's fine.
- 14 Going on to the next individual, who, I think, was
- in Oakbank around the mid-1980s, it's not a person you
- 16 remember, it's a boy, but what he does say is that at
- 17 156 -- I'll just put the general allegation rather than
- 18 just the whole background. He says that there were
- 19 times when he was getting an elbow in the ribs or
- 20 a punch in the head or to the back of the knee:
- 21 'The staff members I remember doing this to me were
- 22 ...'.
- 23 He names some people, including you, 'Bryan'.
- 24 He says he saw the same happen to other boys. He
- 25 says:

- 1 'Another member of staff [not you] was the worst,
- 2 was prolific.'
- 3 He says you, 'Bryan', were aggressive but not as
- 4 violent as the other person that he names.
- 5 You don't recall this boy, I think you tell us, but
- 6 you think that he might be mistaking you for someone
- 7 else?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. If he was there around the mid-1980s, you became
- 10 SNR around that time, is that right, but you
- 11 say there's another PE teacher anyway?
- 12 A. Yeah, because of the duties I had providing -- well,
- obviously an oversight of the school in general, there
- 14 was another PE teacher who was employed to take my
- 15 place.
- 16 Q. You say in your statement that you could accept that
- 17 that could have happened in the case of this other
- 18 teacher, that teacher might have done something like
- 19 that?
- 20 A. Short answer is yes.
- 21 Q. Okay.
- 22 A. I'm not defending the guy, but he had sort of this way
- 23 of sort of -- er -- well, mixing with the kids and just
- 24 doing these sort of things.
- 25 Q. Again, the same response you make to the other thing

- 1 that is said by this boy, that you said would pretend to
- be playing, but it was rough playing or play fighting
- 3 and that they, the staff, you included, would hurt the
- 4 boy, who would be screaming, but he or others would be
- 5 called a 'Jessie' for having this reaction.
- I think your position is you can't remember the boy,
- 7 but this didn't happen, at least you weren't involved in
- 8 this and if there was someone involved then, at least
- 9 you put forward, it could have been this other PE
- 10 teacher, is that really your position?
- 11 A. Yeah, it certainly wasn't me.
- 12 Q. If we go on to another person, 1992, you do remember
- 13 this person, it's at paragraph 161, and you describe the
- 14 sort of person that the boy was --
- 15 A. Yeah.
- 16 Q. -- and you don't disagree with some of the general
- 17 comments that are made about what the school was like
- 18 for that particular pupil?
- 19 A. Yeah, I mean he had similar feelings as I had when
- 20 I first went to Oakbank. He had the same misgivings of
- 21 what he saw and what he experienced.
- 22 Q. Although I think the difference was he was saying this
- in 1992, you were saying it in the 1970s?
- 24 A. Yeah, but -- well, maybe I got the wrong one, but
- 25 I'm not sure about that.

- 1 Q. I think this particular person was there in 1992. We
- 2 can establish that from records.
- 3 A. Okay.
- 4 Q. You say that -- there is some evidence that the person
- 5 was subjected to sort of bullying by other young people
- and I think you say that the staff were aware that that
- 7 was happening and tried to protect --
- 8 A. If I can just correct my impressions here. If it is the
- 9 boy I'm thinking about, yeah, the times -- the dating is
- 10 wrong. Other than that, I'll agree with what you're
- 11 saying just now.
- 12 Q. The main thing that was said by this particular person
- was that on 11 March 1992, and I think we have called
- 14 the person 'Sandy' for the purpose of the Inquiry. I'll
- jus use that name. 'Sandy' was assaulted by another
- 16 pupil and hospitalised and that you, 'Bryan', didn't
- 17 want 'Sandy' to press charges and the way it's put by
- 'Sandy' in the statement is that you, 'Bryan', tried to,
- 19 as it's put, tries to blackmail 'Sandy' not to press
- 20 charges and says:
- 21 ''Bryan' actually threatened me that if I did so,
- I wouldn't know what had hit me.'
- 23 And this was taken to be a form of threat and
- 'Sandy' says that at the time this was said, 'Sandy' had
- 25 an arm in a sling and was threatened that what had

- 1 happened was nothing compared to what would happen if
- 2 'Sandy' pressed charges.
- Now, your response, I think, can be summed up at
- 4 165. You say this is just total bunkum, is that right?
- 5 A. Correct.
- 6 Q. You say you don't recall the incident, but you think you
- 7 have something at the back of the mind about this.
- 8 There is a record of a review meeting on 11 March, which
- 9 'Sandy' attended. Can I say, and I don't want to take
- 10 up time taking you to the record, but the record shows
- 11 that 'Sandy' was there, an outside reviewer was there,
- and I think that's in accordance with usual practice,
- and various other people, and I think you were there as
- 14 well, and 'Sandy's' father was there.
- 15 I think it's on this occasion it's suggested that
- 16 these sort of words were uttered by you.
- 17 A. Which words are we talking about?
- 18 Q. That 'Sandy' wouldn't know what would hit 'Sandy' if
- 19 charges were pressed. I think that's the occasion when
- 20 it's said that these words were uttered by you.
- 21 I think the evidence was to the effect that
- 'Sandy's' father may have been present and, indeed,
- 23 heard something along these lines said.
- 24 I'm just trying to give you some assistance about
- 25 the occasion and I think there's a record that does show

- 1 that 'Sandy' suffered an injury. I won't take you to
- 2 it, but I'll tell you what the record says, that 'Sandy'
- 3 was injured physically following an assault by another
- 4 young person, had attended hospital on 11 March and then
- 5 attended a review meeting in the afternoon. At the
- 6 review it's recorded that the review said that this
- 7 issue is being dealt with separate to the review itself
- 8 and 'Sandy' said, 'Well, that was news', and there's no
- 9 indication that anything did happen after the review.
- 10 I think 'Sandy's' position was one of surprise that
- 11 the review team didn't actually seek to question how
- 12 'Sandy' came about this injury or ask any questions at
- 13 the review, which was about 'Sandy'.
- 14 A. I'm very surprised as well. I can't understand how that
- 15 would have happened.
- 16 Q. That's what the review said. That's what the note of
- 17 the review said. It was prepared that the issue would
- 18 be dealt with separately.
- 19 You say that's surprising. If a young person turns
- 20 up with their arm in a sling, having been to hospital
- 21 earlier that day, someone should be asking some
- 22 questions at the review?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. You were there, according to the record.
- 25 A. I'm not even saying I was there, because I'm not sure,

- but in terms of practice, that's what should have
- 2 happened, it should've been discussed at the review.
- 3 Q. So you would accept that if 'Sandy' -- based on what the
- 4 record says, if that's what happened, that shouldn't
- 5 have happened, that should have been discussed --
- 6 A. Dealt with more appropriately.
- 7 Q. And not left over?
- 8 A. Correct.
- 9 Q. There's no evidence, if it was left over, what the
- 10 upshot was of that, whether something was done or not,
- 11 but 'Sandy' said that there was no attempt to question
- 12 about the incident after the review meeting.
- 13 A. As I say, I'm just surprised the way things turned out
- 14 here. It's not due process.
- 15 Q. Your position is that what is attributed to you on that
- 16 occasion, that you didn't say what 'Sandy' is saying?
- 17 A. It seems very strange for me to say in front of the
- 18 review what I was supposed to have said, which I didn't
- 19 say.
- 20 Q. I think it's certainly in the context of a review
- 21 meeting that this was said to have been uttered by you.
- 22 If we can move on then, perhaps.
- 23 There is another person who was at Oakbank and that
- 24 person is dealt with at 172 of your statement on
- 25 page 34, this is a boy you remember well and you give

- 1 the background to his circumstances, and where he lived,
- 2 and how he came to go to Oakbank. I think you end
- 3 paragraph 172 by saying he was out of parental control
- 4 and he was capable of being deceitful. You say you
- 5 didn't ever directly sanction or punish him, as he was
- 6 in a unit where they were keeping a close eye on him.
- 7 You say that he would be doing his best to get leave to
- 8 go to a place in Torry called the Phoenix Club --
- 9 A. Correct.
- 10 $\,$ Q. -- having convinced staff that he was a regular attender
- 11 and so forth.
- 12 You say sometimes he didn't come back to Oakbank in
- 13 time. Can I just then take you to the allegation and
- 14 deal with that.
- 15 First of all, he names you, 'Bryan', as someone who
- 16 worked at Oakbank, which, I think, you obviously accept
- and we know. It is said that the person he refers to,
- 18 you, was in his 30s when he was there and I think he was
- 19 there some time around 1986 perhaps. I don't think it's
- 20 so clear what the precise date is of his time but it
- 21 would be around then. I think his position was he came
- 22 when he was quite young. He was about ten. That may or
- 23 may not be completely accurate but --
- 24 A. I doubt if he'd have been ten, but --
- 25 Q. That would have been quite young if he had been.

- 1 A. Yeah.
- 2 Q. He would certainly have been there in the 1980s. He
- 3 says that he describes the person that he refers to as
- 4 'Bryan', as someone who was in his 30s, tall with
- 5 a local accent, he had short, brown hair with
- a moustache, and able to take us out on trips without
- 7 any of the other staff questioning where we were going.
- Now, you did provide a photograph that we've looked
- 9 at, taken in the late 1980s, 1985, 1987. I think we see
- 10 from that photograph that you -- as you tell us, you
- 11 have been bald since the early 1970s and --
- 12 A. Thank you.
- 13 Q. -- you had a moustache when you were at Summerhill, but
- 14 not at Oakbank?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. I think you have shown us the photograph of you sitting
- 17 next to Mr HMY and I think -- I'm not going to take
- long with this, but you have provided two other
- 19 photographs, one of which does have a date taken in
- 20 May 1983. It looks like again an end-of-year
- 21 photograph, and I'm not going to take too long, but
- 22 I think I can confirm that you are the person that is
- 23 sitting on the front row, two to the left of SNR
- 24 SNR when looking at the photograph. I think it
- 25 shows that certainly you don't have a moustache there

- and it does appear to confirm that certainly -- I think,
- 2 other than the colour of your hair, it's quite similar
- 3 to --
- 4 A. What hair?
- 5 Q. -- what you have now, is that not right?
- 6 A. Yeah.
- 7 Q. You have produced these photographs, I think, to show
- 8 how you appeared, both in 1993 and in this earlier
- 9 photograph that is marked '85/87', and you didn't have
- 10 a moustache, that's your point, I think, is that right?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 Q. This individual says that he was abused by you sexually
- and that you also abused another boy, who would wash
- 14 your car, and that the other boy would go on trips with
- 15 you and was treated more favourably by you.
- 16 He says on one occasion that this other boy stole
- 17 your car, and he describes the colour and model, and
- 18 says that he thinks that the other boy pranged your car.
- 19 Can I just take from what you tell us in your
- 20 statement at 176 that you did have a car of the colour
- 21 that the boy mentions, but it was never stolen and it
- 22 was never pranged, you say?
- 23 A. Yeah.
- 24 Q. And you describe everything else said there as complete
- 25 nonsense or nonsense. You say you've been bald since

- 1 the early 1970s, as we've just discussed. You had
- a moustache at Summerhill but not at Oakbank and,
- 3 indeed, you can't think of others who would fit the
- 4 description that this former pupil has given, is that
- 5 right?
- 6 A. Correct.
- 7 Q. This particular former pupil at 178 goes on to say that
- 8 he was groomed by you, he was given money for sweets,
- 9 and that you had the run of Oakbank and that you
- 10 sexually assaulted him there and on occasions took him
- 11 out in your car.
- 12 He says it was because of that abuse he was running
- away and he then refers to you having keys to the place
- 14 and there were other boys being taken out of their beds
- 15 at all times of the night. You could go anywhere
- 16 because you had these keys and it was because of you he
- 17 couldn't stay.
- I think you respond to that at 180, you say it's
- 19 a fairytale, he was never in your car, you never gave
- 20 him sweeties and so forth. You say also you didn't work
- 21 at Oakbank overnight, is that right?
- 22 A. Correct.
- 23 Q. The latest you would have worked was around 10.00 pm, if
- 24 you were on some sort of later shift?
- 25 A. Yeah.

- 1 Q. You didn't stay on the premises and lived indeed outwith
- 2 the school boundaries?
- 3 A. Yeah.
- 4 Q. Just to make point, you say there was no way that you
- 5 would be wandering about in the middle of the night or
- 6 middle of the morning, visiting bedrooms within the main
- 7 school, is that right?
- 8 A. That's right, and there are night staff on evening
- 9 duties all night, every night, and there's just no way
- 10 this could have happened. Would never have happened
- 11 anyway.
- 12 Q. You tell us that whatever he says about his reason for
- 13 running away, you say it was rather different. He was
- running way to suit his own purposes, is that right?
- 15 A. Yes. He had a mind of his own and when I see this,
- maybe I shouldn't say this, but he's also been quite
- 17 vindictive, but ...
- 18 Q. He does say in his statement that, according to him, he
- 19 tried to tell his mother what was happening but she told
- 20 him to stop telling lies or he'd be in worse trouble, so
- 21 his mother didn't accept --
- 22 A. Yeah, I mean, my recollection is that the parents didn't
- 23 have a very good relationship with the young man and
- 24 that basically he pleased himself and the one occasion
- 25 that I had any contact with him, I found it was the

- 1 older sister who seemed to have more control over this
- young man than the rest of the family.
- 3 Q. I'll move on to another person who I think has been
- 4 referred to as 'James' in the Inquiry, who was there at
- 5 Oakbank between 1985 and 1988. This is a person you do
- 6 remember. He was quite sporty. You felt he was
- 7 a decent boy, although you felt there was maybe
- 8 something underneath the surface that was lurking.
- 9 You can't remember if you ever sanctioned or
- 10 punished him, but he says in his statement that you were
- 11 a PE teacher and if boys were not working to your
- 12 satisfaction, you would punch them in the ribs and you
- 13 were someone who would use knees to a boy's back. You
- 14 would use body blows, not hit anyone in the face, and so
- 15 forth.
- 16 I think your short answer is that's simply not true,
- is that right, at 187?
- 18 A. It's not true, it's not me.
- 19 Q. You do say that it's possible that he might be thinking
- 20 of another PE teacher?
- 21 A. Correct.
- 22 Q. Is this the one you previously mentioned?
- 23 A. Correct.
- 24 Q. Then if we go on to the next one, I take this very
- 25 short. This is a person whose mother has given

- 1 a statement. I'll take this very short, because
- 2 basically there seems to have been some problem,
- 3 a complaint, and you became involved, and the complaint
- 4 seems to be that the boy in question came to a visiting
- 5 area in his pyjamas with his ankles tied together with
- 6 a rope and shuffled across to meet his family in this
- 7 room.
- 8 It's said that a complaint was made which you dealt
- 9 with and you told the mother that this was what happened
- 10 when children ran away and that that was the punishment
- 11 for doing so.
- Now, you say you don't remember any of this, but
- 13 you've never seen anyone in all your time at Oakbank
- 14 with their ankles tied together, is that right?
- 15 A. Correct. I do not remember this at all. The only
- 16 time -- in the visiting area, the only time I could
- 17 think that this might have happened is if they had
- 18 visited him of an evening and he was in his pyjamas,
- 19 obviously ready to go to bed. That is a possibility.
- 20 But at no time, never ever, have I seen a boy in that
- 21 situation with his legs tied together to stop him
- 22 running away.
- 23 Q. I think, in terms of the pyjamas, we have heard
- 24 evidence, 'Bryan', so that you're clear, that if boys
- 25 were frequent absconders, they might be required to wear

- 1 pyjamas and slippers during the day as a deterrent to
- 2 them doing it again. It wasn't necessarily an effective
- deterrent, but we've heard evidence to that effect. Can
- 4 you recall that sometimes happening?
- 5 A. During the day? Very few and far between incidents and
- I can't even remember anything like that and I would go
- 7 back to what I said earlier. If it was an evening, it's
- 8 a possibility he would have been in pyjamas, yes.
- 9 Q. There is another person that you don't have a great
- 10 recollection of, and this is a person who said that one
- 11 Christmas, you gave her some money to go to the town
- 12 drinking and on reflection she appeared to think that
- 13 that wasn't an appropriate thing to do.
- 14 You don't have a recollection of this, but I think
- 15 your position is well, you might -- if you did give some
- 16 money, you wouldn't have been saying, 'Well, go away and
- 17 spend it and get yourself drunk', is that the gist of it
- 18 basically?
- 19 A. I just smiled at that one.
- 20 Q. Well, I won't take too much time, because I can deal
- 21 perhaps with the final one, which is that this is one by
- 22 a person who, I think, we have called 'Stewart', who
- 23 says that there was an occasion in the assembly room
- 24 where a boy became aggressive and abusive towards
- 25 'Stewart' and started fighting with him and 'Stewart'

- 1 hit back. His key worker put 'Stewart's' arm up his
- 2 back, frogmarched him away, and that 'Stewart' was
- 3 telling him to get off him and also the key worker --
- 4 and what 'Stewart' did, as this was happening, was that
- 5 he punched the key worker and he was taken to SNR
- 6 SNR office, where there was a big table with
- 7 seats round it, and in came -- I think it's SNR
- 8 SNR and you, 'Bryan', and that together you took
- 9 him by the scruff of the neck, started shouting in his
- 10 face, leant over him, and then started smacking him
- 11 around the head and then he was belted on the backside
- 12 a couple of times on top of clothing. He was sore, he
- 13 says, and crying, and then thrown upstairs to his dorm
- 14 and to his bed.
- 15 As far as that's concerned, I think you say that if
- 16 it was Mr HMY time, there was no corporal
- 17 punishment by then, is that right?
- 18 A. Not even close, no.
- 19 Q. Indeed, you say you don't remember anything about what
- 20 is being said here happening and if something like that
- 21 did happen, you weren't there, if something of that kind
- 22 did happen, you weren't one of the people involved, is
- 23 that the position?
- 24 A. Nothing to do with me, I'm afraid. Sorry, I'm not
- 25 afraid, it's nothing to do with me.

- 1 Q. It is said that he's talking about the old boardroom.
- Now, we did hear some evidence, I think, that SNR
- 3 SNR whose name there was -- moved his office from
- 4 the old boardroom to somewhere nearer the place he
- 5 stayed. Do you remember that?
- 6 A. Yeah, the old boardroom was moved from a very public
- 7 place inside the front office, er, and he preferred
- 8 a boardroom to be in a quiet area removed from the
- 9 main --
- 10 LADY SMITH: And nearer where he lived?
- 11 A. Correct.
- 12 MR PEOPLES: If you bear with me one moment.
- 13 I think this particular person, according to his
- 14 statement, would have arrived at Oakbank just after his
- 15 13th birthday, which would have been
- 16 1987, so you would say that corporal punishment was
- 17 a thing of the past by then?
- 18 A. Yes.
- 19 Q. Would SNR have moved his office by then as
- 20 well?
- 21 A. SNR would have moved his office soon after
- the school, because he didn't want obviously
- 23 to be disturbed in the central area of the school, he
- 24 wanted a more private office space.
- 25 Q. You tell us at 204, finally, a couple of things I want

- 1 to deal with just before we finish, that there was some
- 2 sort of incident involving you and a boy, where there
- 3 was a shouting match, as you put it, and it appears that
- 4 that resulted in you being suspended when you were SNR
- 5 SNR
- 6 Then the upshot was, I think, that there was some
- 7 form of investigation by a person on the same level as
- 8 yourself. You take some issue with the investigation,
- 9 but you felt that really the knives were out to get you
- 10 out of the place and that during, I think, suspension,
- 11 you took early retirement and didn't go back, is that
- 12 the upshot?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. You say --
- 15 A. Can I just say, talking about the incident there, there
- 16 was no mention of assault or anything like that.
- 17 Q. No, no.
- 18 A. Raised voices.
- 19 Q. Lastly, I think, 'Bryan', what you have done and
- 20 provided, I think, today for our benefit is a letter to
- 21 the Chief Executive of Aberdeen City Council, which was
- 22 received on 13 May 1997. The terms of that letter are
- 23 set out in paragraph 209, but we actually now -- you
- 24 have given us the actual letter, a copy, and that is
- 25 from a pupil who was at the school at that stage and

- 1 it's also signed by, I think, in total 32 pupils at the
- 2 school at that time, is that right?
- 3 A. It's a bona fide copy of the petition that went to the
- 4 Board of Managers, I'm not quite sure of the numbers.
- 5 Q. I'll just read what it says, this is the signatory:
- 6 'I'm writing on behalf of the pupils of
- 7 Oakbank School and their rights. We, the pupils of
- 8 Oakbank, have read the statements and functions book and
- 9 also the children's rights. It says in both books that
- 10 the children's views should be heard if it affects their
- 11 future. With this in mind, we have come to the
- 12 conclusion that we, the pupils of Oakbank, have not been
- 13 consulted about SNR job. We do have
- 14 a right to have a say as it will affect our future. We
- 15 feel that Mr [you, 'Bryan'] have done more for this
- 16 school in a couple of months than the previous
- 17 SNR did in the time he was there. We know that
- 18 'Bryan' is capable of doing the job and feel that it's
- only right that he fills the place. As a pupil in
- 20 Oakbank School, I feel that 'Bryan' knows this school
- 21 and will try to do his best for it. The children prefer
- 22 'Bryan' SNR because he's there for you if you
- 23 have any problems or have anything you don't agree with.
- 24 He will sit and talk to you about it and some pupils
- 25 will only tell 'Bryan' their problems. On behalf of the

- 1 pupils of Oakbank School.'
- 2 It's then signed, it's a handwritten letter, and it
- 3 says that there is a number of signatures as well of
- 4 other people who have signed the letter of support for
- 5 as SNR . We can see
- 6 that from the copy that has been provided by you.
- 7 I think the other thing you've provided, and I'm not
- 8 going through it, was a reference by the outgoing
- 9 SNR for you, which was submitted to the board of
- 10 governors. Mr HMY had provided a lengthy reference
- 11 commending them to consider you as the person who should
- 12 become the next SNR , is that right?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. You have also provided one other letter and this is from
- 15 someone who, I think, was a signatory to that letter,
- but wrote this after she left. I'll just read that if
- 17 I may:
- 'Dear 'Bryan', it's [and then the name] here,
- 19 writing a little note saying thanks and goodbye.
- 20 I'd like to say thanks for keeping me here even after me
- 21 being a little shit to you and everyone else. I'm just
- glad that you were there for me and helped me, even
- after we had our ups and downs. I'm no use at writing
- 24 letters or saying what I want to say, so if this doesn't
- 25 make sense, I'm sorry. I think that that is all I can

- 1 really say, so thanks again and goodbye, loads of love
- 2 from ...'
- 3 Then it's signed by this person, is that right?
- 4 A. Yeah.
- 5 Q. Did you in any way encourage people to write these
- 6 letters that we've been looking at?
- 7 A. No, I'm not being smug there, it's no, it just brings
- 8 a tear to my eye to hear something like that after some
- 9 of the nonsense I've heard.
- 10 MR PEOPLES: 'Bryan', that, I think, is all I have for you
- 11 today. I'm sorry that we've taken so long. We ran
- 12 a little bit late as well and it's been a very long day,
- 13 but I do thank you for being patient when I asked you
- 14 all the questions I've done today and thank you for
- 15 coming.
- 16 LADY SMITH: Thank you, 'Bryan', from me as well for your
- 17 written evidence, for your oral evidence this afternoon,
- and, as Mr Peoples said, being patient with us and
- I hope you understand why we've had to do what we've
- 20 done this afternoon.
- 21 A. Thank you.
- 22 LADY SMITH: I'm guessing you really want to get away, so
- 23 feel free to do so. You go with my thanks.
- 24 A. Thank you again.
- 25 (The witness withdrew)

- 1 MR PEOPLES: I'm not sure about the photographs, I don't
- 2 know whether we want to ...
- 3 LADY SMITH: Maybe 'Bryan' can let know what he wants
- 4 to do and --
- 5 MR PEOPLES: I can give them back just now and we can just
- 6 discuss -- at least, if we need to see them again, we
- 7 can do.
- 8 LADY SMITH: That would be best. Thank you.
- 9 I want to mention the names of some people who are
- 10 not to be identified as referred to in our evidence
- 11 outside this room; LIQ , Mr ILG
- 12 IAA , LIU and at one point people may
- 13 have spotted that the witness -- who is entitled to
- 14 anonymity -- used his own second name, and that's not to
- be repeated outside this room.
- We now have a breather until 10 o'clock tomorrow
- 17 morning, I think, Mr Peoples.
- 18 MR PEOPLES: I think we have two live witnesses tomorrow.
- 19 It's been a long day, so I'm hoping I have that right,
- 20 but we'll have some more live evidence.
- 21 LADY SMITH: That's certainly all that's on my list, so it's
- going to be a surprise to me if you produce another one.
- 23 Thank you very much. I'll just rise now.
- 24 (5.13 pm)

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